# TOKYU RE T



**TOKYU REIT, Inc.** Semiannual Report

The Fiscal Period Ended July 2022 (38th Fiscal Period)

From February 1, 2022 to July 31, 2022



# TOKYU RE T

# BASIC POLICY -Investment strategy to secure 'growth potential' • Invest in areas with strong growth potential —Investment in properties in central Tokyo and Tokyu Areas Committed to continued collaboration with Tokyu Corporation and its subsidiaries (Note) (Sponsor collaboration) Growth through heightened added value of the Tokyu Areas 2 A portfolio that secures 'stability' Diversified property uses and limited investment regions Winning long-term contracts with well-balanced tenants • Investment criteria aimed at low risk and steady returns 3 Fund structure that backs 'transparency' ■ Thorough implementation of strict measures against conflicts of interest Independent third-party checks Proactive disclosure of transaction details

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(Note) Tokyu Corporation and its subsidiaries referred to in this semiannual report collectively represent "Tokyu Corporation," "a consolidated subsidiary of Tokyu Corporation (not including equity method affiliates)," "a tokutei mokuteki kaisha (TMK) or a special purpose entity (SPE) that was established based on the intention of Tokyu Corporation or a consolidated subsidiary of Tokyu Corporation and where the share of investment by undisclosed associations or other investment shares in that entity by the respective company exceeds 50%." (The same applies hereinafter.)



Executive Director TOKYU REIT, Inc.

Representative Director & President, Chief Executive Officer Tokyu Real Estate Investment Management Inc.

# Kazuyoshi Kashiwazaki



On behalf of **TOKYU REIT**, I would like to express my sincere appreciation to all of you, our unitholders, for your continued support and patronage to us.

I hereby report our operating environment and results for the fiscal period ended July 2022.

During the fiscal period ended July 2022, we disposed of OKI System Center (land with leasehold interest) in February 2022, acquired Meguro Higashiyama Building, and disposed of Akasaka 4-chome Building (Tokyu Agency Inc. Head Office Building) in March 2022. With the disposition of the above two properties, we posted a gain on sale of ¥2,023 million and provision of reserve for reduction entry of ¥423 million. In addition, we completed the extension work at Tokyu Toranomon Building in June 2022. Compared with the previous fiscal period, gain on sale of real estate decreased by ¥2,678 million while operating income stood at ¥4,732 million (decrease of ¥2,748 million period on period), net income stood at ¥4,339 million (decrease of ¥2,731 million period on period) and net income per unit at ¥4,438 (decrease of ¥2,795 period on period). Distribution per unit will be ¥4,005 (increase of ¥55 period on period).

Positioning ESG and the SDGs as important management issues, **TOKYU REIT** and Tokyu REIM have promoted

identification of material issues (materiality) and ESG initiatives in various fields based on the Sustainability Policy. During the fiscal period ended July 2022, we acquired CASBEE real estate certification for 10 properties under management and, in July 2022, formulated a green finance framework. **TOKYU REIT** and Tokyu REIM will continue to press ahead with initiatives for realizing a sustainable society.

With regard to the next fiscal period onward, in the fiscal period ending January 2023, although an increase in revenue from the extended portion of Tokyu Toranomon Building is expected, income is forecast to decrease due to the decrease in gain on sale of real estate as we have no plans for disposition. For the fiscal period ending July 2023, we expect both revenue and income to increase due to earnings from Futako Tamagawa Rise, which we are scheduled to acquire in January 2023, and increased occupancy of Tokyu Toranomon Building and other properties.

Distribution per unit is planned to be ¥3,200 (decrease of ¥805 period on period) for the fiscal period ending January 2023 and ¥3,400 (increase of ¥200 period on period) for the fiscal period ending July 2023, with a partial reversal of the reserve for reduction entry.

**TOKYU REIT** will continue to strive to maximize unitholder value through "investment in highly competitive properties in areas with strong growth potential."

**TOKYU REIT** greatly appreciates your continued support.

September 2022

#### April 1985

Entered Tokyu Corporation, Railway Operation Division, Railway Business Unit

#### April 1986

Tokyu Corporation, Finance & Account Division

#### March 1998

Tokyu Corporation, Division I, Group Management Division

#### July 1999

Tokyu Corporation, Division II, Group Management Division

#### October 1999

Tokyu Corporation, Finance & Account Division

#### January 2000

Tokyu Corporation, Manager of Finance & Account Division

#### April 2003

Tokyu Corporation, Manager of Finance, Accounting & Group Strategy Headquarters

### April 2005

Tokyu Corporation, Manager of Accounting & IR Division, Finance, Accounting & Group Strategy Headquarters

#### June 2006

Tokyu Corporation, Manager of Group Management & Planning Division, Finance, Accounting & Group Strategy Headquarters

#### April 2007

Tokyu Corporation, Manager of Group Strategy Division, Finance, Accounting & Group Strategy Headquarters

#### April 2008

Tokyu Corporation, General Manager of Group Strategy Division, Finance, Accounting & Group Strategy Headquarters

#### April 2009

Transferred to Tokyu Agency Inc., Executive Officer & Senior Executive General Manager of Corporate Management Division

#### June 2009

Tokyu Agency Inc., Director, Executive Officer & Senior Executive General Manager of Corporate Management Division

# June 2010

Tokyu Agency Business Service Inc., President & Representative Director

#### April 2014

Planning Department, Building Management Division, Urban Development Headquarters

#### April 2014

. Tokyu REIM, Auditor (Non-Executive)

#### March 2015

Transferred to Tokyu REIM, Representative Director & Executive Vice President, Chief Investment Officer

#### May 2015

Tokyu REIM, Representative Director & President, Chief Executive Officer (current position)

#### May 2015

Executive Director of **TOKYU REIT** (current position)

Fiscal Period Ended July 2022 (FP 38)
Cash Distribution per Unit

¥4,005 (Fixed)

(Date of payment: October 17, 2022)

Fiscal Period Ending January 2023 (FP 39) Cash Distribution per Unit

¥3,200 (Forecast)

(Date of payment: Mid April 2023)

Fiscal Period Ending July 2023 (FP 40) Cash Distribution per Unit

¥3,400 (Forecast)

(Date of payment: Mid October 2023)

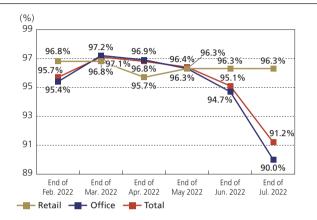
# Financial Summary

		Ended January 2022 (FP 37) Actual	Ended July 2022 (FP 38) Actual
Balance Sheets	Number of Properties	32 properties	31 properties
	Total Assets	¥226,847 million	¥224,636 million
	Interest-Bearing Debt	¥94,400 million	¥93,000 million
	■ Total Assets Loan-to-Value (LTV) Ratio	41.6%	41.4%
Statements of	Operating Revenues	¥11,641 million	¥8,671 million
Income	Net Income	¥7,071 million	¥4,339 million
Distributions	■ Distribution per Unit	¥3,950	¥4,005
	Average Market Price per Unit	¥190,881	¥188,278



TOKYU REIT, Inc. (TOKYU REIT) listed its units on the Tokyo Stock Exchange on September 10, 2003. With the ultimate goal of maximizing unitholder value, TOKYU REIT is engaged in asset investment and management based on principles of growth, stability, and transparency. TOKYU REIT is committed to securing stable earnings and cash distributions through investment in highly competitive properties in areas with strong growth potential. TOKYU REIT invests primarily in office properties, residences and complexes that include any one of these properties located in Tokyo Central 5 Wards and the Tokyu Areas, which refers to the areas serviced by the Tokyu rail network. As of July 31, 2022 (FP 38), TOKYU REIT held 20 office buildings, 8 retail facilities, 2 residences and 1 land with leasehold interest for a total of 31 properties.

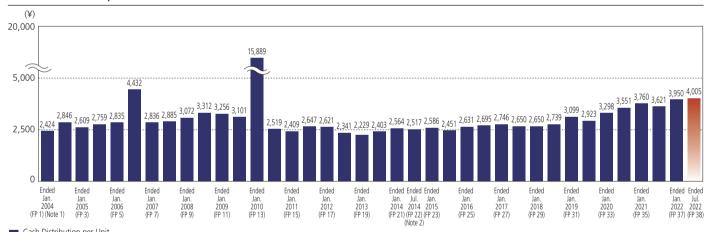
#### **Occupancy Rate**



#### **Unit Price**



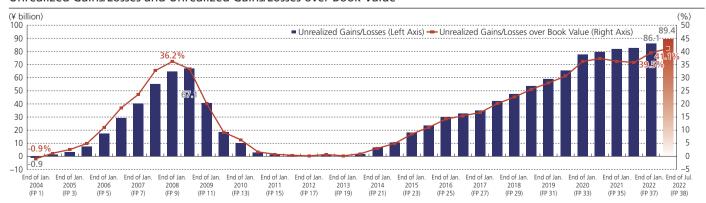
#### Cash Distribution per Unit



(Notes) 1. Official distribution per unit in the fiscal period ended January 2004 (FP1) was ¥1,897 (adjusted for five-for-one split) based on the actual operating period of 144 days, but the recalculated distribution per unit of ¥2,424 based on 184 operating days is used in the above graph for the sake of comparison with figures from the fiscal period ended July 2004 (FP2) and thereafter.

2. Cash distribution per unit have been adjusted to take into account the split of investment units (five-for-one split) conducted on February 1, 2014 for pre-split figures.

#### Unrealized Gains/Losses and Unrealized Gains/Losses over Book Value



# Property Acquisition/Disposition (FP ended Jul. 2022 (FP 38))

### Realized the acquisition of a property located in Tokyu Areas and the recognition of gain on sale of real estate, etc.

#### Acquisition

Meguro Higashiyama Building (Office)



Overview of property		
Acquisition date	Mar. 24, 2022	
Seller	Domestic corporation	
Acquisition price	8,100 million yen	
Appraisal value on acquisition	8,330 million yen (as of Feb. 1, 2022)	
NOI (Note 1) (NOI yield)	310 million yen per annum (3.8%)	
NOI after depreciation (Note 1) (NOI yield after depreciation)	275 million yen per annum (3.4%)	
Occupancy rate (Note 2)	77.0%	
Completion date	Mar. 1995	
Location	Meguro-ku, Tokyo	

#### Disposition

Akasaka 4-chome Building (Tokyu Agency Inc. Head Office Building) (Office)



Overview of property		
Disposition date	Mar. 31, 2022	
Buyer	Domestic corporation	
Disposition price	9,820 million yen	
Difference between the disposition price and the book value (Note 3)	1,523 million yen	
NOI (Note 1) (NOI yield)	259 million yen per annum (2.6%)	
NOI after depreciation (Note 1) (NOI yield after depreciation)	227 million yen per annum (2.3%)	
Occupancy rate (Note 4)	0%	
Completion date	Feb. 2003	
Location	Minato-ku, Tokyo	

■ Map around Meguro Higashiyama Building



■ Effect of disposition of Akasaka 4-chome Building (Tokyu Agency Inc. Head Office Building)

(Unit: million yen)	Jul. 2022 (FP 38)
Gain on sale of real estate, etc.	1,452
Of which, provision of reserve for reduction entry	423

(Note 1) For the acquired property, estimated figures exclusive of special items from income and expenditure of the acquisition fiscal year; and for the disposed property, the actual results from August 2020 to July 2021. Yields are based on acquisition/disposition price.

(Note 2) As of the end of July 2022.

(Note 3) Difference between the disposition price and estimated book value as of the disposition date is indicated.

(Note 4) As of the end of February 2022.

# Property Acquisition (FP ending Jan. 2023 (FP 39))

#### TOKYU REIT decided to acquire a large complex directly connected to a major station in the Tokyu Areas

#### Acquisition

Futako Tamagawa Rise (Complex)



Overview of property			
Acquisition date	Jan. 31, 2023		
Seller	Tokyu Land Corporation		
Acquisition price	20,200 million yen		
Appraisal value on acquisition	20,400 million yen (as of Aug. 1, 2022)		
Use	Retail, office, cinema, hotel		
NOI (Note 1) (NOI yield)	815 million yen per annum (4.0%)		
NOI after depreciation (Note 1) (NOI yield after depreciation)	537 million yen per annum (2.7%)		
Occupancy rate (Note 2)	99.4%		
Completion date	Block I-b Nov. 2010 Block II-a Jun. 2015 Block II-b Apr. 2010 Block III Apr. 2010		
Location	Setagaya-ku, Tokyo		

# ■ Details of the portion subject to acquisition



Block	Use	Facility name (Note 3)	Acquisi	tion ratio
DIOCK	Use	raciiity name *****	Land (Note 4)	Building (Note 5)
I-b	Retail	Futako Tamagawa Rise Shopping Center town front, river front	4.5%	4.5%
	Office	Futako Tamagawa Rise Office	25.6%	26.1%
	Retail	Futako Tamagawa Rise Shopping Center terrace market	12.3%	12.6%
II-a	Hotel	Futako Tamagawa Rise Tower Office	12.7%	12.7%
	Office	Futako Tamagawa Rise Tower Office	12.7%	12.7%
II-b	Retail	Futako Tamagawa Rise Birds Mall	2.1% (Note 6)	2.5% (Note 6)
Ш	Retail	Futako Tamagawa Rise Plaza Mall	4.8%	4.8%

#### <Location map>



(Note 1) Estimated figures exclusive of special items from income and expenditure of the acquisition fiscal year are indicated. Yields are based on acquisition price. (Note 2) As of the end of July 2022.

(Note 3) The name used in facility operation is indicated, and such name differs from the name based on the register and management rules. Only the facility name for the portion to be acquired by TOKYU REAT is indicated.

(Note 4) The percentage calculated based on the area for the acquired ownership interest obtained by multiplying the land area in the register by the percentage of site rights at the section subject to acquisition and the percentage of ownership interest in said section acquired by TOKYU REIT is indicated.

(Note 5) The percentage calculated based on the area for the acquired ownership interest obtained by multiplying the exclusive building area in the register by the percentage of ownership interest in said section acquired by **TOKYU RE**T is indicated.

(Note 6) The percentage of the entire area including the residential portion is indicated.



# External Certification, Green Finance, etc.

#### **Obtain Certifications from External Assessment Institutions**

#### ■ GRESB



Since 2015, TOKYU REIT has continuously acquired "Green Star," constantly, which is granted to companies that are excellent in terms of "management component" as well as "performance component" in the sustainability evaluation.

#### ■ Environmental Certification

CASBEE Real Estate Assessment Certification	Rank S (3 properties)	Lexington Aoyama, CONZE Ebisu, Tokyu Nampeidai-cho Building
CASBEE	Rank A (10 properties)	QFRONT, cocoti, TOKYU REIT Shimokitazawa Square, Tokyo Nissan Taito Building, Kojimachi Square, TOKYU REIT Shinjuku Building, Tokyu Ginza 2-chome Building, Tokyu Toranomon Building, Tokyu Bancho Building, TOKYU REIT Shibuya Miyashita Koen Building
BELS Certification	★★ (1 property)	Tokyu Ikejiri-ohashi Building

# Acquisition ratio of environmental certification (Note)

31.5% End of Jan. 2022 (FP 37) 49.6% End of Jul. 2022 (FP 38)

(Note) Based on total floor area. As for QFRONT, TOKYU REIT Toranomon Building, TOKYU REIT Shibuya R Building, Tokyu Bancho Building and Aoyama Oval Building, the figures are calculated by using the exclusive ownership area of the portion owned by **TOKYU REIT**.

#### **Formulation of Green Finance Framework**

Formulated a green finance framework in July 2022

#### ■ Green Eligibility Criteria

#### 1. Green buildings

Structures that have acquired or are scheduled to acquire any of the following environmental certifications:

DBJ Green Building Certification	3, 4 or 5 Stars
CASBEE Certification	Rank S, A or B+
BELS Certification	3, 4 or 5 Stars
LEED Certification	Platinum, Gold or Silver

#### 2. Renovation work, etc.

Renovation work, etc. fulfilling any of the following criteria:

- Renovation work intending to improve the number of stars or rank by one or more for any of the environmental certifications listed in 1.
- Renovation work capable of reducing energy consumption, greenhouse gas emission or water consumption by 30% or more
- Introduction or acquisition of facilities related to renewable energy

#### ■ External Evaluation

Obtained the top rank (Green 1 [F]) in the Green Finance Framework evaluation by Japan Credit Rating Agency, Ltd. (JCR)

# **Endorsement of TCFD Recommendations (Tokyu REIM)**

Endorsed TCFD recommendations and joined the TCFD Consortium (August 2022)





# **Sustainability Measures**

#### **Environmental Measures**

# Reduction of Energy Consumption and Greenhouse Gas ("GHG") Emissions / Reduction of Water Consumption and Waste

■ Reduction target of energy consumption, etc.

#### <Goal>

Energy consumption intensity, greenhouse gas emission intensity and water consumption intensity: 3% reduction from actual results for FY2019 (Feb. 2019 – Jan. 2020)

#### <Actual results>

Achieved reduction targets for all items during the fiscal period ended Jul. 2021 (FP 36) – fiscal period ended Jan. 2022 (FP 37)

#### <Goal>

Waste recycling rate more than the previous year (Note 1)

#### <Actual results>

Achieved the goal for fiscal 2021

#### ■ Acquisition of third-party assurance for environmental performance data

Received third-party evaluation on each environmental performance data (energy consumption, greenhouse gas emissions (Scope  $1 \cdot 2 \cdot 3$ ), water consumption and waste discharge) targeting the entire portfolio

		FY2021 (Feb. 2021 - Jan. 2022)
Energy consumption (GJ)		93,178
Greenhouse gas	Scope1	21
emissions	Scope2	2,363
(t-CO <sub>2</sub> )	Scope3	6,289
Water consumption (m³)		52,817
Waste discharge (Note 1) (t)		1,433

<sup>\*</sup> Please refer to TOKYU REIT's website for other items (https://www.tokyu-reit.co.jp/eng/) (Note 1) The figures for waste are counted for each fiscal year from April to March of the following year.

#### ■ Introduction of 100% renewable energy

Introduced 100% renewable energy at 82.2% (24 properties) of the total floor area (Note 2) of all of the 30 properties under management excluding land with leasehold interest

<Status of introduction of 100% renewable energy at properties under management>



# ■ Major construction work related to reduction of energy consumption (fiscal period ended Jan. 2022 (FP 37) & fiscal period ended Jul. 2022 (FP 38))

- Renewal of air conditioning equipment: 3 properties (cocoti, Kojimachi Square, Akihabara Sanwa Toyo Building)
- Renewal of elevator: 1 property Reduction of electricity consumption (TOKYU REIT Kamata Building)
- Renovation of restrooms: 1 property Water-saving (TOKYU REIT Ebisu Building)
- Progress rate of switching to LED at exclusively owned office areas (Note 3): 67.4% Reduction of electricity consumption

#### Other

Acquisition of Rank A in energy conservation diagnosis conducted by an external business operator

(TOKYU REIT Shinjuku Building, fiscal 2018)

<sup>(</sup>Note 2) As for QFRONT, TOKYU REIT Toranomon Building, TOKYU REIT Shibuya R Building, Tokyu Bancho Building and Aoyama Oval Building, exclusive ownership areas owned by TOKYU REIT are used for the calculation.

<sup>(</sup>Note 3) Based on total leasable area.



# **Social Contribution**

# **Improvement of Safety and Comfort of Tenants**

# Renovation of rooftop (Tokyu Bancho Building (2020))









# Promoted disaster prevention and BCP measures (each property)



- Installing display board for emergency contact
- Keeping the booklet of "Tokyo Bousai"
- Installing wireless device
- Installing portable emergency power generator
- Installing bar and hydraulic jack
- Installing emergency disaster prevention box (inside elevator)
- Installing rescue pack toilet
- Installing AEDs (defibrillators)

# **Contribution to the Development of Communities**

Installed disaster-relief vending machines (each property)



Installed 8 vending machines that can provide goods free of charge at the time of emergency including disasters in 6 properties

(as of the end of July 2022)

# Allocation and Development of Personnel Sufficient in Both Quality and Quantity

#### <Training program>

Implemented various trainings targeting all officers and employees

- Compliance training: 8 times (actual results for fiscal 2021)
- Sustainability training (2021)
- Training by job class (expansion of online training service)

#### <Support for the acquisition of qualifications>

Supported self-development of officers and employees through improved system to subsidize expenses for acquiring and maintaining qualifications

- Major qualifications
- 5 Real Estate Appraisers
- 23 Real Estate Notaries
- 9 ARES Certified Masters
- 5 Certified Building Administrators
- 4 Certified Rental Property Manager
- 1 Certified public accountant, etc.
- No. of people who utilized subsidy system of expenses for acquiring and maintaining qualifications: 13 (actual results for fiscal 2021)

# Creation of a Healthy Organizational Culture and Work Environment

# <Development of comfortable work environment>

- Ratio of female officers and employees, and ratio of female managers: 50% (24 people) and 32% (9 people)
- Percentage of employees taking annual paid holiday: 72.6% (actual results for fiscal 2021)
- Enrichment of childcare and familycare leave system, short-time work system, etc.
- Establishment of health committee (appointment of industrial physician, interview with officers and employees)
- Implementation rate of stress checks for officers and employee: 93% (actual results for fiscal 2021)

# <Initiatives on the health and safety of employees amid the COVID-19 crisis>

- Established in-house rules on remote work/shortened working hours and staggered working hours
- Promoted utilization of IT such as online meetings
- Promoted the use of NewWork (Note) (satellite offices)
- Promoted vaccination opportunities at workplaces
- Installed thermal cameras to check the body temperature of those entering the room

(Note) Jointly used satellite shared office for corporations operated by Tokyu Corporation

<sup>\*</sup>The investment management company's initiatives are shown.

# **Sustainability Measures**

#### Governance

#### **TOKYU REIT, Inc. Board of Directors**

**TOKYU RE**T'S Board of Directors comprises Executive Directors that execute the operations of the investment corporation and Supervisory Directors that oversee the Executive Directors' execution of operations. The Articles of Incorporation stipulate that the Board of Directors must contain one or two Executive Directors and two or three Supervisory Directors, with at least one more Supervisory Director than the number of Executive Directors. It also limits the term of office of these directors at two years. As of the end of the July 2022 (FP 38), there were one Executive Director (Note) and two Supervisory Directors at **TOKYU RE**T.

(Note) In addition, appointment of Tatsumi Yamagami as a substitute executive director was approved at the General Meeting of Unitholders of TOKYU REIT held on April 16, 2021.



Maruhito Kondo Supervisory Director



Kazuyoshi Kashiwazaki Executive Director



Takashi Aikawa Supervisory Director

Maruhito K	ondo Supervisory Director	Takashi Aik	av
April 1988	Admitted to the Bar of Japan (Tokyo Bar Association). Entered Ohara Law Office.	November 1997 March 2001	A
May 1988	Studied abroad at the Chinese University of Hong Kong.	April 2003	C
September 1988	Studied abroad at Renmin University of China.	April 2015	A
uly 1989	Worked at Robert Lee & Fong Solicitors in Hong Kong.	745111 2013	(c
ebruary 1996	Opened Maruhito Kondo Law Office (current position).	January 2021	0
May 1998	Admitted to Daini Tokyo Bar Association (current position).	May 2021	A
June 2003	Appointed Supervisory Director, TOKYU REIT, Inc. (current position).		

# Takashi Aikawa Supervisory Director

Admitted to Joto Audit Corporation

Admitted to Shinsoh Audit Corporation

Admitted to Shinsoh Audit Corporation

Certified as a public accountant in Japan (current)

Appointed Chief Representative, Shinsoh Audit Corporation (current position)

Outside auditor of SHOEI FOODS CORPORATION (current position)

Appointed Supervisory Director, TOKYU REIT, Inc. (current position)

\*See page 3 about Kazuyoshi Kashiwazaki's career.

#### **TOKYU REIT's Initiatives (Governance)**

# TOKYU REIT'S Aim, Goals

- 1 Unitholder first
  Willing to learn from investors but reject requests from short-term interests
- Aim to become a "Global investment product"
  Willing to become invest-worthy for all investors around the globe
- Quality decision-making process
  Highest level board management in the REIT industry
- Aim to become the most reputable J-REIT
  Outperform other J-REITs

# Characteristics of **TOKYU REIT**'s Governance Structure

- Proactive involvement of independent outside board members
- 2 Optimal balance between sponsor collaboration and independence
- Strict focus on fiduciary duty for investment management company and the others
- 4 Management fee set to "being in the same boat as unitholders"

# TOKYU REIT'S Management Characteristics

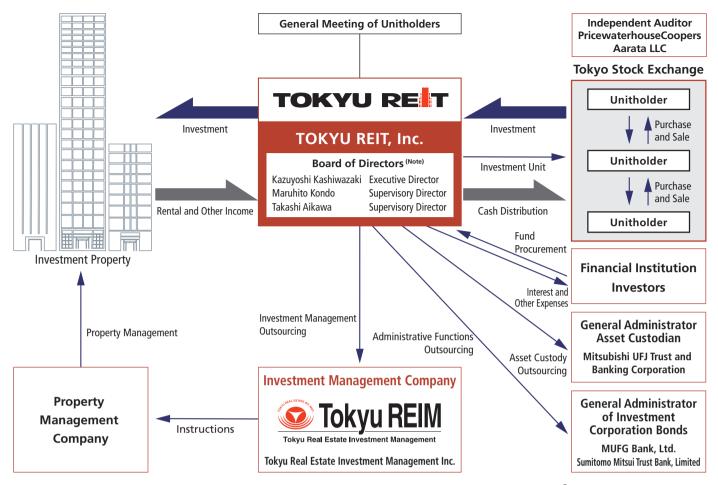
	Structural	<ul> <li>Multiple layers of monitoring and proactive involvement of outside board members</li> <li>Management fee set to "being in the same boat as unitholders"</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Stringent measures against conflicts of interest</li> <li>Board meetings held twice or more a month on a regular basis and enhanced resolution and reporting system</li> </ul>
- " .	Human Resources	<ul> <li>Carefully select board members to enhance debate*</li> <li>Provide appropriate compensation to board members for the responsibility and the workload</li> </ul>	■ Legal advisor to be present at board meetings
Excellent Governance as a Source of Competitiveness	Culture	<ul> <li>Board members not hesitant to reject, waive resolution or agree with conditions</li> <li>Willing to debate among independent outside board members</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Tokyu REIM's efforts</li> <li>Strict focus on fiduciary duty</li> <li>Management fee programmed to enhance involvement of all business segments</li> <li>Intend to let all Tokyu REIM staff communicate directly with investors</li> </ul>
	Track Record	<ul> <li>Status of the Board of Directors' meetings held (ended Jul. 2022 (FP 38)):</li> <li>1.8 meetings per month on average</li> </ul>	Attendance at Board of Directors' meeting (ended Jul. 2022 (FP 38)) Kazuyoshi Kashiwazaki (Executive Director) 100% Maruhito Kondo (Supervisory Director) 100% Takashi Aikawa (Supervisory Director) 100% General Administrator 100%

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<sup>\*</sup> Professional and a company manager with experience as an outside board member.



#### TOKYU RE T Structure and External Service Providers



(Note) In addition, appointment of Tatsumi Yamagami as s substitute exective director was approved at the General Meeting of Unitholders of **TOKYU RE** held on April 16, 2021.

# Overview of Investment Management Fee

Investment management fee structure linked to three performance indices aimed to balance conflicts of interest by "being in the same boat as unitholders"

Remuneration	Criteria for calculation  Reason for adoption	Remuneration Ended Jul. 2022 (FP 38)	
Base 1 (Linked to asset	Asset value at the end of previous fiscal period × 0.125% (0.120% for the portion exceeding 200 billion yen and 300 billion yen or less) (0.115% for the portion exceeding 300 billion yen)	¥374 million	
valuation)	It will be linked not to the total investment amount but to the total asset valuation and motivate the enhancement of asset value even after the acquisition of properties		
Base 2 (Linked to cash flow)	Standard cash flow in current fiscal period (Note) × 6.0% (5.7% for the portion exceeding 5.0 billion yen and 7.5 billion yen or less) (5.4% for the portion exceeding 7.5 billion yen)	¥288 million	
	Motivating the increase of distributions through the increase in rent revenue and reduction of expenses		
Incentive Fee	(Average price in current fiscal period - Highest average price over all previous fiscal periods) $\times$ number of units $\times$ 0.4%		
(Linked to investment unit price)	It will motivate the increase in investment unit price and efforts on the overall asset management business such as finance, IR, governance and compliance in addition to the normal asset management business will be enriched	Not occurred	

(Note) Standard cash flow here shall be the amount derived by subtracting an amount equivalent to 50% each of profit or loss from the sale of specified assets and profit or loss from the valuation of specified assets from the net income before income taxes, plus depreciation and amortization of deferred assets.

<sup>\*</sup>Apart from the above, **TOKYU REIT** pays predetermined fees, etc. to an asset custodian, general administrators, property management companies and an independent auditor, among others.

<sup>\*</sup> The above fees are all booked as expenses. TOKYU REAT does not adopt an acquisition incentive fee, which is capitalized on the balance sheet.

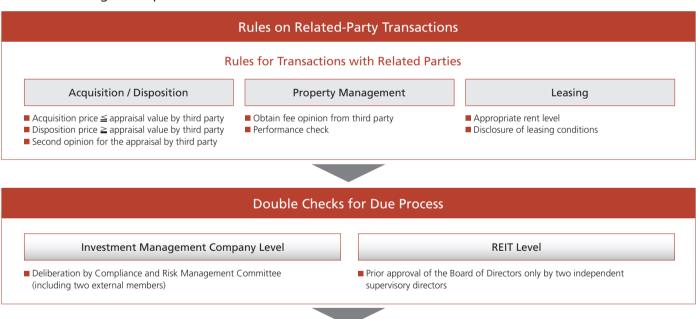
#### Collaboration with Tokyu Corporation and Its Subsidiaries

To achieve external growth, **TOKYU REIT** works to acquire a balanced mix of properties from the real estate investment market as well as Tokyu Corporation and its subsidiaries. **TOKYU REIT** also conducts replacement of properties and other measures as needed in order to maintain and improve the portfolio quality, aiming to enhance its asset value and increase net income per unit. **TOKYU REIT** also endeavors to achieve internal growth by enhancing earnings stability and growth potential through collaboration with Tokyu Corporation and its subsidiaries in the areas of property maintenance and management.

Pipeline Support for Property Acquisition	■ The memorandum requires that, when Tokyu Corporation and its subsidiaries attempt to sell their owned real estate assets that are qualified for investment by <b>TOKYU RE T</b> , they should preemptively offer the sale to <b>TOKYU RE T</b> . This arrangement will enable <b>TOKYU RE T</b> to make further progress in the implementation of its Capital Re-investment Model explained.
Property Management	Will be outsourced, in principle, to Tokyu Corporation and its subsidiaries.
Trademark License	■ <b>TOKYU RE</b> has received permission from Tokyu Corporation to use the trademarks of "東急" and "TOKYU."
Holding of Investment Units	■ Tokyu Corporation owns 49,000 investment units (5.01% of total) of <b>TOKYU RELT</b> .

#### **Related Party Transactions**

■ Development of self-imposed rules on transactions with Related Parties (Note) and measures to avoid conflicts of interest through multiple checks



#### Timely and Proactive Disclosure of Transactions and Rules

(Note) "Related Parties" is a collective term for "Tokyu Corporation and its subsidiaries," "Affiliates of Tokyu Corporation except Tokyu Corporation's subsidiaries," and "Tokyu Land Corporation and its subsidiaries,"

- 1. "Tokyu Corporation and its subsidiaries" refers to any entity that falls under the following (1) to (3):
  - (1) Tokyu Corporation
  - (2) A consolidated subsidiary of Tokyu Corporation
  - (3) A tokutei mokuteki kaisha (TMK) or special purpose entity (SPE) that was established based on the intention of Tokyu Corporation or a consolidated subsidiary of Tokyu Corporation and where the charge of investment by undisclosed associations or other investment that entity by the respective company exceeds 50%
- where the share of investment by undisclosed associations or other investment shares in that entity by the respective company exceeds 50%.

  2. "Affiliates of Tokyu Corporation except Tokyu Corporation's subsidiaries" refers to affiliates within the scope of consolidation of Tokyu Corporation.
- 3. "Tokyu Fudosan Holdings Corporation and its subsidiaries" refers to any entity that falls under the following (1) to (3):
  - (1) Tokyu Fudosan Holdings Corporation ("Tokyu Fudosan Holdings")
  - (2) A consolidated subsidiary of Tokyu Fudosan Holdings
- (3) A tokutei mokuteki kaisha (TMK) or special purpose company (SPC) that was established based on the intention of Tokyu Fudosan Holdings or a consolidated subsidiary of Tokyu Fudosan Holdings and where the share of investment by undisclosed associations or other investment shares in that entity by the respective company exceeds 50%



# Tokyu Real Estate Investment Management Inc. (Investment management company)

URL: www.tokyu-reim.co.jp/en/

Tokyu Real Estate Investment Management Inc. ("Tokyu REIM") contracted with **TOKYU REIT** on June 20, 2003, to act as its investment manager.

Underpinned by investment policies held in common with **TOKYU RELT**, Tokyu REIM strives to maximize unitholder value through business growth, stability and transparent operations. In addition, Tokyu REIM implements strict measures against conflicts of interest and takes all necessary care in transactions with Tokyu Corporation and other related parties.

Tokyu REIM is a financial instruments dealer under the Financial Instruments and Exchange Act (Kanto Financial Bureau (Kin-sho) No. 360).

**Board of Directors** 

Function: Decision-making on management strategy

Members: Representative director & president, two representative director & executive vice presidents,

two directors, two directors (part-time) and two auditors (part-time) from sponsors

Compliance and Risk Management Committee Function: Advisory on compliance and risk management, and Related-Party transactions

Members: Two directors (part-time), and two external committee members

**Investment Committee** 

Function: Advisory on investment decisions

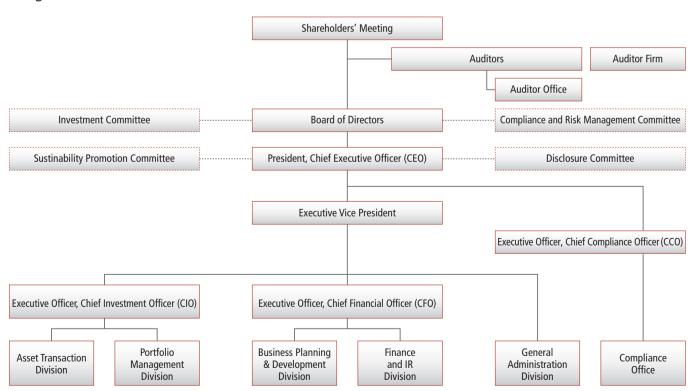
Members: Representative director & president (committee chairman), two representative director &

executive vice presidents, two directors and one appraiser

# Major Shareholder

Name	Address	Shares Held	Ratio
Tokyu Corporation	5-6, Nampeidai-cho, Shibuya-ku, Tokyo	6,000 shares	100%

### Organization Chart



# **Investment Policy**

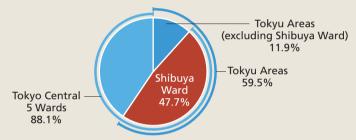
# **Investment in Highly Competitive Properties in Areas with Strong Growth Potential**

# **Areas with Strong Growth Potential**

### Investment Area: Tokyo Metropolitan Area

- Investment of more than 85% in Tokyo Central 5 Wards and areas along Tokyu rail lines, areas showing population growth and more growth potential in the Tokyo Metropolitan Area
- ✓ 100% of investment in Tokyo Central 5 Wards and areas along Tokyu rail lines as of the end of July 2022 (FP 38)
- \*Based on acquisition price
- Control earthquake risk through PML (Set portfolio PML (Note) at 10% or lower)
- ✓ Set portfolio PML as of the end of July 2022 (FP 38): 3.4%
- Oriented towards total return (comprised of income return (rental revenues, etc.) of each fiscal period and future capital return (gains on sales))

#### Percentage Share in Total Portfolio by Region



Area	Targeted Areas of Investment				
Control	Tokyo Central 5 Wards	Chiyoda, Chuo, Minato, Shinjuku and Shibuya wards			
Central Tokyo	Other major commercial and retail districts of Tokyo	The areas surrounding Ikebukuro, Koraku, Ueno and other areas			
	Tokyu rail network hub	Shibuya Ward			
Tokyu Areas	Other Tokyu rail network areas	Tokyo: Shinagawa, Meguro, Setagaya and Ota wards, Machida city			
		Yokohama, Kanagawa Prefecture: Kohoku, Kanagawa, Naka, Nishi, Midori, Aoba and Tsuzuki wards			
		Kawasaki, Kanagawa Prefecture: Nakahara, Takatsu and Miyamae wards			
		Yamato, Kanagawa Prefecture			
Others	Other districts in the Tokyo Metropolitan Area, including Kanagawa, Saitama and Chiba Prefectures (excluding the separately mentioned areas above)				

(Note) The PML for the entire portfolio. There is no unified, strict definition of PML; as used in this semiannual report, PML represents the amount and percentage of damages in the event of the occurrence of the largest earthquake that is expected to happen once in 475 years. Calculations incorporate data relating to the assessment of building conditions of individual properties, conformity to architectural design, assessment of ground conditions of relevant site and assessment of seismic performance. The PML is based on the earthquake risk assessment reports prepared by Tokio Marine dR Co., Ltd. Damages in this instance refer to property damage and do not include secondary damages such as loss of life and damages to surrounding facilities. In addition, damages are limited to structural damage and damages to facilities and building interior and exterior, and do not cover damages caused by earthquake fire which started within the property and fire damage from surrounding facilities.



# **Highly Competitive Properties**

# Focus on Location

■ Office buildings

Within a seven-minute walk from the nearest station as a rule

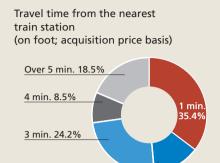
■ Retail properties

Conduct various surveys and analyses in many aspects, including purchasing power potential of the trade zone, growth potential, compatibility of tenants with the trade zone, and status of competition

■ Residences

Primarily located within a ten-minute walk from the nearest station

- Secure favorable location, with focus on exit price and liquidity
- √ 73.0%\* of properties lie within a three-minute range (as of the end of July 2022 (FP 38))
  - \* Based on acquisition price



2 min. 13.3%

### Minimum Investment Amount per Property

- 4.0 billion yen, in principle (Note 1)
- However,
  - (1) Properties located in Tokyu Areas (including Shibuya Ward): 1.0 billion yen
  - (2) Properties located in Central Tokyo (excluding Shibuya Ward) (Note 2): 2.0 billion yen
  - (3) Land with leasehold interest: 1.0 billion yen
- ✓ Average amount invested per property is ¥7.4 billion\* (end of July 2022 (FP 38))
  - \* Based on acquisition price

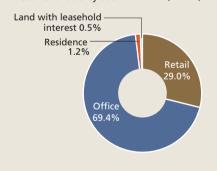
#### Asset Class

- (1) Office buildings
  - (2) Retail properties
  - (3) Residences
  - (4) Complexes that include any one of the (1) to (3) above (Note 3)

(Notes) 1. The portfolio shall maintain 80% or higher ratio of properties with the investment amount per property of 4.0 billion yen

- 2. Chiyoda, Chuo, Minato and Shinjuku wards, and other major commercial and retail districts of Tokyo.
- 3. When a hotel is included in the above complex, it shall, in principle, meet the following criteria.
- (1) A lease agreement which can reduce business/operational risks of the hotel shall be concluded with the tenant of the hotel portion of the complex.
- (2) The tenant of the hotel portion of the complex shall be Tokyu Corporation and its subsidiaries or shall possess operational skills equal to those of Tokyu Corporation and its subsidiaries.

#### Investment ratio by use \*Based on acquisition price



# Main Strategy and the Other

Investment management fee structure "being in the same boat as unitholders"

Capital Re-investment Model" through collaboration with sponsors

Refer to Page 11

Value and contrarian investment strategy" focusing on cyclicality of real estate prices

Debt management strong against credit crises

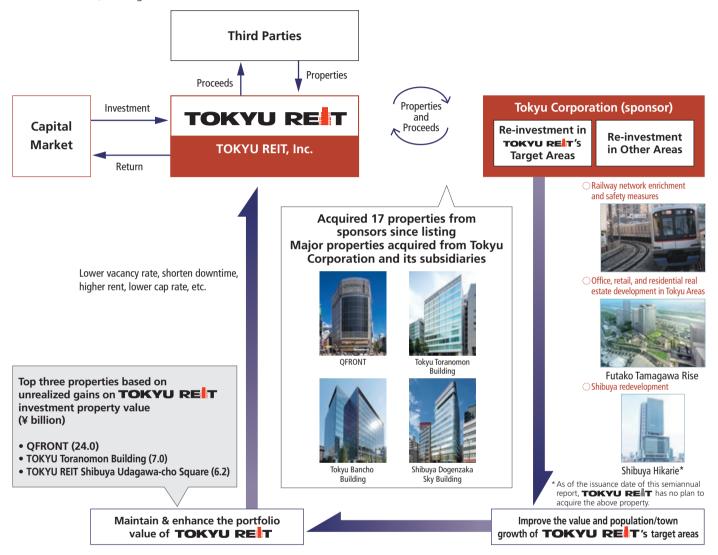
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# **Investment Management Strategy**

# Capital Re-investment Model

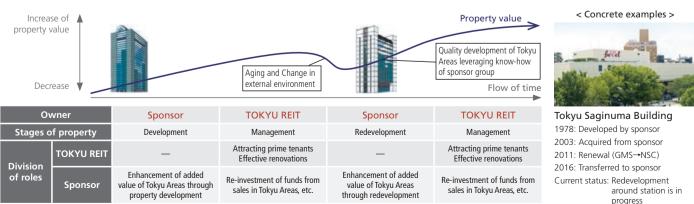
# "Capital Re-investment Model" through collaboration with sponsors

Our unique investment strategy involves a capital re-investment model. When we purchase properties from Tokyu Corporation and its subsidiaries, the proceeds are eventually used for re-investment in the Tokyu Areas by Tokyu Corporation and its subsidiaries, and therefore, contribute to maintaining and improving the value of our target area. While **TOKYU RELT** is not part of and is independent from the Tokyu Group, we try to explore opportunities for collaboration with Tokyu Corporation and its subsidiaries, while, at the same time, making sure we maintain and observe rules on conflicts of interest that investors also believe in.



# Sponsor Collaboration in Line with Stages of Life of Property (medium to long term)

Aim for ceaseless value enhancement in investment targeted areas through division of roles with sponsor

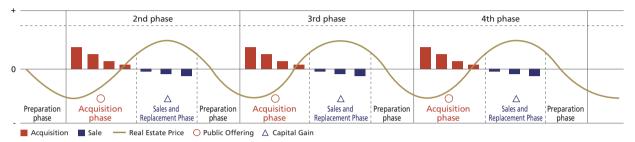




# TOKYU REIT's Long-Term Investment Management Strategy (Surf Plan)

# "Value and contrarian investment strategy" focusing on cyclicality of real estate prices

**TOKYU REIT** has conducted investment with a focus on the cyclicality of real estate prices, in order to achieve enhanced portfolio quality. Specifically, **TOKYU REIT** has been implementing the "Long-Term Investment Management Strategy (Surf Plan)." Under this strategy, through value investment and contrarian investment obtained by focusing on the cyclicality of real estate prices, **TOKYU REIT** secures capital gains while replacing properties, aiming to build a portfolio that boasts lasting competitiveness and balance sheets that are strong against even difficult economic times. The objective of this approach is to accurately discern the 'waves' of prosperity and depression in real estate market conditions.



(Note) It is not intended for **TOKYU REIT** to engage in short-term trading in property investments.

# Investment Style

# Value & Contrary

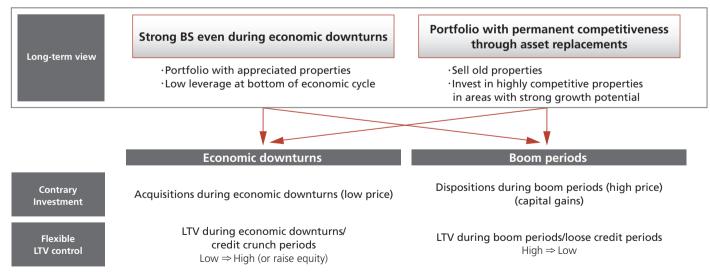
#### ■ Value Investment

An approach of investing into properties that are undervalued against the respective benchmarks. **TOKYU RELT** aims to secure high yield (total return) by acquiring properties that appear to be undervalued in terms of their appraisal values, NOI (net operating income) and other indicators.

# ■ Contrary Investment

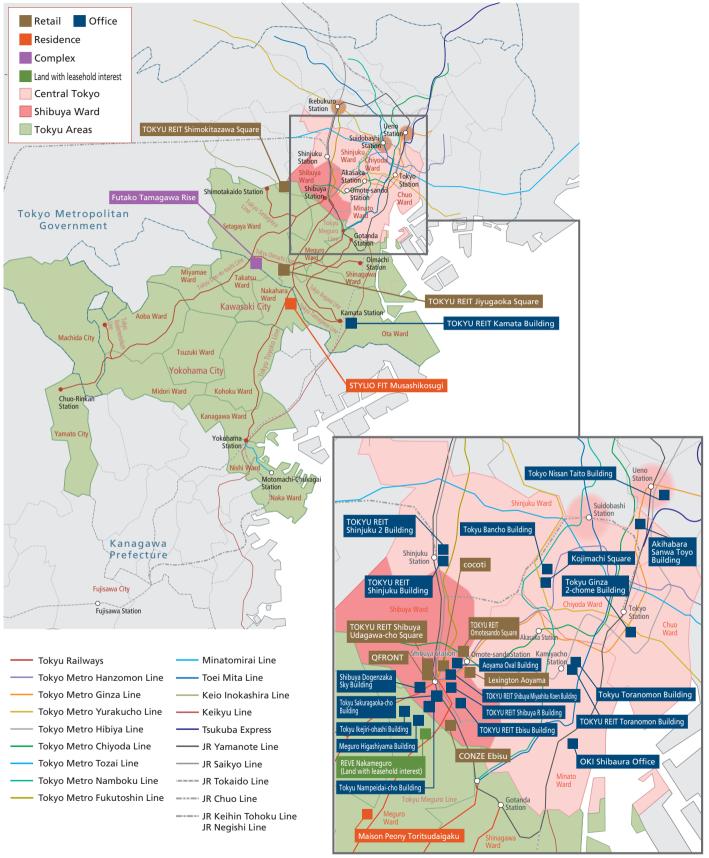
An approach of investing in the phase when prices are falling. **TOKYU REIT** aims to acquire properties when they are priced low and sell them when they are priced high, thereby recouping the investment.

### Concept



# **Investment Management Strategy**

# **Investment Targeted Areas**

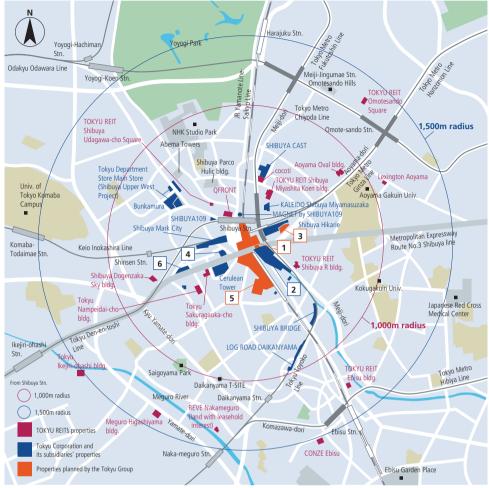


- \* Some properties are only partially owned by TOKYU REIT.
- \* Futako Tamagawa Rise is scheduled to be acquired on January 31, 2023.
  \* OKI Shibaura Office changed its name from the OKI Business Center No.5 on May 1, 2022.

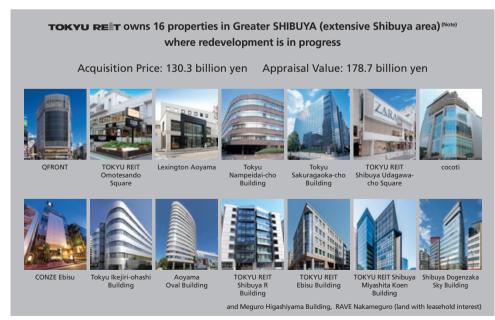


# Status of Redevelopment around Shibuya Station

# Redevelopment of Greater SHIBUYA (extensive Shibuya area) (Note) is in progress mainly by Tokyu Group



\*As of the issuance date of this semiannual report.



(Note) Area within radius of 2.5 km from Shibuya Station.

- \*Some properties are only partially owned by TOKYU REIT or Tokyu Corporation and its subsidiaries.
- \*As of the issuance date of this semiannual report, TOKYU REIT has no plan to acquire properties owned by Tokyu Corporation and its subsidiaries, and properties planned by the Tokyu Group.
- \*Pictures are provided by SHIBUYA SCRAMBLE SQUARE ①, SHIBUYA STREAM ②, Shibuya 2-Chome 17 District Urban Redevelopment Association ③ and Tokyu Land Corporation ④-⑤).

#### 1 SHIBUYA SCRAMBLE SQUARE

Phase I (East building)
Opened on November 2019
Phase II (Central building/West building)
Scheduled to open in fiscal 2027



Implementing Tokyu Corporation, East Japan Railway Company, Tokyo Metro Co., Ltd.

Usage Office, store, observation facility, parking lot, etc.

Major tenants <Office> CyberAgent, Inc., mixi, Inc., WeWork

East building: 87/37F
Central building: 82/10F
West building: 85/13F

# 2 SHIBUYA STREAM



Opened on September 2018

Implementing body	Tokyu Corporation, etc.
Usage	Office, store, hotel, hall, parking lot, etc.
Major tenants	<office> Google GK <hotel> Shibuya Stream Excel Hotel TOKYU</hotel></office>
Floors	B4/35F

#### 3 SHIBUYA 2-Chome 17 District



Scheduled for completion in fiscal 2024

Implementing body	Shibuya 2-chome 17 District Urban Redevelopment Association (Members: Tokyu Corporation, etc.)
Usage	Office, store, parking lot, etc.
Floors	R4/23E

#### 4 SHIBUYA FUKURAS



Opened in November 2019

Implementing body	Dogenzaka 1-chome Ekimae Area Urban Redevelopment Association (Member: Tokyu Land Corporation)
Usage	Office, store, parking lot, bus terminal, etc.
Major tenants	<office> GMO Internet Group <retail> Tokyu Plaza Shibuya</retail></office>
Floors	B4/18F

#### 5 Shibuya Station Sakuragaoka Exit Block



Scheduled for completion in fiscal 2023

Implementing body	Shibuya Station Sakuragaoka-guchi Area Urban Redevelopment Association (Member: Tokyu Land Corporation)
Usage	Office, store, residences, church, parking lot, etc.
Floors	Block A: B4/39F Block B: B2/29F Block C: 4F

# 6 SHIBUYA SOLASTA



Completed	l in	March	2019
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	Party Burns
Implementing body	General Incorporated Association Dogenzaka 121 (business company formed by Tokyu Land Corporation and land owners)
Usage	Office, assembly hall (incubation office, etc.), store, parking lot, etc.
Major tenants	<office> Tokyu Land Corporation, Business-Airport</office>
Floors	B1/21F

# **Financial Strategies**

# **TOKYU REIT's Financial Strategies**

# Debt management strong against credit crises

With its financial strategies based on stability, flexibility and efficiency, **TOKYU REIT** strives to maximize unitholder value by reducing capital costs as well as fostering external growth with minimal expenditures.



(Note) An acronym for Loan to Value (LTV). The proportion of liabilities including bonds, debt financing and other interest-bearing liabilities to total asset value.

This formula derives the liability level to the acquired property's value. Low LTV (namely, less liabilities or high-valued properties) is considered as high level of financial soundness.

#### Debt

Total Interest-Bearing Debt	¥93.0 billion
Long-Term Fixed-Rate Ratio	100.0%
Avg. Duration	4.69 years
Commitment Line	¥18.0 billion (Note)

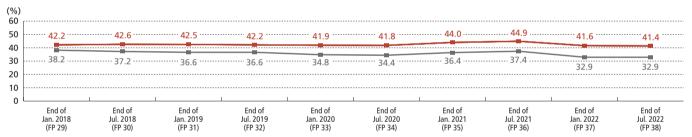
(Note) The execution of the commitment line agreement allows us to undergo debt financing at any given time up to the designated amount. To this end, a flexible and efficient fund procurement system has been assured. Moreover, there is no outstanding debt under the commitment line agreement as of July 31, 2022.

#### Ratings

Japan Credit Rating Agency, Ltd. (JCR)	Long-term Issuer Rating	AA-	(Outlook: Stable)
Rating and Investment Information, Inc. (R&I)	Issuer Rating	A+	(Rating Outlook: Stable)

### Changes in LTV

**TOKYU REIT** controls its LTV in a conservative manner in order to secure financial soundness.

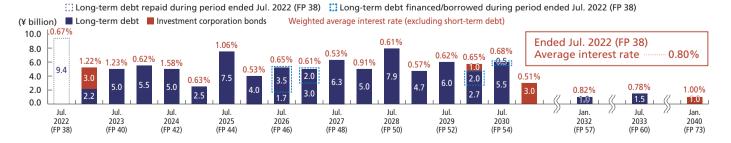


- --- LTV based on total assets at the end of period = Balance of period-end interest-bearing debt / Period end total assets
- --- LTV based on appraisal value = (Balance of interest-bearing debt at the end of period + Balance of securities deposit without reserved cash at the end of period) / (Appraisal value at the end of period)

LTV based on appraisal value is calculated by using appraisal value, and thus increases or decreases if appraisal value at the end of period decreases or increases.

#### ■ Diversification of Repayment and Redemption Dates of Interest-Bearing Debts

In addition, **TOKYU REIT** works to diversify repayment dates for its debt financing in order to avoid the risk of large-scale refinancing within a short period of time.





# Data of the Fiscal Period ended July 2022 (FP 38)

In the acquisition of investment properties, **TOKYU REIT** considers a variety of factors, including a comprehensive analysis of forecasted revenue stream, growth potential of the area, property size, construction and facility specifications, earthquake resistance, leasing rights, occupancy and appeal to tenants, property management, the environment and foundation quality, and the property's competitiveness.

### ■ Top 10 Tenants by Leased Area

No.	Tenant name	Business category	Property name	Expiration date	Leased area (m²)	Ratio (Note 1)	
1	OKI Electric Industry Co., Ltd.	Electric equipment	OKI Shibaura Office	Mar. 31, 2030	18,102.32	12.8%	
	Tokyu Corporation		Tokyu Nampeidai-cho Building	Dec. 31, 2031	7,148.18	5.1%	
2		Real estate	Tokyu Sakuragaoka-cho Building	Dec. 31, 2031	3,878.36	2.7%	
			REVE Nakameguro (land with leasehold interest)	Sep. 26, 2068	497.02	0.4%	
3	FUJITSU LIMITED	Electric equipment	TOKYU REIT Kamata Building	Sep. 30, 2022 (Note 2)	4,593.33	3.2%	
4	Culture Convenience Club Co., Ltd.	Other financial business	QFRONT	Dec. 14, 2039	4,502.93	3.2%	
5	Sansan, Inc.	n, Inc. Service Aoyama Oval Building (Note 3)		Dec. 31, 2024 (Note 2)	3,730.65	2.6%	
6	Japan Post Insurance Co., Ltd.	Insurance	TOKYU REIT Toranomon Building	Apr. 30, 2024 (Note 2)	3,553.89	2.5%	
7	Netyear Group Corporation	Netyear Group Corporation Service		Sep. 30, 2022	3,282.06	2.3%	
8	THINK FITNESS Corporation	Service	cocoti	Nov. 30, 2024	1,584.79	1.1%	
		Service	TOKYU REIT Omotesando Square	Apr. 30, 2024	1,317.44	0.9%	
9	Relo Group, Inc.	Other financial business	TOKYU REIT Shinjuku 2 Building	Mar. 31, 2023	1,683.22	1.2%	
			TOKYU REIT Shinjuku Building	Jul. 31, 2022	1,201.05	0.8%	
10	PCI Holdings, Inc.	CI Holdings, Inc.  Other financial business  Tokyu Toranomon Building  Nov. 30, 2023 (Note 2)					
	57,941.96	41.0%					
	141,449.42	100.0%					

(Notes) 1. "Ratio" indicates ratio of tenant's leased areas to total leased area of 31 properties held as of the end of the fiscal period ended Jul. 2022 (FP 38)

2. Expiration date of contract for largest leased area in plural leased area

### Creation of Portfolio Resilient to Earthquakes

Structural status (earthquake resistance)

Investment Criteria Properties that are compliant with the new earthquake resistance standards (Note), that completed anti-seismic reinforcement work, or that has PML of less than 15%

Manage properties with a portfolio PML of 10% or less; examine purchasing earthquake insurance if PML of any property surpasses the figure.

Portfolio

 29 out of 31 properties comply with the new earthquake resistance standards

(One remaining property is land with leasehold interest only)

Portfolio PML: 3.4%

 Although the merit of geographical diversification in terms of earthquake risks is small, the value of the portfolio PML is kept at a fairly low level as individual properties have high earthquake resistant ratings.

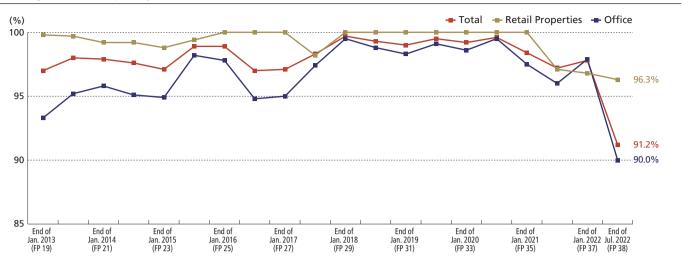
<sup>3.</sup> Leased area for the 47.5% quasi-co-ownership interest of trust beneficiary interest of the 97.1% compartmentalized ownership interest is indicated for the tenant of Aoyama Oval Building.

<sup>(</sup>Note) The new earthquake resistance standards are the earthquake resistant design standards based on the Building Standards Act, which was revised in 1981 with the aim to prevent buildings from collapsing even from earthquakes with seismic intensity of six and secure safety for human lives. Buildings that obtained building confirmation in June 1981 and after are understood to satisfy the new earthquake resistance standards. In fact, there were almost no reports of collapsing of buildings that were designed in accordance with the new earthquake resistance standards from the Great Hanshin Earthquake in 1995 and the Great East Japan Earthquake in 2011, in which a seismic intensity of seven was actually observed.

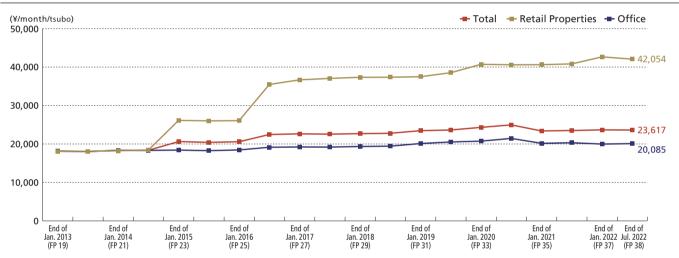
# Portfolio (properties owned at the end of July 2022 (FP 38))

# Track Record (Results of Management)

# Changes in Occupancy Rate

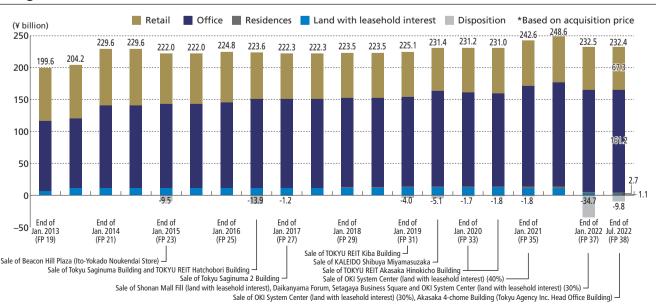


# Changes in Average Rent



 $<sup>\</sup>ensuremath{^{\star}}$  In calculating the above unit price, we haven't factored in vacant spaces

#### Change in Asset Size



<sup>\*</sup> Includes common area charges and excludes income from parking, warehouses, etc.

<sup>\* 1</sup> tsubo = 3.30578m



# Portfolio Overview (at the end of July 2022 (FP 38))

Use	Name of Property	Acquisition Date	Acquisition Price (¥ million)	Location	Total Leasable Area (m²)	Occupancy Rate	Ratio (Based on Acquisition Price) (Note1)	Probable Maximum Loss (PML) in Earthquake Risk Analysis
	QFRONT	Sep. 10, 2003	15,100	Shibuya Ward, Tokyo	4,502.93	100%	6.5%	2.0%
	Lexington Aoyama	Sep. 11, 2003	4,800	Minato Ward, Tokyo	2,094.96	100%	2.1%	8.0%
	TOKYU REIT Omotesando Square	Sep. 10, 2003	5,770	Shibuya Ward, Tokyo	2,669.10	100%	2.5%	9.9%
	TOKYU REIT Shibuya Udagawa-cho Square	Mar. 1, 2004	6,600	Shibuya Ward, Tokyo	1,543.05	100%	2.8%	8.5%
Retail	cocoti	Apr. 6, 2005	14,700	Shibuya Ward, Tokyo	8,295.62	02.20/	10.5%	1.8%
Rei	COCOLI	Aug. 2, 2005	9,800	Stilbuya Watu, lokyo		93.2%	10.5 /6	1.070
	CONZE Ebisu	Oct. 31, 2006	5,116	Shibuya Ward, Tokyo	2,327.00	85.8%	2.2%	4.3%
	TOKYU REIT Shimokitazawa Square	Apr. 26, 2019	2,257	Setagaya Ward, Tokyo	1,246.98	100%	1.0%	7.8%
	TORVIL BEIT livergooks Square	Oct. 1, 2019	1,548	Magura Ward, Takua	1 221 90	1009/	1 40/	E 90/
	TOKYU REIT Jiyugaoka Square	Mar. 4, 2020	1,611	Meguro Ward, Tokyo	1,231.80	100%	1.4%	5.8%
	Tokyu Nampeidai-cho Building	Sep. 11, 2003	4,660	Shibuya Ward, Tokyo	7,148.18	100%	2.0%	6.4%
	Tokyu Sakuragaoka-cho Building	Sep. 11, 2003	6,620	Shibuya Ward, Tokyo	4,737.19	100%	2.8%	3.8%
	Tokyo Nissan Taito Building	Sep. 11, 2003	4,450	Taito Ward, Tokyo	7,877.43	100%	1.9%	1.7%
	TOKYU REIT Kamata Building	Sep. 10, 2003	4,720	Ota Ward, Tokyo	7,337.82	100%	2.0%	4.9%
		Dec. 15, 2004	8,630		10,247.06		4.4%	3.2%
	TOKYU REIT Toranomon Building	Sep. 21, 2007	1,100			96.5%		
			200	Minato Ward, Tokyo				
		Oct. 26, 2007	140					
		Jan. 21, 2015	107					
	Tokyu Ikejiri-ohashi Building	Mar. 28, 2008	5,480	Meguro Ward, Tokyo	5,733.23	81.0%	2.4%	3.8%
	Kojimachi Square	Mar. 19, 2010	9,030	Chiyoda Ward, Tokyo	5,409.10	91.9%	3.9%	3.3%
	TOKYU REIT Shinjuku Building	Mar. 26, 2010	9,000	Shinjuku Ward, Tokyo	6,270.68	88.1%	3.9%	3.9%
	Akihabara Sanwa Toyo Building	Oct. 29, 2010	4,600	Chiyoda Ward, Tokyo	4,538.02	74.9%	2.0%	6.2%
Office	Tokyu Ginza 2-chome Building	Feb. 15, 2011	5,010	Chuo Ward, Tokyo	3,473.16	100%	2.2%	1.9%
	TOKYU REIT Shibuya R Building	Aug. 16, 2013	5,270	Shibuya Ward, Tokyo	5,246.68	100%	2.3%	3.1%
		Aug. 16, 2013	15,000		11,029.27			
	Tokyu Toranomon Building	Jan. 9, 2015	1,850	Minato Ward, Tokyo		39.9%	8.0%	2.4%
		Jun. 30, 2022	1,700					
	TOKYU REIT Shinjuku 2 Building	Oct. 30, 2015	2,750	Shinjuku Ward, Tokyo	1,790.46	100%	1.2%	3.6%
	Taluus Banaha Buildina	Mar. 24, 2016	12,740	Chinada Ward Talura	6,137.50	100%	5.9%	2.20/
	Tokyu Bancho Building	Mar. 28, 2019	1,040	Chiyoda Ward, Tokyo				2.2%
	TOKYU REIT Ebisu Building	Aug. 1, 2018	4,500	Shibuya Ward, Tokyo	1,872.61	100%	1.9%	2.8%
	Shibuya Dogenzaka Sky Building	Mar. 28, 2019	8,100	Shibuya Ward, Tokyo	4,136.05	82.9%	3.5%	4.9%
	OKI Shibaura Office (Note 2)	Sep. 28, 2020	11,900	Minato Ward, Tokyo	18,102.32	100%	5.1%	3.4%
	TOKYU REIT Shibuya Miyashita Koen Building	Mar. 29, 2021	6,000	Shibuya Ward, Tokyo	2,299.75	100%	2.6%	2.8%
	Aoyama Oval Building	Dec. 10, 2021	18,600	Shibuya Ward, Tokyo	8,527.89	96.6%	8.0%	2.3%
	Meguro Higashiyama Building	Mar. 24, 2022	8,100	Meguro Ward, Tokyo	6,152.43	77.0%	3.5%	3.6%
ence	Maison Peony Toritsudaigaku	Nov. 15, 2017	1,200	Meguro Ward, Tokyo	852.16	100%	0.5%	2.9%
Residence	STYLIO FIT Musashikosugi	Jan. 20, 2021	1,500	Kawasaki City, Kanagawa Prefecture	1,830.00	100%	0.6%	6.3%
Land with leasehold interest	REVE Nakameguro (Land with leasehold interest)	Sep. 27, 2018	1,150	Meguro Ward, Tokyo	497.02	100%	0.5%	_
	Total		232,451		155,157.45	91.2%	100.0%	3.4%

# ■ To be Acquired Property in Fiscal Period Ending January 2023 (FP 39)

Complex	Futako Tamagawa Rise	Jan. 31, 2023	20,200	Setagaya Ward, Tokyo	18,919.66	99.4%	_	(Block I-b) 3.9% (Block II-a) 2.5% (Block II-b) 3.6% (Block III) 3.3%
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(Notes) 1. Ratio is rounded to one decimal place. Accordingly, the total may not exactly match the sum of relevant items. 2. OKI Shibaura Office changed its name from the OKI Business Center No.5 on May 1, 2022.

# PORTFOLIO (properties owned at the end of July 2022 (FP 38))

# **QFRONT**

#### Properties contributed by sponsors



Address: 21-6, Udagawa-cho, Shibuya-ku, Tokyo

Nearest Station: Approximately a one-minute walk from Shibuya Station—JR

Yamanote Line, etc.

Total Land Space: 784.26m² (Land included in the property trust totals 728.30m²)

Total Floor Space: 6,675.52m² (Exclusive area 4,804.46m²)

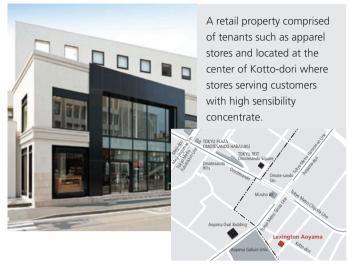
Structure/Floors: SRC/S, B3/8F Completed: October 1999

Type of Ownership: Land—Proprietary ownership

Building—Compartmentalized ownership

# Lexington Aoyama

#### Properties contributed by sponsors



Address: 5-11-9, Minami-Aoyama, Minato-ku, Tokyo

Nearest Station: Approximately a five-minute walk from Omote-sando Station—

Tokyo Metro Ginza Line, etc.

Total Land Space: 776.59m²
Total Floor Space: 2,342.21m²
Structure/Floors: S/RC, B1/4F
Completed: January 1998

Type of Ownership: Land—Proprietary ownership

Building—Proprietary ownership

# **TOKYU REIT Omotesando Square**



Address: 4-3-2, Jingumae, Shibuya-ku, Tokyo

Nearest Station: Approximately a two-minute walk from Omote-sando Station—

Tokyo Metro Ginza Line, etc.

Total Land Space: 1,259.21m²
Total Floor Space: 3,321.20m²
Structure/Floors: S/SRC, B1/4F
Completed: October 1985

Type of Ownership: Land—Proprietary ownership

Building—Proprietary ownership

# TOKYU REIT Properties contributed by sponsors Shibuya Udagawa-cho Square



Address: [Bldg. 1] 25-10, Udagawa-cho, Shibuya-ku, Tokyo

[Bldg. 2] 25-5, Udagawa-cho, Shibuya-ku, Tokyo

Nearest Station: Approximately a two-minute walk from Shibuya Station—JR

Yamanote Line, etc.

Total Land Space: 679.27m<sup>2</sup>

Total Floor Space: [Bldg. 1] 1,473.10m<sup>2</sup>

[Bldg. 2] 56.39m<sup>2</sup>

Structure/Floors: [Bldg. 1] S, 3F

[Bldg. 2] S, 2F

Completed: [Bldg. 1] July 1998

[Bldg. 2] June 1995

Type of Ownership: Land—Proprietary ownership

#### cocoti



Address: 1-23-16, Shibuya, Shibuya-ku, Tokyo

Nearest Station: Approximately a one-minute walk from Shibuya Station—JR

Yamanote Line, Tokyu Toyoko Line and Tokyo Metro Fukutoshin

Line, etc.

Total Land Space: 1,705.35m²
Total Floor Space: 11,847.87m²
Structure/Floors: S/SRC, B2/12F
Completed: September 2004

Type of Ownership: Land—Proprietary ownership

Building—Proprietary ownership

CALPIS

Address: 2-3-14, Ebisu-Minami, Shibuya-ku, Tokyo

Nearest Station: Approximately a two-minute walk from Ebisu Station—Tokyo

A retail property located in the Ebisu area occupied by

restaurants and service

Redevelopments are

underway nearby and the area can be expected to grow more vibrant.

Metro Hibiya Line, etc.

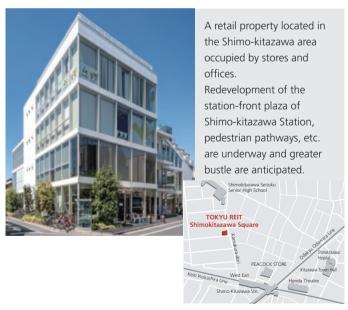
Total Land Space: 562.07m²
Total Floor Space: 2,789.35m²
Structure/Floors: S/SRC, B1/9F
Completed: March 2004

**CONZE Ebisu** 

Type of Ownership: Land—Proprietary ownership

Building—Proprietary ownership

# TOKYU REIT Shimokitazawa Square



Address: 6-6-1, Daita, Setagaya-ku, Tokyo

Nearest Station: Approximately a three-minute walk from Shimo-kitazawa

Station—Keio Inokashira Line

Approximately a five-minute walk from Shimo-kitazawa

Station—Odakyu Odawara Line

Total Land Space: 489.27m²
Total Floor Space: 1,306.55m²
Structure/Floors: RC, B1/4F
Completed: June 2008

Type of Ownership: Land—Proprietary ownership

Building—Proprietary ownership

# TOKYU REIT Jiyugaoka Square



Address: 2-13-6, Jiyugaoka, Meguro-ku, Tokyo

Nearest Station: Approximately a two-minute walk from Jiyugaoka Station—

Tokyu Toyoko Line and Oimachi Line

Total Land Space: 575.54m²
Total Floor Space: 1,272.60m²
Structure/ Floors: SRC, 5F
Completed: December 2001

Type of Ownership: Land—Proprietary ownership

# PORTFOLIO (properties owned at the end of July 2022 (FP 38))

# Tokyu Nampeidai-cho Building

#### Properties contributed by sponsors



Address: 5-6, Nampeidai-cho, Shibuya-ku, Tokyo

Nearest Station: Approximately a seven-minute walk from Shibuya Station—JR

Yamanote Line, etc.

Total Land Space: 2,013.28m²
Total Floor Space: 7,003.88m²
Structure/Floors: S/SRC, B2/5F
Completed: July 1992

Type of Ownership: Land—Proprietary ownership

Building—Proprietary ownership

# Tokyu Properties contributed by sponsors Sakuragaoka-cho Building



Address: 31-2, Sakuragaoka-cho, Shibuya-ku, Tokyo

Nearest Station: Approximately a five-minute walk from Shibuya Station—JR

Yamanote Line, etc.

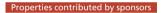
Total Land Space: 1,013.03m²
Total Floor Space: 6,505.39m²
Structure/Floors: SRC, B3/9F
Completed: June 1987

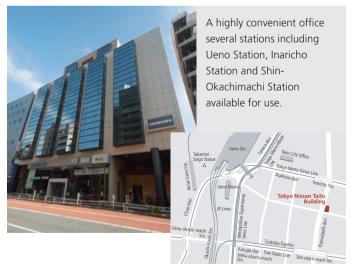
Type of Ownership: Land—Proprietary ownership

Building—Compartmentalized ownership (Note)

(Note) All of compartmentalized ownership with whole building are entrusted.

# Tokyo Nissan Taito Building





Address: 2-6-6, Moto-Asakusa, Taito-ku, Tokyo

Nearest Station: Approximately a three-minute walk from Inaricho Station—

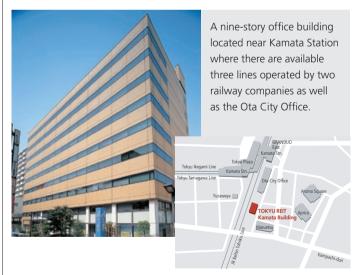
Tokyo Metro Ginza Line

Total Land Space: 1,718.45m²
Total Floor Space: 11,373.20m²
Structure/Floors: SRC, B2/10F
Completed: September 1992

Type of Ownership: Land—Proprietary ownership

Building—Proprietary ownership

# **TOKYU REIT Kamata Building**



Address: 5-13-23, Kamata, Ota-ku, Tokyo

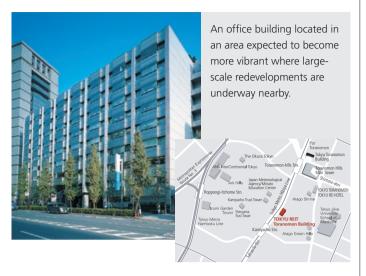
Nearest Station: Approximately a three-minute walk from Kamata Station—JR

Keihin Tohoku Line, etc.

Total Land Space: 1,642.86m²
Total Floor Space: 10,244.51m²
Structure/Floors: S/SRC, B1/9F
Completed: February 1992

Type of Ownership: Land—Proprietary ownership

# **TOKYU REIT Toranomon Building**



Address: 3-17-1, Toranomon, Minato-ku, Tokyo

Nearest Station: Approximately a one-minute walk from Kamiyacho Station—

Tokyo Metro Hibiya Line

Total Land Space: 1,728.38m² (Co-ownership ratio: 86.116%)

Total Floor Space: 15,343.73m² (Area owned by TOKYU REIT: 10,882.65m²)

Structure/Floors: SRC/RC, B2/9F Completed: April 1988

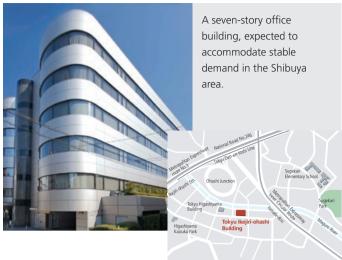
Type of Ownership: Land—Proprietary ownership (Co-ownership ratio: 86.116%)

Building—Compartmentalized ownership and co-ownership of

compartmentalized ownership

# Tokyu Ikejiri-ohashi Building

Properties contributed by sponsors



Address: 3-8-1, Higashiyama, Meguro-ku, Tokyo

Nearest Station: Approximately a five-minute walk from Ikejiri-ohashi Station—

Tokyu Den-en-toshi Line

Total Land Space: 2,382.67m²
Total Floor Space: 7,619.56m²
Structure/Floors: SRC, 7F
Completed: October 1989

Type of Ownership: Land—Proprietary ownership

Building—Proprietary ownership

# Kojimachi Square

# Properties contributed by sponsors



Address: 3, Nibancho, Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo

Nearest Station: Approximately a one-minute walk from Kojimachi Station—

Tokyo Metro Yurakucho Line, etc.

Total Land Space: 1,269.24m²
Total Floor Space: 6,803.47m²
Structure/Floors: S/RC, B1/7F
Completed: January 2003

Type of Ownership: Land—Proprietary ownership

Building—Proprietary ownership

# TOKYU REIT Shinjuku Building



Address: 4-3-25, Shinjuku, Shinjuku-ku, Tokyo

Nearest Station: Approximately a one-minute walk from Shinjuku-Sanchome

Station—Tokyo Metro Marunouchi Line, etc.

Approximately a four-minute walk from Shinjuku Station—JR

Yamanote Line, etc.

Total Land Space: 1,113.87m²
Total Floor Space: 8,720.09m²
Structure/Floors: SRC, 10F
Completed: May 2003

Type of Ownership: Land—Proprietary ownership

# PORTFOLIO (properties owned at the end of July 2022 (FP 38))

# Akihabara Sanwa Toyo Building



Address: 3-16-8, Sotokanda, Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo

Nearest Station: Approximately a one-minute walk from Suehirocho Station—

Tokyo Metro Ginza Line

Total Land Space: 795.33m²
Total Floor Space: 5,704.69m²
Structure/Floors: SRC, B1/8F
Completed: September 1985

Type of Ownership: Land—Proprietary ownership

Building—Compartmentalized ownership (Note)

(Note) All of compartmentalized ownership with whole building are entrusted.

# Tokyu Ginza 2-chome Building

Properties contributed by sponsors



Address: 2-15-2, Ginza, Chuo-ku, Tokyo

Nearest Station: Approximately a two-minute walk from Shintomicho Station—

Tokyo Metro Yurakucho Line

Approximately an eight-minute walk from Ginza Station—Tokyo

Metro Ginza Line, etc.

Total Land Space: 805.42m²
Total Floor Space: 5,098.61m²
Structure/Floors: S/RC, B1/8F
Completed: August 2008

Type of Ownership: Land—Proprietary ownership

Building—Proprietary ownership

# TOKYU REIT Shibuya R Building



Address: 3-10-13, Shibuya, Shibuya-ku, Tokyo

Nearest Station: Approximately a two-minute walk from Shibuya Station—JR Lines, etc.

Total Land Space: 1,077.45m² (Area owned by TOKYU REIT: 819.41m²)
Total Floor Space: 7,289.38m² (Including parking space 41.18m²)
(Area owned by TOKYU REIT: 4,403.69m²)

Structure/Floors: SRC (Parking: S), B1/9F

Completed: March 1990

Type of Ownership: Land—Proprietary ownership

Building—Compartmentalized ownership, and co-ownership of

compartmentalized ownership

# Tokyu Toranomon Building

Properties contributed by sponsors



Address: 1-21-19, Toranomon, Minato-ku, Tokyo

Nearest Station: Approximately a one-minute walk from Toranomon-hills

Station—Tokyo Metro Hibiya Line

Approximately a three-minute walk from Toranomon Station—

Tokyo Metro Ginza Line, etc.

Total Land Space: 2,016.83m²
Total Floor Space: 14,033.73m²
Structure/Floors: 5, 10F
Completed: April 2010

Type of Ownership: Land—Proprietary ownership

# TOKYU REIT Shinjuku 2 Building



Address: 4-3-23, Shinjuku, Shinjuku-ku,

Tokyo

Nearest Station: Approximately a one-minute

walk from Shinjuku-Sanchome Station—Tokyo Metro Marunouchi Line, etc.

Approximately a four-minute walk from Shinjuku Station—JR

Yamanote Line, etc.

Total Land Space: 270.05m²
Total Floor Space: 2,006.13m²
Structure/Floors: S, 10F
Completed: December 1991

Type of Ownership: Land—Proprietary ownership

Building—Proprietary ownership

# Tokyu Bancho Building

#### Properties contributed by sponsors



Address: 6, Yonbancho, Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo

Nearest Station: Approximately a three-minute walk from Ichigaya Station—JR

Chuo Main Line, etc.

Total Land Space: 2,754.18m² (Land included in the property trust totals: 2,573.80m²)

Total Floor Space: 15,834.55m<sup>2</sup>

(Exclusive ownership area of compartments under compartmentalized

ownership pertaining to property trust: 11,431.09m²)

Structure /Floors: S, 11F

Completed: September 2011

Type of Ownership: Land—Proprietary ownership

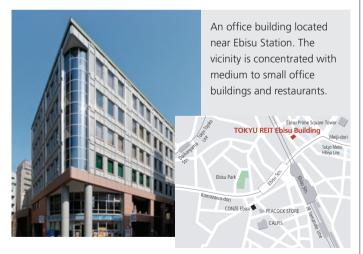
(Quasi-co-ownership interest of trust beneficiary interest: 52.6%)

Building—Compartmentalized ownership

(Quasi-co-ownership interest of the 95.1% compartmentalized ownership interest of the trust

beneficiary interest: 52.6%)

# **TOKYU REIT Ebisu Building**



Address: 3-25-11, Higashi, Shibuya-ku, Tokyo

Nearest Station: Approximately a three-minute walk from Ebisu Station—JR

Yamanote Line and Tokyo Metro Hibiya Line

Total Land Space: 478.40m²
Total Floor Space: 2,603.30m²
Structure/Floors: S/SRC, B1F/7F
Completion: April 1992

Type of Ownership: Land—Proprietary ownership

Building—Proprietary ownership

# Shibuya Dogenzaka Sky Building

# Properties contributed by sponsors



Address: 28-1, Maruyamacho, Shibuya-ku, Tokyo

Nearest Station: Approximately a five-minute walk from Shibuya Station—Keio

Inokashira Line

Approximately a three-minute walk from Shinsen Station—Keio

Inokashira Line

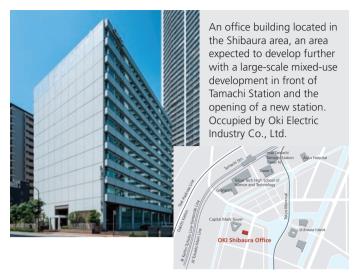
Total Land Space: 721.34m²
Total Floor Space: 5,644.91m²
Structure/Floors: SRC, B1/11F
Completed: March 1988

Type of Ownership: Land—Proprietary ownership

 ${\sf Building-Proprietary\ ownership}$ 

# PORTFOLIO (properties owned at the end of July 2022 (FP 38))

# **OKI Shibaura Office**



Address: 4-10-16, Shibaura, Minato-ku, Tokyo

Nearest Station: Approximately an eight-minute walk from Tamachi Station—JR

Yamanote Line, etc.

Total Land Space: 4,646.65m²
Total Floor Space: 18,102.32m²
Structure/Floors: SRC, B2/12F
Completed: June 1982

Type of Ownership: Land—Proprietary ownership

Building—Proprietary ownership

# TOKYU REIT Shibuya Miyashita Koen Building



Address: 1-17-2 Shibuya, Shibuya-ku, Tokyo

Nearest Station: Approximately a one-minute walk from Shibuya Station—JR

Yamanote Line, Tokyu Toyoko Line and Tokyo Metro Fukutoshin

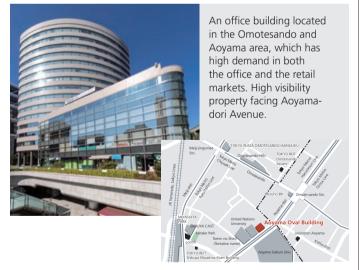
Line, etc.

Total Land Space: 364.74m²
Total Floor Space: 2,568.30m²
Structure/Floors: 5, 12F
Completed: April 2008

Type of Ownership: Land—Proprietary ownership

Building—Proprietary ownership

# Aoyama Oval Building



Address: 5-52-2, Jingumae, Shibuya-ku, Tokyo

Nearest Station: Approximately a four-minute walk from Omote-sando Station—

Tokyo Metro Ginza Line, etc.

Total Land Space: 4,702.82 m² [Land included in the property trust totals:

4,602.60 m<sup>2</sup>]

Total Floor Space: 28,629.19 m<sup>2</sup> [Exclusive ownership area of compartments under

compartmentalized ownership pertaining to property trust: Completed:

20,801.49 m<sup>2</sup>]

Structure/Floors: S/SRC, B2/16F Completed: October 1988

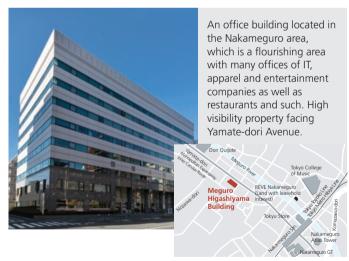
Type of Ownership: Land-Proprietary ownership

[Quasi-co-ownership interest of trust beneficiary interest: 47.5%]

Building-Compartmentalized ownership

[Quasi-co-ownership interest of the 97.1% compartmentalized ownership interest of the trust beneficiary interest: 47.5%]

# Meguro Higashiyama Building



Address: 1-4-4, Higashiyama, Meguro-ku, Tokyo

Nearest Station: Approximately a six-minute walk from Naka-meguro Station—

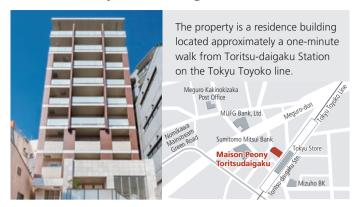
Tokyu Toyoko Line and Tokyo Metro Hibiya Line

Total Land Space: 1,572.38 m²
Total Floor Space: 8,540.29 m²
Structure/Floors: SRC/S/RC, 8F
Completed: March 1995

Type of Ownership: Land-Proprietary ownership

Building-Compartmentalized ownership (Note) All compartmentalized ownership of the building has been acquired.

# Maison Peony Toritsudaigaku



Address 1-2-5, Nakane, Meguro-ku, Tokyo

Nearest Station: Approximately a one-minute walk from Toritsu-daigaku Station—Tokyu Toyoko

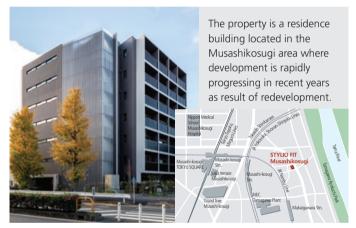
245.61m<sup>2</sup> Total Land Space: Total Floor Space: 950.36m Structure/Floors: Completed: August 2014

Type of Ownership: Land—Proprietary ownership

Building—Proprietary ownership

# STYLIO FIT Musashikosuqi

#### Properties contributed by sponsors



Address 2-chome, Kamimaruko-sannocho, Nakahara-ku, Kawasaki-shi, Kanagawa

Nearest Station: Approximately a five-minute walk from Mukaigawara Station-JR Nambu Line

Approximately a nine-minute walk from Musashi-kosuqi Stasion—JR Yokosuka Line, Shonan-Shinjuku

Line and Sotetsu Line through service

Approximately a twelve-minute walk from Musashi-kosugi Station—Tokyu Toyoko Line and Meguro Line

Total Land Space: 676.26m<sup>2</sup> Total Floor Space: 2 320 12m<sup>2</sup> Structure/Floors: RC, 7F Completed: April 2020

Type of Ownership: Land—Proprietary ownership

Building—Proprietary ownership

# REVE Nakameguro (Land with leasehold interest)



Land with leasehold interest of a complex located approximately a four-minute walk from Naka-meguro Station on the Tokyu Toyoko Line.

Address 1-13-14, Kamimeguro, Meguro-ku, Tokyo

Nearest Station: Approximately a four-minute walk from Naka-meguro Station—Tokyu

Toyoko Line and Tokyo Metro Hibiya Line

Total Land Space:

Land—Proprietary ownership Type of Ownership:

# ■ To be Acquired property in Fiscal Period ending January 2023 (FP 39)

# Futako Tamagawa Rise



A large complex consisting of retail, office, hotel and residence directly connected to Futako-tamagawa Station, a major station in the Tokyu Areas. With the development of this property, further development is expected in the Futako Tamagawa area as a city with a mixture of work, residence and leisure.



Address: 2-21-1, Tamagawa, Setagaya-ku, Tokyo, etc.

Nearest Station: Approximately a one-minute walk from Futako-tamagawa Station on

the Tokyu Den-en-toshi Line and Oimachi Line

Total Land Space: (Block I-b) Land area: 13,416.66 m<sup>2</sup>

Percentage of site rights to be acquired: 1,098,663/10,000,000

(Block II-a) Land area: 28,082.83 m<sup>2</sup>

Percentage of site rights to be acquired: 126,480/1,000,000

(Block II-b) Land area: 3,472.03 m<sup>2</sup>

Percentage of site rights to be acquired: 21,160/1,000,000

(Block III) Land area: 296.51 m<sup>2</sup>

Percentage of site rights to be acquired: 4,516/94,273

Total Floor Space: (Block I-b) Entire building: 99,137.30 m²

Exclusive area of compartments under compartmentalized ownership pertaining to the acquisition: 77,290.76 m<sup>2</sup>

Of such area, the ownership interest to be acquired is 10.7% (retail:

3.2%, office: 7.4%)

(Block II-a) Entire building: 154,232.18 m<sup>2</sup>

Exclusive area of compartments under compartmentalized ownership pertaining to the acquisition: 118,463.13 m<sup>2</sup>

Of such area, the ownership interest to be acquired is 12.7% (retail:

5.4%, hotel: 0.5%, office: 6.8%) (Block II-b) Entire building: 7,502.36 m<sup>2</sup>

Exclusive area of compartments under compartmentalized ownership pertaining to the acquisition: 3,277.59 m<sup>2</sup>

Of such area, the ownership interest to be acquired is 4.5% (retail)

(Block III) Entire building: 1,385.49 m²

Exclusive area of compartments under compartmentalized ownership pertaining to the acquisition: 566.94 m<sup>2</sup>

Of such area, the ownership interest to be acquired is 7.5% (retail)

Structure /Floors: (Block I-b) S/RC/SRC, B3/16F

> (Block II-a) RC, B3/30F (Block II-b) RC B1/3F (Block III) RC/S, 2F

Completed: (Block I-b) November 2010

> (Block II-a) June 2015 (Block II-b) April 2010 (Block III) April 2010

Type of Ownership: Land—Co-ownership of site rights (proprietary ownership)

Building—Co-ownership of compartmentalized ownership

I. Asset Management Report
 Financial Highlights
 Result of Operation and Financial Position

		(1) Result of Operation and	i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i								
				From February 1, 2022 to July 31, 2022 (181 days)	2021 to January 31, 2022 (184 days)	From February 1, 2021 to July 31, 2021 (181 days)	From August 1, 2020 to January 31, 2021 (184 days)	From February 1, 2020 to July 31, 2020 (182 days)			
				Millio	Millions of yen, except per unit data or where otherwise indicated						
	ent me	Operating revenues		¥ 8,671	¥ 11,641	¥ 8,066	¥ 8,611	¥ 8,203			
	Statement of income	Operating income		¥ 4,732	¥ 7,481	¥ 3,981	¥ 4,538	¥ 4,325			
		Net income		¥ 4,339	¥ 7,071	¥ 3,540	¥ 4,083	¥ 3,855			
tion		Revenue from property leasing	(a) (Note 1)	¥ 6,637	¥ 6,934	¥ 8,059	¥ 7,845	¥ 7,499			
era	ting me	Rental service expenses	(b)	¥ 3,065	¥ 3,131	¥ 3,241	¥ 3,221	¥ 3,067			
Result of operation	Operating income	[Depreciation and amortization] (included in (b))	(c) (Note 2)	[¥ 824]	[¥ 968]	[¥ 1,030]	[¥ 1,001]	[¥ 975]			
esu		NOI (Net Operating Income)	(a) $-$ (b) $+$ (c)	¥ 4,395	¥ 4,771	¥ 5,848	¥ 5,626	¥ 5,407			
×	W	FFO (Funds from Operation)	(d) (Note 3)	¥ 3,129	¥ 3,332	¥ 4,570	¥ 4,319	¥ 4,127			
	Cash flow	Capital expenditures	(e)	¥ 2,379	¥ 417	¥ 513	¥ 607	¥ 469			
	Cas.	AFFO (Adjusted Funds from Operation)	(d)-(e)	¥ 750	¥ 2,915	¥ 4,057	¥ 3,712	¥ 3,658			
		Total assets	(f)	¥ 224,636	¥ 226,847	¥ 235,035	¥ 231,090	¥ 220,068			
	set	[Change from the preceding period]		[-1.0%]	[-3.5%]	[1.7%]	[5.0%]	[0.3%]			
	e sh	Interest-bearing liabilities	(g) (Note 4)	¥ 93,000	¥ 94,400	¥ 105,600	¥ 101,600	¥ 92,000			
	Balance sheet	Total unitholders' equity (Net assets)	(h)	¥ 119,537	¥ 119,059	¥ 115,527	¥ 115,663	¥ 115,051			
tion		[Change from the preceding period]		[0.4%]	[3.1%]	[-0.1%]	[0.5%]	[0.6%]			
posi		Unitholders' capital		¥ 110,479	¥ 110,479	¥ 110,479	¥ 110,479	¥ 110,479			
Financial position	oil	Acquisition costs of properties	(Note 5)	¥ 232,451	¥ 232,509	¥ 248,614	¥ 242,614	¥ 231,026			
nan		Book value of properties	(Note 5)	¥ 217,720	¥ 217,976	¥ 230,620	¥ 225,085	¥ 213,613			
臣		Appraisal value of properties at end of period	(i) (Note 5)	¥ 307,150	¥ 304,110	¥ 313,250	¥ 306,780	¥ 293,200			
	Por	Number of properties at end of period		31 properties	32 properties	34 properties	33 properties	31 properties			
		Total leasable area	(Note 6)	155,157.45 m <sup>2</sup>	149,024.77 m <sup>2</sup>	223,691.34 m <sup>2</sup>	221,411.04 m <sup>2</sup>	208,279.76 m <sup>2</sup>			
		Occupancy rate at end of period	(Note 6)	91.2%	97.8%	97.2%	98.4%	99.6%			
	ion.	Cash distribution		¥ 3,915	¥ 3,861	¥ 3,539	¥ 3,675	¥ 3,471			
	Distri- bution	Dividend payout ratio		90.2%	54.6%	100.0%	90.0%	90.0%			
		Total number of units issued and outstanding		977,600 units	977,600 units	977,600 units	977,600 units	977,600 units			
		Total unitholders' equity per unit (base value)		¥ 122,276	¥ 121,787	¥ 118,174	¥ 118,313	¥ 117,688			
		Cash distribution per unit		¥ 4,005	¥ 3,950	¥ 3,621	¥ 3,760	¥ 3,551			
Other	Management index	Return on total unitholders' equity (annualized)	(Note 7)	7.3%	12.0%	6.2%	7.0%	6.7%			
ō		Equity ratio	(h)÷(f)	53.2%	52.5%	49.2%	50.1%	52.3%			
		[Change from the preceding period]		[0.7%]	[3.3%]	[-0.9%]	[-2.2%]	[0.2%]			
		Proportion of interest-bearing liabilities to total assets at end of period	(g)÷(f)	41.4%	41.6%	44.9%	44.0%	41.8%			
		Proportion of interest-bearing liabilities to appraisal value at end of period	(g)÷(i)	30.3%	31.0%	33.7%	33.1%	31.4%			
		Average market price per unit during period	(Note 8)	¥ 188,278	¥ 190,881	¥ 189,045	¥ 147,909	¥ 153,097			

- Note 1. 'Revenue from property leasing' does not include revenues from facility acceptance (35th fiscal period: ¥1 million; 37th fiscal period: ¥5 million; 38th fiscal period: ¥10 million) or contributions for construction (36th fiscal period: ¥6 million).
- Note 2. 'Depreciation and amortization' includes loss on disposal of property and equipment (34th fiscal period: ¥0 million; 35th fiscal period: ¥5 million; 36th fiscal period: ¥2 million; 37th fiscal period: ¥13 million; 38th fiscal period: ¥3 million).
- Note 3. Net income + Depreciation and amortization + Other property related depreciation and amortization + Loss on sales of real estate properties Gain on sales of real estate properties Gain on exchange of real estate properties Revenues from facility acceptance.

  Other property related depreciation and amortization was not incurred.
- Note 4. Short-term debt + Long-term debt due within one year + Long-term debt + Investment corporation bonds due within one year + Investment corporation bonds.
- Note 5. For 'Trust beneficiary interest in real estate,' the portion equivalent to the properties held in substance, which is total assets less the money that is part of the assets of the concerned trust beneficiary interest in real estate, is shown.
- Note 6. Regarding 'Total leasable area' and 'Occupancy rate at end of period,' please refer to notes 2, 4 and 5 of '3. Portfolio Profile (2) Major Portfolio.'
- Note 7. Net income ÷ {(Net assets at beginning of period + Net assets at end of period) ÷ 2} × 365 ÷ Number of days of investment management.
- Note 8. Average price during period (closing price) on the Real Estate Investment Trust Section of the Tokyo Stock Exchange, Inc. ("Tokyo Stock Exchange") on which the investment certificates of TOKYU REIT, Inc. ("TOKYU REIT") are listed.

### (2) Development of Asset Investment Management during the Current Period

#### ① Investment Environment

During the fiscal period under review (38th fiscal period: six-month period ended July 31, 2022), the Japanese economy was picking up moderately despite supply-side constraints and the impact of rising prices on households and companies.

Specifically, in the Tokyo metropolitan area's economy, while supermarkets and home appliance stores had less sales turnover than the previous year, department stores and convenience stores had greater sales turnover than the previous year, and accommodation and restaurant services were picking up. These factors, among other factors, showed that consumer spending was picking up moderately overall. The employment situation was picking up, as evidenced by the active job openings-to-applicants ratio rising and new job openings increasing, not to mention the unemployment rate improving overall.

Population movements saw a net immigration of over 80,000 people into the Tokyo metropolitan area from other regions of the country during the period from January 2022 to June 2022 (Source: "Report on Internal Migration in Japan Derived from the Basic Resident Registration" (Statistics Bureau, Ministry of Internal Affairs and Communications)). This has further exacerbated the disparity between the Tokyo metropolitan area and other regions of the country.

Under these circumstances, in Tokyo's 23 wards' office market, the vacancy rate was rising moderately. While there were large vacancies arising from the consolidation of offices due to companies reviewing their office strategies on the one hand, with vacancies also being filled through either increasing floor areas or relocations to properties with greater floor areas on the other hand, the rise in the vacancy rate was seen to be stalling somewhat. There was progress in rent adjustments, mainly at buildings with prolonged leasing activities for the large volume of supply slated for 2023, leading to the five central Tokyo wards' average rent continuing to trend downward.

In the retail property leasing market, many shopping centers were showing increased sales due to consumer sentiment recovering with the increase in people going out as the state of COVID-19 infection was seen to be settling down. In terms of shopping centers at tourist destinations, the increase in school trips as well as elderly groups and other tourists also contributed to the sales recovery trend. Retail sales were picking up moderately on the back of

high spending, mainly by high-net-worth individuals, but daily necessities were subject to one after another price hike, causing consumer sentiment to weaken.

In the real estate trading market, office investment is leading the market, with the transaction amount remaining high, almost as high as the past peak level. The volume of transactions has been on a recovery trend since the fourth quarter of 2020, but remains below pre-pandemic levels.

The expected cap rate has fallen to a record low due to real estate investors maintaining an active investment stance for prime properties in Japan on the back of the Bank of Japan's policy to keep up monetary easing measures.

#### 2 Investment Performance Results

a. Acquisition and Sale of Properties and Investment Management Control

TOKYU REIT engaged in investment activities by adopting a basic policy based on the stance of "investment in highly competitive properties in areas with strong growth potential" as it has to date, and additionally pursuant to its "Long-Term Investment Management Strategy (Surf Plan)" (see Note below) that was formed by applying the investment management experience that it has gained since its listing.

During the 38th fiscal period, TOKYU REIT sold 30% co-ownership interest in OKI System Center (land with leasehold interest) on February 25, 2022. TOKYU REIT also acquired Meguro Higashiyama Building on March 24, 2022, and then sold Akasaka 4-chome Building (Tokyu Agency Inc. Head Office Building) on March 31, 2022. In addition, TOKYU REIT entered into a sale and purchase agreement on September 14, 2022, for acquisition of co-ownership interest in Futako Tamagawa Rise. The acquisition is scheduled for January 31, 2023. In addition, the disposition of Tokyu Ginza 2-chome Building was decided on October 28, 2022, and it is scheduled to be disposed on November 30, 2022.

As of July 31, 2022, TOKYU REIT held an investment portfolio totaling 31 properties with a total acquisition price of ¥232,451 million and total leasable area of 155,157.45 m<sup>2</sup>. The periodend appraisal value for TOKYU REIT's entire portfolio amounted to ¥307,150 million.

As in the previous fiscal period, the total period-end appraisal value exceeded the total book value, resulting in an amount of difference of ¥89,429 million. Based on accounting principles generally accepted in Japan, such unrealized gains are not reflected in TOKYU REIT's financial statements.

The average per-tsubo rental rate for the existing property portfolio at the end of the 38th fiscal period increased by 0.8% compared with the end of the 37th fiscal period. In addition, the vacancy rate at the end of the 38th fiscal period increased from the 2.2% at the end of the 37th fiscal period by 6.6 percentage points to 8.8%.

Note. The "Long-Term Investment Management Strategy (Surf Plan)" is a strategy of TOKYU REIT formed by its investment management company Tokyu Real Estate Investment Management Inc. ("Tokyu REIM"). Under this strategy, while replacing properties through value investment and contrarian investment by focusing on the cyclicality of real estate prices, TOKYU REIT aims to build a portfolio that boasts lasting competitiveness and balance sheets that are strong against even difficult economic times.

#### b. Countering Conflicts of Interest

The fairness and transparency of transactions were ensured by strictly adhering to the Rules on Related-Party Transactions that are Tokyu REIM's self-imposed rules, and accordingly following prescribed procedures.

Moreover, TOKYU REIT has received an opinion report from Urban Research Institute Corporation stating that fees paid to related parties (see Note below) for property management services pertaining to its portfolio properties were within the range set by other J-REITs listed on the Tokyo Stock Exchange.

Note. "Related parties" refers to any entity that falls under the following (i) to (vii):

- (i) Tokyu Corporation
- (ii) A consolidated subsidiary of Tokyu Corporation
- (iii) A tokutei mokuteki kaisha (TMK) or special purpose entity (SPE) that was established based on the intention of Tokyu Corporation or a consolidated subsidiary of Tokyu Corporation and where the share of investment by silent partnerships or other investment shares in that entity by the respective company exceeds 50%
- (iv) Affiliates within the scope of consolidation of Tokyu Corporation
- (v) Tokyu Fudosan Holdings Corporation ("Tokyu Fudosan Holdings")
- (vi) A consolidated subsidiary of Tokyu Fudosan Holdings
- (vii) A tokutei mokuteki kaisha (TMK) or special purpose company (SPC) that was established based on the intention of Tokyu Fudosan Holdings or a consolidated subsidiary of Tokyu Fudosan Holdings and where the share of investment by silent partnerships or other investment shares in that entity by the respective company exceeds 50%

#### ③ Financing

TOKYU REIT undertakes financing activities under a financial policy that emphasizes stability, flexibility and efficiency.

During the 38th fiscal period, to secure interest-bearing liabilities with fixed long-term interest rates and diversified repayment dates, long-term debt of ¥9,400 million due for repayment in the 38th fiscal period was refinanced in the amount of ¥8,000 million and repaid using cash on hand in the amount of ¥1,400 million.

TOKYU REIT has established commitment lines with four financial institutions, which provide credit facilities up to a total of ¥18,000 million, in order to secure financial credibility through the enhancement of liquidity on hand. Funds were procured through these credit facilities in the form of short-term debt in the amount of ¥2,000 million to fund part of the acquisition of the Meguro Higashiyama Building as well as the expenditures pertaining to the acquisition, the entire amount of which was repaid in the 38th fiscal period. The balance of interest-bearing liabilities as of the end of the 38th fiscal period was ¥93,000 million, consisting of ¥8,000 million in investment corporation bonds (of which, ¥3,000 million is the current portion of investment corporation bonds) and ¥85,000 million in long-term debt (of which, ¥7,200 million is the current portion of long-term debt). The weighted-average interest rate for the 38th fiscal period was 0.80% (calculated based on the annualized amount of interest payable for the 38th fiscal period divided by the total average balance of each interest-bearing liability).

TOKYU REIT's credit ratings as of the end of the 38th fiscal period were as follows:

Rating Agency	Credit Rating				
Japan Credit Rating Agency, Ltd. (JCR)	Long-term issuer rating: AA-	Outlook: Stable			
Rating and Investment Information, Inc. (R&I)	Issuer rating: A+	Outlook: Stable			

#### (3) Issuance of New Investment Units

There were no new investment units issued during the fiscal period under review, and there was no increase or decrease in the total number of units issued and outstanding or unitholders' capital. Issuance of new investment units until the end of the previous fiscal period is as follows:

D .	Remark	Total number of units issued and outstanding		Unitholders' capital		Note
Date		Un	Units		Millions of yen	
		Change	Total	Change	Total	
June 20, 2003	Incorporation through private offering	400	400	¥ 200	¥ 200	(Note 1)
September 10, 2003	Issuance of units through public offering	97,600	98,000	¥ 49,917	¥ 50,117	(Note 2)
August 3, 2004	Issuance of units through public offering	42,000	140,000	¥ 26,481	¥ 76,599	(Note 3)
August 25, 2004	Issuance of units through third-party allotment	2,000	142,000	¥ 1,261	¥ 77,860	(Note 4)
August 1, 2005	Issuance of units through public offering	26,700	168,700	¥ 19,658	¥ 97,519	(Note 5)
August 26, 2005	Issuance of units through third-party allotment	680	169,380	¥ 500	¥ 98,019	(Note 6)
August 12, 2013	Issuance of units through public offering	23,764	193,144	¥ 11,327	¥ 109,346	(Note 7)
September 10, 2013	Issuance of units through third-party allotment	2,376	195,520	¥ 1,132	¥ 110,479	(Note 8)
February 1, 2014	Split of units	782,080	977,600		¥ 110,479	(Note 9)

- Note 1. TOKYU REIT was incorporated at an offer price of ¥500,000 per unit.
- Note 2. Issued new investment units through public offering at an offer price of ¥530,000 (issue price: ¥511,450) per unit for the purpose of acquiring new properties.
- Note 3. Issued new investment units through a public offering at an offer price of ¥652,484 (issue price: ¥630,512) per unit for the purpose of acquiring new properties and repayments of short-term loans.
- Note 4. Issued new investment units through a third-party allotment at an issue price of ¥630,512 per unit for the purpose of acquiring new properties and repayments of short-term loans.
- Note 5. Issued new investment units through a public offering at an offer price of ¥761,950 (issue price: ¥736,292) per unit for the purpose of acquiring new properties and the repayment of short-term loans.
- Note 6. Issued new investment units through third-party allotment at an issue price of \(\frac{4}{736,292}\) per unit for the purpose of acquiring new properties and repayments of short-term loans.
- Note 7. Issued new investment units through a public offering at an offer price of ¥493,350 (issue price: ¥476,652) per unit for the purpose of acquiring new properties.
- Note 8. Issued new investment units through a third-party allotment at an issue price of ¥476,652 per unit for the purpose of acquiring new properties.
- Note 9. TOKYU REIT conducted a five-for-one split of investment units with January 31, 2014 as the reference date and February 1, 2014 as the effective date.

#### [Movements of Market Price]

The highest and lowest (closing price) market prices on the Tokyo Stock Exchange, on which the investment certificates of TOKYU REIT are listed, are as follows:

	38th fiscal period From February 1, 2022	37th fiscal period From August 1, 2021	36th fiscal period From February 1, 2021	35th fiscal period From August 1, 2020	34th fiscal period From February 1, 2020
	to July 31, 2022	to January 31, 2022	to July 31, 2021 Yen	to January 31, 2021	to July 31, 2020
Highest	¥ 199,000	¥ 201,500	¥ 209,700	¥ 168,000	¥ 211,600
Lowest	¥ 177,000	¥ 177,800	¥ 163,700	¥ 128,600	¥ 91,200

#### (4) Distribution Information

In the 38th fiscal period, ¥423 million of the ¥1,452 million in capital gains from the disposition of the Akasaka 4-chome Building (Tokyu Agency Inc. Head Office Building) on March 31, 2022, was retained in reserve for reduction entry pursuant to the special provisions for taxation in the case of replacement by purchase of specified assets (Article 65-7 of the Special Taxation Measures Law). Consequently, with respect to the distribution, TOKYU REIT decided to distribute unappropriated retained earnings, less the concerned reserve for reduction entry, in the entire amount (except for the rounding amount, which is the distribution per unit of less than ¥1) for application of Article 67-15 of the Special Taxation Measures Law that allows TOKYU REIT to deduct the maximum amount of profit distribution from its taxable income. Accordingly, the distribution per unit for the 38th fiscal period was ¥4,005.

	38th fiscal period From	37th fiscal period From	36th fiscal period From	35th fiscal period From	34th fiscal period From
	February 1, 2022 to July 31, 2022	August 1, 2021 to January 31, 2022	February 1, 2021 to July 31, 2021	August 1, 2020 to January 31, 2021	February 1, 2020 to July 31, 2020
		Millions o	of yen, except per	unit data	•
Unappropriated retained earnings	¥ 4,339	¥ 7,071	¥ 3,540	¥ 4,083	¥ 3,855
Undistributed earnings	¥ 424	¥ 3,209	¥ 0	¥ 407	¥ 384
Cash distribution	¥ 3,915	¥ 3,861	¥ 3,539	¥ 3,675	¥ 3,471
[Cash distribution per unit]	[¥ 4,005]	[¥ 3,950]	[¥ 3,621]	[¥ 3,760]	[¥ 3,551]
Cash distribution of accumulated earnings	¥ 3,915	¥ 3,861	¥ 3,539	¥ 3,675	¥ 3,471
[Cash distribution of accumulated earnings per unit]	[¥ 4,005]	[¥ 3,950]	[¥ 3,621]	[¥ 3,760]	[¥ 3,551]
Cash distribution in excess of accumulated earnings	_	_	_	_	_
[Cash distribution in excess of accumulated earnings per unit]	[-]	[-]	[-]	[-]	[-]
Cash distribution from allowance for temporary difference adjustment	_	_	_	_	_
[Cash distribution from allowance for temporary difference adjustment per unit]	[-]	[-]	[-]	[-]	[-]
Cash distribution from distribution accompanying decrease in capital, etc. under tax law	_	_	_	_	_
[Cash distribution from distribution accompanying decrease in capital, etc. under tax law per unit	[-]	[–]	[–]	[–]	[-]

- (5) Future Policies of Investment Management
- (1) Forecast of Future Movement

The economic outlook is that the economy is expected to pick up due in part to the effects of various measures and policies for progressing the normalization of economic and social activities while taking all possible measures against COVID-19. However, the downside risks from financial and capital market volatility amid global monetary tightening, rising raw material prices and supply-side constraints require due attention.

In light of such an outlook, in the real estate leasing market, the shrinking office demand from teleworking becoming commonplace and a large volume of building construction in the five central Tokyo wards expected to be completed in 2023 lead to the forecast of an adjustment phase for the office market.

In the real estate trading market, despite concerns over risks of prices rising, investors maintain an active stance overall on the back of the depreciation of the yen, overseas interest rate hikes and other factors. However, the forecast is that the volume of transactions will continue to trend downward, as it would be difficult to secure returns in the Tokyo area with it remaining in the high price range.

#### ② Future Policies of Investment Management and Issues to be Countered

Adopting a basic policy of "investment in highly competitive properties in areas with strong growth potential," TOKYU REIT engages in investment by placing Central Tokyo and Tokyu Areas (see Note 1 below) as focused investment target areas and setting certain criteria for location, use, investment size, etc. In addition, in the selection of individual properties, TOKYU REIT conducts a comprehensive consideration of the expected earnings of the property, future potential of the area it is located in, etc. In this manner, TOKYU REIT will keep obtaining a balanced mix of competitive, high-quality properties from the real estate investment market as well as Tokyu Corporation and its subsidiaries (see Note 2 below).

Note 1. "Central Tokyo" is the five central Tokyo wards (Chiyoda, Chuo, Minato, Shinjuku and Shibuya wards) and other major commercial and retail districts of Tokyo (the areas surrounding Ikebukuro, Koraku, Ueno and other areas).

"Tokyu Areas" is the Tokyu rail network hub (Shibuya ward) and other Tokyu rail network areas (Tokyo (Shinagawa, Meguro, Setagaya and Ota wards, and Machida city); Yokohama city, Kanagawa prefecture (Kohoku, Kanagawa, Naka, Nishi, Midori, Aoba and Tsuzuki wards); Kawasaki city, Kanagawa prefecture (Nakahara, Takatsu and Miyamae wards); and Yamato city, Kanagawa prefecture).

Shibuya ward is included in both Central Tokyo and Tokyu Areas.

"Other" is other districts in the Tokyo Metropolitan Area, including Kanagawa, Saitama and Chiba prefectures (excluding the separately mentioned areas above).

The same applies hereafter.

Note 2. Tokyu Corporation and its subsidiaries refer to any of (i) to (iii) below:

- (i) Tokyu Corporation
- (ii) A consolidated subsidiary of Tokyu Corporation
- (iii) A tokutei mokuteki kaisha (TMK) or special purpose entity (SPE) that was established based on the intention of Tokyu Corporation or a consolidated subsidiary of Tokyu Corporation and where the share of investment by silent partnerships or other investment shares in that entity by the respective company exceeds 50%

TOKYU REIT will endeavor to achieve internal growth by enhancing earnings stability and growth potential through collaboration with Tokyu Corporation and its subsidiaries in property maintenance and management aspects. To that end, by maintaining a careful watch on corporate earnings and consumption trends, TOKYU REIT will make every effort to manage facilities in a way that makes each property the choice of corporate tenants and visitors over the medium to long term. Specifically, with the objective of maintaining and raising rent levels, TOKYU REIT will make strategic and appropriate renovations commensurate with the grade of the properties being improved and implement leasing activities from a medium to long term perspective. TOKYU REIT will also implement appropriate cost control measures with regard to maintenance fees and additional capital expenditures.

The investment environment assessment at the end of the 38th fiscal period was that the price of real estate in the Tokyo Metropolitan Area continues to hover at a high level despite the uncertain state of the real estate trading market, and thus in the "sales and replacement phase" of the "Long-Term Investment Management Strategy (Surf Plan)." Within the Tokyo Metropolitan Area, expectations are for the price of real estate in Shibuya and Tokyu Areas to rise as development of the Greater Shibuya Area (within a 2.5 km radius of Shibuya Station) and Tokyu Areas will continue following the development of the area surrounding Shibuya Station by Tokyu Corporation, the sponsor. These lead to increase in unrealized gains of the portfolio properties of TOKYU REIT, which places Central Tokyo and Tokyu Areas as focused investment target areas.

Based on the environment described above, TOKYU REIT will conduct property replacement after taking into consideration the portfolio properties' total return (see Note 3 below), property age, location, etc., as well as consider the acquisition and retirement of treasury investment units by using surplus funds that accrue from property replacement, in line with the "Long-Term Investment Management Strategy (Surf Plan)" and "Capital Re-investment Model."

Note 3. Portfolio properties' total return is composed of income return (rental revenues, etc.) of each fiscal period and future capital return (gains on sales).

Furthermore, to assure transparency, Tokyu REIM will improve external audit functions and disclosure activities so as to fulfill its responsibilities as a REIT fund manager operating according to global standards.

In March 2022, Tokyu REIM established a Sustainability Policy, and also installed a Sustainability Promotion Committee as part of its efforts to develop a system to continuously and systematically promote and discuss company-wide sustainability initiatives. In addition, in August 2022, Tokyu REIM expressed its support for the recommendations of the Task Force on Climate-related Financial Disclosures (TCFD). TOKYU REIT will work together with Tokyu REIM to promote initiatives that advance contributions to realize a sustainable society, while aiming to enhance portfolio value and maximize unitholder value.

#### (6) Subsequent Events

The following events occurred after the end of the 38th fiscal period of TOKYU REIT.

#### ① Disposition of Assets

Sale and purchase agreement for disposition of the following asset was executed on October 28, 2022.

(i) Type of asset: Trust beneficiary interest in domestic real estate

(ii) Property name: Tokyu Ginza 2-chome Building

(iii) Disposition price (Note): ¥8,970 million (iv) Contract date: October 28, 2022 (v) Disposition date: November 30, 2022 (vi) Purchaser: KR Ginza TMK

(vii) Posting of gain on sale of real estate and reserve for reduction entry:

Gain on sale of real estate of \$4,586 million and provision of reserve for reduction entry under special provisions for property replacement of \$2,958 million are expected to be posted in the six months ending January 31, 2023 (39th fiscal

period).

Note. 'Disposition price' is the amount exclusive of the expenses required for disposition of the asset (property-related taxes, etc.).

#### ② Acquisition of Asset

The following acquisition of assets were decided on September 14, 2022. The acquisition take place on January 31, 2023.

(i) Type of asset: Domestic real estate(ii) Property name: Futako Tamagawa Rise

(iii) Acquisition price (Note 1): \$\ \cup 20,200\$ million (iv) Contract date: \$\ \text{September 14, 2022}\$ (v) Acquisition date: \$\ \text{January 31, 2023}\$

(vi) Seller: TOKYU LAND CORPORATION (vii) Financing: Debt financing and cash on hand

Note 1. 'Acquisition price' is the amount exclusive of the expenses required for acquisition of the asset (property-related taxes, etc.).

Note 2. The purchase and sale agreement concerning the Acquisition falls within forward commitments, etc. by investment corporations as defined in the Comprehensive Guidelines for Supervision of Financial Instruments Business Operators, Etc. set forth by the Financial Services Agency. The overview of the provisions regarding the penalty stipulated in the purchase and sale agreement for the Transaction is as follows.

When either party violates the agreed matters (including but not limited to provisions of representations and warranties.) stipulated in the purchase and sale agreement for the Transaction and such violation results in failure of achieving the purpose of the said purchase and sale agreement, the counterparty may cancel the said purchase and sale agreement before the completion of the Transaction. If such violation is due to reasons attributable to the violating party, the counterparty with a right to cancel the agreement may demand that the violating party pay a penalty in the amount equivalent to 5% of the purchase/sales price in the said purchase and sale agreement within 30 days of the cancellation of said purchase and sale agreement.

TOKYU REIT plans to allocate borrowings and cash on hand to the acquisition funds of the Property. However, as of the date of this document, it is believed that there are no concerns over the acquisition of the Property and that there will be no material impact on the financial status, etc. even if a penalty will be paid, in light of the cash and deposits held by TOKYU REIT, cash flow of TOKYU REIT and the credit limit for the commitment line agreement which has already been arranged. Therefore, TOKYU REIT believes that the acquisition of the Property is unlikely

to have a material impact on its financial status and payment of distribution, etc.

# (Reference Information) Property Details

Property name		Futako Tamagawa Rise					
	ecified asset	Domestic r					
			Block I-b	2-5000-2, Tamagawa, Setagaya-ku, Tokyo			
		Land	Block II-a	1-5100-1, 1-5100-4, 1-5100-5, Tamagawa, Setagaya-ku, Tokyo			
		(Note 1)	Block II-b	2-5000-3, Tamagawa, Setagaya-ku, Tokyo			
Location			Block III (Plaza Mall)	1-5000, Tamagawa, Setagaya-ku, Tokyo			
			Block I-b	2-5000-2, Tamagawa, Setagaya-ku, Tokyo Building name (whole building): Futako Tamagawa Rise Block I-b Building name (exclusive area): A, A0, B1, B071, B072, B073, B21, B22, B1001, P1 parking lot, No.2 bicycle parking area			
	Registered	Building (Note 2)	Block II-a	1-5100-1, 1-5100-4, 1-5100-5, Tamagawa, Setagaya-ku, Tokyo Building name (whole building): Futako Tamagawa Rise Block II-a Building name (exclusive area): Retail store A1, Retail store A2, Retail store A3, Retail store A4, Retail store A5, Retail store A6, Office B1, Office B2, Office B3, Cinema complex, Fitness club, Hotel, P3 and P4 parking lot, No.4 bicycle parking area, No.5 bicycle parking area			
			Block II-b	2-5000-3, Tamagawa, Setagaya-ku, Tokyo Building name (whole building): Futako Tamagawa Rise Birds Mall & Residence Building name (exclusive area): 202, P2 parking lot, No.3 bicycle parking area			
			Block III (Plaza Mall)	1-5000, Tamagawa, Setagaya-ku, Tokyo Building name (whole building): Futako Tamagawa Rise Plaza Mall Building name (exclusive area): 101, 102, 103, 203			
	e from nearest			ute walk from Futako-tamagawa Station on the Tokyu			
train statio	n (Note 3)	Den-en-toshi Line and Oimachi Line					
Use		Retail, Offi	ce, Cinema, Hot	tel Land area: 13,416.66 m <sup>2</sup>			
			Block I-b	Percentage of site rights to be acquired: 1,098,663/10,000,000			
			Block II-a	Land area: 28,082.83 m <sup>2</sup> Percentage of site rights to be acquired: 126,480/1,000,000			
Site/Floor area		(Note 4)	Block II-b	Land area: 3,472.03 m <sup>2</sup> Percentage of site rights to be acquired: 21,160/1,000,000			
(Registered)			Block III	Land area: 296.51 m <sup>2</sup>			
			(Plaza Mall)  Block I-b	Percentage of site rights to be acquired: 4,516/94,273  Entire building: 99,137.30 m <sup>2</sup> Exclusive area of compartments under compartmentalized ownership pertaining to the acquisition: 77,290.76 m <sup>2</sup> Of such area, the ownership interest to be acquired is 10.7% (retail: 3.2%, office: 7.4%)			

			Entire building: 154,232.18 m <sup>2</sup>		
		Block II-a	Exclusive area of compartments under compartmentalized ownership pertaining to the acquisition: 118,463.13 m <sup>2</sup> Of such area, the ownership interest to be acquired is 12.7% (retail: 5.4%, hotel: 0.5%, office: 6.8%)		
		Block II-b	Entire building: 7,502.36 m <sup>2</sup> Exclusive area of compartments under compartmentalized ownership pertaining to the acquisition: 3,277.59 m <sup>2</sup> Of such area, the ownership interest to be acquired is 4.5% (retail)		
		Block III (Plaza Mall)	Entire building: 1,385.49 m <sup>2</sup> Exclusive area of compartments under compartmentalized ownership pertaining to the acquisition: 566.94 m <sup>2</sup> Of such area, the ownership interest to be acquired is 7.5% (retail)		
	Block I-b		S/RC/SRC, B3/16F		
Structure/Floors	Block II-a		RC, B3/30F		
(Registered)	Block II-b		RC, B1/3F		
	Block III (Plaza Mall)		RC/S, 2F		
	Block I-b		November 2010		
Completion date	Block II-a		June 2015		
(Registered)	Block II-b		April 2010		
	Block III (F	laza Mall)	April 2010		
Seller		d Corporation			
	Land		of site rights (proprietary ownership)		
Type of ownership	Building		of compartmentalized ownership (Note 6)		
Total number of	141	Г	result in the second of the se		
tenants (Note 7)	141				
Acquisition price (Note 8)	¥20,200 mi	llion			
Appraisal value	¥20,400 mi	llion (effective d	ate of value: August 1, 2022)		
at time of acquisition					
Special items	<ol> <li>Appraiser: Daiwa Real Estate Appraisal Co., Ltd.</li> <li>The Property is a sectionally owned building, and TOKYU REIT is scheduled to acquire co-ownership interest in part of the exclusively owned portion and co-ownership interest in site rights.</li> <li>Due to the acquisition of co-ownership interest in the sectionally owned building, part of the position of Tokyu Land Corporation in the basic agreement on operation and management concluded with Tokyu Corporation and Tokyu Land Corporation, which are co-owners of the Property, is scheduled to be inherited. The basic agreement on operation and management (including amendments scheduled to be made at the same time as the acquisition by TOKYU REIT) requires (1) not demanding division of shared property; (2) prioritizing other co-owners in holding negotiations when selling co-ownership interest to a third party; (3) having the buyer inherit the position under the agreement when selling co-ownership interest; and (4) establishing a council for discussing management and operation, stipulating items for proposing matters that need to be discussed, and determining them based on the discussion and agreement by co-owners, but it has been stipulated that determination shall be made based on the business ratio only when prompt business promotion is necessary.</li> <li>An agreement on the management and operation of Futako Tamagawa Rise has been concluded by some management associations and operators of each block of Futako Tamagawa Rise (including the blocks which will not be acquired by TOKYU REIT), and matters on integrated and unified management and mutual</li> </ol>				

- use of the sites, buildings, attached equipment and attached facilities, which will be jointly used at the entire building of Futako Tamagawa Rise, have been stipulated.
- 4. The co-owners of part of the exclusively owned portion of Block I-b have concluded a co-owner partnership agreement, and TOKYU REIT is scheduled to acquire the position of the member. The co-owner partnership agreement and articles of partnership (including amendments thereafter) require (1) not demanding division of shared property; (2) obtaining approval of the board of directors of the association and prioritizing other co-owners in holding negotiations when selling co-ownership interest to a third party; and (3) having the buyer inherit the position under the agreement when selling co-ownership interest.
- 5. Due to the acquisition of co-ownership interest in the sectionally owned building, the position of Tokyu Land Corporation in the basic agreement among co-owners concluded with the co-owners of part of the exclusively owned portion of Block II-a, Tokyu Corporation and Tokyu Land Corporation is scheduled to be inherited. Each basic agreement (including amendments thereafter) requires (1) not demanding division of shared property; (2) prioritizing other co-owners in holding negotiations when selling co-ownership interest to a third party; and (3) having the buyer inherit the position under the agreement when selling co-ownership interest.
- 6. The seller is responsible for resolving all for the multiple problems related to legal compliance pointed out in the periodical inspection reports, periodical inspection reports (building facilities (excluding elevator)), periodical inspection reports (fire prevention facilities), periodical inspection reports (elevator), fire protection and fire-control facilities, etc. inspection result report, fire protection and fire-control facilities, etc.) inspection result report, test report of electric facilities for private use, periodical investigation report of specific buildings and building assessment reports at its expense no later than the day before the disposition date. However, if the current owner cannot complete the correction by the above deadline due to inevitable reasons, the seller may apply for the extension of the deadline after reporting the reason in writing in advance, and if an agreement on corrective measures is reached with TOKYU REIT (however, TOKYU REIT shall not unreasonably obstruct the agreement), an agreement to complete the correction within a reasonable period recognized by TOKYU REIT will be reached.

- 7. Regardless of 6 above, the seller and Tokyu Corporation, which is one of the co-owners, are taking corrective actions due to the malfunction of some fire protection facilities (sprinkler) installed at the building, but the procurement of the parts necessary for the correction is unforeseeable due to a lack of parts on a global scale, and it is uncertain whether said correction will be completed by the time of acquisition by TOKYU REIT, but the correction is scheduled to be carried out at the responsibility and burden of them as soon as the parts are delivered.
- Of the wall between the compartments under compartmentalized ownership pertaining to acquisition and the adjacent compartment, approval for implementing restoration work for part of the removed wall has been obtained from the tenant and the owner of the adjacent compartment, and an agreement has been reached with the seller to complete the work by August 31, 2023. However, if the seller cannot complete the reconstruction work of the sectionally owned wall by said deadline due to natural disasters or other force majeure, lack of materials on a global scale or other inevitable reasons (however, reasons attributable or related to tenants leasing said compartment are excluded), the seller can apply for the extension of the deadline after reporting the reason in writing in advance, and if an agreement on corrective measures is reached with TOKYU REIT (however, TOKYU REIT shall not unreasonably obstruct the agreement), the reconstruction work of the sectionally owned wall shall be completed within a reasonable period recognized by TOKYU REIT. By assuming the above, TOKYU REIT judges that there will be no operational issues in relation to said work. In addition, if there are issues such as complaints, such issues shall be handled at the responsibility and cost of the seller. Furthermore, if the seller violates the obligations related to said wall based on a reason attributable to it, the seller shall compensate for the causally related damage to TOKYU REIT caused by such violation without delay.

Special items

- 9. A compartmentalized land surface right has been established for part of the land in Block II-a. Tokyo Metropolitan Government holds the land surface right for the purpose of sewer pipe installation and for the duration of the sewer pipes' existence. Any land rent in connection with said right will not be charged.
- 10. According to the flood hazard map, part of the Property is located in an anticipated inundation area where a maximum flood of 10-20 meters is assumed to occur.
- 11. TOKYU REIT plans to lease the exclusively owned portion, which is shared with some co-owners of Block I-b and Block II-a, together with Tokyu Corporation (as a result, TOKYU REIT will pay lease deposits for Block II-a) and sublease said portion to tenants.
- 12. In Block II-a and Block III, TOKYU REIT is using the space above the road as a pedestrian bridge after obtaining permission for occupancy of roads from Setagaya City.
- Note 1. As for the land indicated in the column of Block III (Plaza Mall), site rights have also been registered for buildings other than the building to be acquired by TOKYU REIT.
- Note 2. The four buildings whose co-ownership interests in compartmentalized ownership are scheduled to be acquired by TOKYU REIT are recognized as four buildings also in the register and the Building Standards Act. The building name (exclusive area) is indicated only for the sections that are scheduled to be acquired.
- Note 3. The description on Block I-b is shown. The figure is calculated based on it taking one minute to walk a road distance of 80 meters pursuant to the Fair Competition Codes Regarding the Description of Real Estate.
- Note 4. The land portion of Oak Mall is included in the land area of Block I-b.

  The land area of Block III (Plaza Mall) is the figure calculated by multiplying the entire land area in Block III (25,180.97 m²) by 94,273/8,006,098, which is the percentage of site rights for Plaza Mall.
- Note 5. The ownership interest to be acquired is the estimated figure calculated based on the percentage of exclusive area.

  The building portion of Oak Mall is included in the entire building area of Block I-b.

  For Block III (Plaza Mall), the common element of the housing complex in the entire area of Block III is also shared separately.
- Note 6. The ownership is indicated based on the display in the register. For the wall between part of the compartments under compartmentalized ownership pertaining to acquisition and the adjacent

compartment, please refer to "Special Items 8."

Note 7. 'Total number of tenants' is as at the end of July 2022.

Note 8. 'Acquisition price' is the amount exclusive of the expenses required for acquisition of the asset

(property-related taxes, etc.).

#### ③ Issuance of investment corporation bonds (Green Bonds)

Based on the "information on the engagement of underwriters for investment corporation bond offerings" at the meeting of the Board of Directors of TOKYU REIT held on November 26, 2021, investment corporation bonds were issued on October 14, 2022, and payments for such have been completed.

Name: TOKYU REIT, Inc. 9th Series Unsecured Investment Corporation

Bond

(Ranks pari passu in right of payment with certain investment

corporation bonds) (Green bonds)

Total issue amount: ¥3,000 million

Issue price: Nominal par value of each bond: ¥100 per ¥100 Redemption value: Nominal par value of each bond: ¥100 per ¥100

Annual interest rate: 0.360%

Security/Guarantee: Unsecured and unguaranteed

Maturity date: The entire amount will be redeemed on October 14, 2027.

The investment corporation bonds may be redeemed at any time from the day following the payment date, unless determined otherwise by Japan Securities Depository Center, Incorporated.

Interest payment dates: April 14 and October 14 every year

Underwriters: Mizuho Securities Co., Ltd.

Use of funds: The funds were allocated as part of funds for the repayment of

the 3rd Unsecured Investment Corporation Bonds due for

repayment on October 21, 2022.

#### 2. Company Profiles

#### (1) Summary of Unitholders' Contributions

	38th fiscal period As of July 31, 2022	37th fiscal period As of January 31, 2022	36th fiscal period As of July 31, 2021	35th fiscal period As of January 31, 2021	34th fiscal period As of July 31, 2020
Total number of units authorized (units)	10,000,000	10,000,000	10,000,000	10,000,000	10,000,000
Total number of units issued and outstanding (units)	977,600	977,600	977,600	977,600	977,600
Unitholders' capital (millions of yen)	¥ 110,479	¥ 110,479	¥ 110,479	¥ 110,479	¥ 110,479
Number of unitholders (persons)	10,116	10,190	10,162	10,585	10,789

### (2) Details Regarding TOKYU REIT's Investment Units The following table sets forth the major unitholders of TOKYU REIT as of July 31, 2022.

Name	Address	Number of units owned	As a percentage of total number of units issued and outstanding
		Units	%
Custody Bank of Japan, Ltd. (trust account)	1-8-12, Harumi, Chuo-ku, Tokyo	310,432	31.75
The Master Trust Bank of Japan, Ltd. (trust account)	2-11-3, Hamamatsu-cho, Minato-ku, Tokyo	153,084	15.66
Tokyu Corporation	5-6, Nampeidai-cho, Shibuya-ku, Tokyo	49,000	5.01
The Nomura Trust and Banking Co., Ltd. (investment trust account)	2-2-2, Otemachi, Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo	42,319	4.33
State Street Bank West Client - Treaty 505234 (Standing Proxy: Mizuho Bank, Ltd.)	Shinagawa Intercity Tower A, 2-15-1, Konan, Minato-ku, Tokyo	15,729	1.61
JPMorgan Chase Bank 385781 (Standing Proxy: Mizuho Bank, Ltd.)	Shinagawa Intercity Tower A, 2-15-1, Konan, Minato-ku, Tokyo	11,773	1.20
SSBTC Client Omnibus Account (Standing Proxy: The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited Tokyo Branch)	3-11-1, Nihonbashi, Chuo-ku, Tokyo	11,197	1.15
Legal + General Assurance Pensions Management Limited (Standing Proxy: Citibank, N.A., Tokyo Branch)	6-27-30, Shinjuku, Shinjuku-ku, Tokyo	10,143	1.04
JPMorgan Chase Bank 385771 (Standing Proxy: Mizuho Bank, Ltd.)	Shinagawa Intercity Tower A, 2-15-1, Konan, Minato-ku, Tokyo		0.95
SMBC Nikko Securities Inc.	3-3-1, Marunouchi, Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo	8,230	0.84
To	otal	621,147	63.54

Note. '(Number of units owned) As a percentage of total number of units issued and outstanding' is rounded to two decimal places. Therefore, the sum total of the items may not necessarily correspond to the 'Total' figure.

- (3) Details of TOKYU REIT's Directors and Auditor
- ① Name of Directors and Auditor (as of July 31, 2022)

Title	Name	Title at other companies	Total fee for each title (Note 2) (Thousands of yen)
Executive Director	Kazuyoshi Kashiwazaki	Representative Director & President, and Chief Executive Officer of Tokyu Real Estate Investment Management Inc.	¥ — (Note 3)
Supervisory Director	Maruhito Kondo	Head of Maruhito Kondo Law Office Lawyer	¥ 3,000
Supervisory Director	Takashi Aikawa	Representative Partner of Shinsoh Audit Corporation Certified public accountant	¥ 3,000
Independent Auditor	PricewaterhouseCoopers Aarata LLC		¥ 10,000

- Note 1. The executive director, supervisory directors and independent auditor do not possess investment units of TOKYU REIT under their own name nor under another person's name. Although there are cases in which supervisory directors could be directors of companies other than those stated above, none of the companies or those stated above have vested interest in TOKYU REIT.
- Note 2. The amount paid to the executive director and supervisory directors in the fiscal period under review and the amount payable to the independent auditor for audits pertaining to the fiscal period under review are shown.
- Note 3. The executive director serves without compensation from TOKYU REIT.
- ② Policies Regarding Decision of Dismissing and Not Reappointing Independent Auditors TOKYU REIT shall observe the stipulations in the Law Concerning Investment Trust and Investment Corporation (Law No. 198 of 1951, including amendments thereto) ("Investment Trust Law") in making decisions for the dismissal of an independent auditor. With regard to the abrogation of an independent auditor's reappointment, appropriate decisions shall be made at TOKYU REIT's Board of Directors meetings with due consideration given to audit quality, compensation and various other factors.

#### (4) Details Regarding Directors and Officers Liability Insurance Contract

Insured parties	Contract details
	<insured events=""> Insurance coverage is provided for the compensation for damages, litigation expenses, etc. incurred by the insured parties should claims be made against the insured parties for damages arising from acts in their capacity as directors of TOKYU REIT.</insured>
Executive directors and supervisory directors	<share burden="" expenses="" insurance="" of=""> The insurance expenses are fully borne by TOKYU REIT.</share>
	<measures duties="" ensure="" execution="" impaired="" is="" not="" of="" proper="" the="" to=""> No insurance coverage is provided for cases such as damages incurred by the insured parties from criminal acts, acts conducted while aware that doing so would be in violation of laws and regulations, etc.</measures>

(5) Investment Management Company, Asset Custodian and General Administrators
The following table sets forth information about TOKYU REIT's investment management
company, asset custodian and general administrators as of July 31, 2022.

Business to be entrusted	Name
Investment Management Company	Tokyu Real Estate Investment Management Inc.
Asset Custodian	Mitsubishi UFJ Trust and Banking Corporation
General Administrator (accounting matters, running of the organization, transfer agent for investment units, etc.)	Mitsubishi UFJ Trust and Banking Corporation
General Administrator (administration of investment corporation bonds)	MUFG Bank, Ltd. Sumitomo Mitsui Trust Bank, Limited

#### 3. Portfolio Profile

#### (1) Asset Composition

				al period y 31, 2022	37th fiscal period As of January 31, 2022		
Asset type	Use	Area	Total amount held	As a percentage of total assets	Total amount held	As a percentage of total assets	
			Millions of yen	%	As of January 31, 2022  Total As a amount percentage of		
		Shibuya Ward	¥ 11,248	5.0	¥ 11,267	5.0	
	Retail	Tokyu Areas (excluding Shibuya Ward)	2,228	1.0	2,238	1.0	
		Sub total	13,476	6.0	13,505	6.0	
		Shibuya Ward	11,311	5.0	11,343	5.0	
	Office	Central Tokyo (excluding Shibuya Ward)	42,951	19.1	41,980	18.5	
Real estate	Office	Tokyu Areas (excluding Shibuya Ward)	8,407	3.7	_	-   -	
Real estate		Sub total	62,670	27.9	53,323	23.5	
	Residence	Tokyu Areas (excluding Shibuya Ward)	2,683	1.2	2,690	1.2	
		Sub total	2,683	1.2	2,690	1.2	
	Land with leasehold interest	Tokyu Areas (excluding Shibuya Ward)	1,162	0.5	1,162	0.5	
		Other	_	_	1,432	0.6	
		Sub total	1,162	0.5	2,594	1.1	
	r	Гotal	79,993	35.6	72,114	31.8	
		Shibuya Ward	39,900	17.8	40,025	17.6	
	Retail	Central Tokyo (excluding Shibuya Ward)	4,681	2.1	4,678	2.1	
	Retail	Tokyu Areas (excluding Shibuya Ward)	3,178	1.4	3,178	1.4	
Trust		Sub total	47,760	21.3	47,883	21.1	
beneficiary interest in		Shibuya Ward	39,376	17.5	39,379	17.4	
real estate	Office	Central Tokyo (excluding Shibuya Ward)	41,408	18.4	49,456	21.8	
	Office	Tokyu Areas (excluding Shibuya Ward)	9,181	4.1	9,142	4.0	
		Sub total	89,966	40.1	97,978	43.2	
	r	Γotal	137,727	61.3	145,861	64.3	
Other assets			6,915	3.1	8,870	3.9	
	Total asset	s	¥ 224,636 [¥ 217,720]	100.0 [96.9]			

- Note 1. Regarding 'Area,' please refer to note 1 of '1. Financial Highlights (5) Future Policies of Investment Management ② Future Policies of Investment Management and Issues to be Countered.'
- Note 2. 'Total amount held' is the amount allocated in the balance sheet at the end of the period (as to properties, figures are net book value after deducting depreciation).
- Note 3. Figures in brackets of 'Total assets' represent the portion of actually held properties in the target assets above.
- Note 4. '(Total amount held) As a percentage of total assets' is rounded to one decimal place. Therefore, the sum total of the items may not necessarily correspond to the 'Total' figure.

(2) Major Portfolio Major portfolio held by TOKYU REIT as of July 31, 2022 is as follows:

Name of property	Book value	Total leasable area	Leased area	Occupancy rate	As a percentage of revenue from property leasing	Main use
	Millions of yen	m <sup>2</sup>	m <sup>2</sup>	%	%	
QFRONT	¥ 13,421	4,502.93	4,502.93	100.0	11.7	Retail
Lexington Aoyama	4,681	2,094.96	2,094.96	100.0	2.2	Retail
TOKYU REIT Omotesando Square	5,634	2,669.10	2,669.10	100.0	2.6	Retail
TOKYU REIT Shibuya Udagawa-cho Square	6,546	1,543.05	1,543.05	100.0	3.8	Retail
cocoti	20,844	8,295.62	7,734.21	93.2	9.4	Retail
CONZE Ebisu	4,702	2,327.00	1,995.89	85.8	1.6	Retail
TOKYU REIT Shimokitazawa Square	2,228	1,246.98	1,246.98	100.0	0.7	Retail
TOKYU REIT Jiyugaoka Square	3,178	1,231.80	1,231.80	100.0	1.2	Retail
Tokyu Nampeidai-cho Building	4,054	7,148.18	7,148.18	100.0	2.7	Office
Tokyu Sakuragaoka-cho Building	6,341	4,737.19	4,737.19	100.0	3.8	Office
Tokyo Nissan Taito Building	3,734	7,877.43	7,877.43	100.0	3.1	Office
TOKYU REIT Kamata Building	3,749	7,337.82	7,337.82	100.0	3.6	Office
TOKYU REIT Toranomon Building	9,809	10,247.06	9,883.42	96.5	5.6	Office
Tokyu Ikejiri-ohashi Building	5,432	5,733.23	4,645.88	81.0	2.7	Office
Kojimachi Square	8,290	5,409.10	4,970.09	91.9	3.0	Office
TOKYU REIT Shinjuku Building	8,695	6,270.68	5,523.89	88.1	4.3	Office
Akihabara Sanwa Toyo Building	4,530	4,538.02	3,401.13	74.9	2.4	Office
Tokyu Ginza 2-chome Building	4,293	3,473.16	3,473.16	100.0	2.4	Office
TOKYU REIT Shibuya R Building	5,303	5,246.68	5,246.68	100.0	4.2	Office
Tokyu Toranomon Building	17,373	11,029.27	4,398.55	39.9	1.5	Office
TOKYU REIT Shinjuku 2 Building	2,779	1,790.46	1,790.46	100.0	1.2	Office
Tokyu Bancho Building	12,706	6,137.50	6,137.50	100.0	5.2	Office
TOKYU REIT Ebisu Building	4,612	1,872.61	1,872.61	100.0	1.1	Office
Shibuya Dogenzaka Sky Building	5,734	4,136.05	3,428.72	82.9	3.8	Office
OKI Shibaura Office	12,147	18,102.32	18,102.32	100.0	5.8	Office
TOKYU REIT Shibuya Miyashita Koen Building	6,007	2,299.75	2,299.75	100.0	1.8	Office
Aoyama Oval Building	18,634	8,527.89	8,236.95	96.6	5.1	Office
Meguro Higashiyama Building	8,407	6,152.43	4,739.59	77.0	1.7	Office
Maison Peony Toritsudaigaku	1,195	852.16	852.16	100.0	0.4	Residence
STYLIO FIT Musashikosugi	1,488	1,830.00	1,830.00	100.0	0.6	Residence
REVE Nakameguro (land with leasehold interest)	1,162	497.02	497.02	100.0	0.3	Land with leasehold interest
Total	¥ 217,720	155,157.45	141,449.42	91.2	99.5	

- Note 1. The properties listed above except for TOKYU REIT Shibuya Udagawa-cho Square, CONZE Ebisu, TOKYU REIT Shimokitazawa Square, TOKYU REIT Toranomon Building, TOKYU REIT Shinjuku Building, Tokyu Ginza 2-chome Building, TOKYU REIT Shibuya R Building, Tokyu Toranomon Building, TOKYU REIT Shinjuku 2 Building, TOKYU REIT Shibuya Miyashita Koen Building, Meguro Higashiyama Building, Maison Peony Toritsudaigaku, STYLIO FIT Musashikosugi and REVE Nakameguro (land with leasehold interest) (total of 17 properties) are all owned in the form of trust beneficiary interest in real estate.
- 'Total leasable area' is the total area of the building's, facility's and land's leasable office, retail, warehouse, residential and land space as indicated in the agreements and drawings (common-use portion is included when leased). For Tokyu Nampeidai-cho Building, the area of parking lots is included. For QFRONT, the area of other compartmentalized owners' exclusive ownership portions is included since the fiduciary rents that area and leases it out as a block together with the entrusted property. For TOKYU REIT Toranomon Building, the area of the exclusive ownership portions co-owned with other compartmentalized owners is included since TOKYU REIT rents that area and leases it out together with the exclusive ownership portion under TOKYU REIT's proprietary ownership. For TOKYU REIT Shibuya R Building, the area of part of the exclusive ownership portions under the proprietary ownership of and the exclusive ownership portions co-owned with other compartmentalized owners is included since TOKYU REIT rents that area and leases it out together with the exclusive ownership portion under TOKYU REIT's proprietary ownership. For REVE Nakameguro (land with leasehold interest), the stated figure is the leased area of land. For Tokyu Bancho Building, the stated figure is calculated by multiplying the total leasable area of the whole building by the 52.6% quasi-co-ownership interest of the 95.1% compartmentalized ownership interest of the trust beneficiary interest. For Aoyama Oval Building, the part of the exclusive ownership portions co-owned with other compartmentalized owners is included since the fiduciary rents that area and leases it out together with the exclusive ownership portion under the fiduciary's proprietary ownership; and the stated figure is calculated by multiplying the total leased area of the whole building by the 47.5% quasi-co-ownership interest of the trust beneficiary interest.
- 'Leased area' is the area out of the total leasable area that is actually under lease agreements and leased (the area as indicated in the agreements; does not include lease agreements for parking lots, side signboards, etc.). For Tokyu Nampeidai-cho Building, the area of parking lots is included. For QFRONT, the area of other compartmentalized owners' exclusive ownership portions is included since the fiduciary rents that area and leases it out as a block together with the entrusted property. For TOKYU REIT Toranomon Building, the area of the exclusive ownership portions co-owned with other compartmentalized owners is included since TOKYU REIT rents that area and leases it out together with the exclusive ownership portion under TOKYU REIT's proprietary ownership. For TOKYU REIT Shibuya R Building, the part of the exclusive ownership portions under the proprietary ownership of and the exclusive ownership portions co-owned with other compartmentalized owners is included since TOKYU REIT rents that area and leases it out together with the exclusive ownership portion under TOKYU REIT's proprietary ownership. For REVE Nakameguro (land with leasehold interest), the stated figure is the leased area of land. For Tokyu Bancho Building, the stated figure is calculated by multiplying the total leased area of the whole building by the 52.6% quasi-co-ownership interest of the 95.1% compartmentalized ownership interest of the trust beneficiary interest. For Aoyama Oval Building, the part of the exclusive ownership portions co-owned with other compartmentalized owners is included since the fiduciary rents that area and leases it out together with the exclusive ownership portion under the fiduciary's proprietary ownership; and the stated figure is calculated by multiplying the total leased area of the whole building by the 47.5% guasi-co-ownership interest of the trust beneficiary interest.
- Note 4. 'Occupancy rate' is the leased area expressed as a percentage of total leasable area at the end of the period.
- Note 5. 'Occupancy rate' and '(Book value) As a percentage of revenue from property leasing' are rounded to one decimal place. Therefore, the sum total of the items may not necessarily correspond to the 'Total' figure.
- Note 6. The name of OKI Business Center No.5 was changed to OKI Shibaura Office on May 1, 2022 (the same hereafter).

# (3) Details of Properties in Portfolio The properties held by TOKYU REIT as of July 31, 2022 are as follows:

Use	Area		Location (lot number)	Investment type	Total leasable area	Appraisal value at end of period	Book value
			(lot Hamber)	type	m²	Millions of yen	Millions of yen
		QFRONT	75-8, etc., Udagawa-cho, Shibuya-ku, Tokyo	Trust beneficiary interest in real estate	4,502.93	¥ 37,500	¥ 13,421
		TOKYU REIT Omotesando Square	4-3-18, Jingumae, Shibuya- ku, Tokyo	Trust beneficiary interest in real estate	2,669.10	8,290	5,634
	Shibuya Ward	TOKYU REIT Shibuya Udagawa-cho Square	86-2, Udagawa-cho, Shibuya-ku, Tokyo	Real estate	1,543.05	12,800	6,546
cocoti 1-23-1, Shibuya, Shibuya-ku, Tokyo	Trust beneficiary interest in real estate	8,295.62	23,800	20,844			
Retail		CONZE Ebisu	2-3-5, etc., Ebisu Minami, Shibuya-ku, Tokyo	Real estate	2,327.00	5,290	4,702
×		Sub total			19,337.70	87,680	51,149
	Central Tokyo (excluding Shibuya Ward)	Lexington Aoyama	5-235-7, etc., Minami- Aoyama, Minato-ku, Tokyo	Trust beneficiary interest in real estate	2,094.96	6,260	4,681
		Sub total			2,094.96	6,260	4,681
	Tokyu Areas (excluding Shibuya Ward)	TOKYU REIT Shimokitazawa Square	6-1058-114, etc., Daita, Setagaya-ku, Tokyo	Real estate	1,246.98	2,260	2,228
		TOKYU REIT Jiyugaoka Square	2-20-10 and 2-20-11, Jiyugaoka, Meguro-ku, Tokyo	Trust beneficiary interest in real estate	1,231.80	3,510	3,178
		Sub total			2,478.78	5,770	5,406
		Total			23,911.44	99,710	61,237
		Tokyu Nampeidai-cho Building	12-3, Nampeidai-cho, Shibuya-ku, Tokyo	Trust beneficiary interest in real estate	7,148.18	7,760	4,054
		Tokyu Sakuragaoka-cho Building	109-9, Sakuragaoka-cho, Shibuya-ku, Tokyo	Trust beneficiary interest in real estate	4,737.19	12,100	6,341
		TOKYU REIT Shibuya R Building	3-10-2, etc., Shibuya, Shibuya-ku, Tokyo	Real estate	5,246.68	10,100	5,303
Office	Shibuya Ward	TOKYU REIT Ebisu Building	3-2-11, Higashi, Shibuya- ku, Tokyo	Trust beneficiary interest in real estate	1,872.61	4,860	4,612
0		Shibuya Dogenzaka Sky Building	22-1, etc., Maruyamacho, Shibuya-ku, Tokyo	Trust beneficiary interest in real estate	4,136.05	8,490	5,734
		TOKYU REIT Shibuya Miyashita Koen Building	1-17-5, etc., Shibuya, Shibuya-ku, Tokyo	Real estate	2,299.75	6,100	6,007
		Aoyama Oval Building	5-52-1, etc., Jingumae, Shibuya-ku, Tokyo	Trust beneficiary interest in real estate	8,527.89	19,500	18,634
		Sub total			33,968.35	68,910	50,688

Use	Area	Name of property	Location (lot number)	Investment type	Total leasable area	Appraisal value at end of period	Book value
				<i>y</i> 1	m <sup>2</sup>	Millions of yen	Millions of yen
		Tokyo Nissan Taito Building	2-120-2, etc., Moto- Asakusa, Taito-ku, Tokyo	Trust beneficiary interest in real estate	7,877.43	6,270	3,734
		TOKYU REIT Toranomon Building	3-45-6, Toranomon, Minato-ku, Tokyo	Real estate	10,247.06	14,100	9,809
		Kojimachi Square	3-9 and 3-3, Niban-cho, Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo	Trust beneficiary interest in real estate	5,409.10	10,200	8,290
		TOKYU REIT Shinjuku Building	4-2-3, etc., Shinjuku, Shinjuku-ku, Tokyo	Real estate	6,270.68	13,500	8,695
	Central Tokyo (excluding	Akihabara Sanwa Toyo Building	3-50-5, etc., Sotokanda, Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo	Trust beneficiary interest in real estate	4,538.02	6,520	4,530
	Shibuya Ward)	Tokyu Ginza 2-chome Building	2-215-1, Ginza, Chuo-ku, Tokyo	Real estate	3,473.16	6,490	4,293
ره (۵		Tokyu Toranomon Building	1-216-2, etc., Toranomon, Minato-ku, Tokyo	Real estate	11,029.27	24,400	17,373
Office		TOKYU REIT Shinjuku 2 Building	4-3-4, Shinjuku, Shinjuku- ku, Tokyo	Real estate	1,790.46	3,270	2,779
		Tokyu Bancho Building	6-2, etc., Yonban-cho, Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo	Trust beneficiary interest in real estate	6,137.50	16,000	12,706
		OKI Shibaura Office	4-1-6, Shibaura, Minato- ku, Tokyo	Trust beneficiary interest in real estate	18,102.32	13,000	12,147
		Sub total			74,875.00	113,750	84,360
	Tokyu	TOKYU REIT Kamata Building	5-13-7, Kamata, Ota-ku, Tokyo	Trust beneficiary interest in real estate	7,337.82	5,950	3,749
	Areas (excluding Shibuya	Tokyu Ikejiri-ohashi Building	3-1050, etc., Higashiyama, Meguro-ku, Tokyo	Trust beneficiary interest in real estate	5,733.23	6,350	5,432
	Ward)	Meguro Higashiyama Building	1-1316-1, etc., Higashiyama, Meguro-ku, Tokyo	Real estate	6,152.43	8,330	8,407
		Sub total			19,223.48	20,630	17,588
		Total			128,066.83	203,290	152,637
	Tokyu Areas	Maison Peony Toritsudaigaku	1-8-1 and 1-8-8, Nakane, Meguro-ku, Tokyo	Real estate	852.16	1,350	1,195
Residence	(excluding Shibuya Ward)	STYLIO FIT Musashikosugi	2-1324-1, etc., Kamimaruko-sannocho, Nakahara-ku, Kawasaki- shi, Kanagawa	Real estate	1,830.00	1,610	1,488
		Sub total			2,682.16	2,960	2,683
		Total			2,682.16	2,960	2,683

Use	Area	Name of property	Location (lot number)	Investment type	Total leasable area	Appraisal value at end of period	Book value
			(11.1.1.1)	71	$m^2$	Millions of yen	Millions of yen
with leasehold interest	Tokyu Areas (excluding Shibuya Ward)  REVE Nakameguro (land with leasehold interest)		1-202-1, Kamimeguro, Meguro-ku, Tokyo	Real estate	497.02	1,190	1,162
Land		Sub total			497.02	1,190	1,162
La		Total			497.02	1,190	1,162
	·	Grand total			155,157.45	¥ 307,150	¥ 217,720

Note 1. 'Location (lot number)' is stated as based on the description shown in the registry book. The present status of the property might not correspond to the descriptions in the registry book.

Note 2. 'Total leasable area' is the total area of the building's, facility's and land's leasable office, retail, warehouse, residential and land space as indicated in the agreements and drawing (common-use portion is included when leased). For Tokyu Nampeidai-cho Building, the area of parking lots is included. For QFRONT, the area of other compartmentalized owners' exclusive ownership portions is included since the fiduciary rents that area and leases it out as a block together with the entrusted property. For TOKYU REIT Toranomon Building, the area of the exclusive ownership portions co-owned with other compartmentalized owners is included since TOKYU REIT rents that area and leases it out together with the exclusive ownership portion under TOKYU REIT's proprietary ownership. For TOKYU REIT Shibuya R Building, the area of part of the exclusive ownership portions under the proprietary ownership of and the exclusive ownership portions co-owned with other compartmentalized owners is included since TOKYU REIT rents that area and leases it out together with the exclusive ownership portion under TOKYU REIT's proprietary ownership. For REVE Nakameguro (land with leasehold interest), the stated figure is the leased area of land. For Tokyu Bancho Building, the stated figure is calculated by multiplying the total leasable area of the whole building by the 52.6% quasi-co-ownership interest of the 95.1% compartmentalized ownership interest of the trust beneficiary interest. For Aoyama Oval Building, the part of the exclusive ownership portions co-owned with other compartmentalized owners is included since the fiduciary rents that area and leases it out together with the exclusive ownership portion under the fiduciary's proprietary ownership; and the stated figure is calculated by multiplying the total leased area of the whole building by the 47.5% quasi-co-ownership interest of the trust beneficiary interest.

Note 3. For 'Appraisal value at end of period,' TOKYU REIT indicates the assessed value based on the appraisal by real estate appraisers following the asset evaluation method, standards and reporting date laid down in TOKYU REIT's Articles of Incorporation and rules of The Investment Trusts Association, Japan (based on real estate appraisal reports prepared by Japan Real Estate Institute, Japan Valuers Co., Ltd., and Daiwa Real Estate Appraisal Co., Ltd., which adopt the period end date as the date of value estimate).

### The developments of the leasing business of the properties held by TOKYU REIT are as follows:

			Fron	38th fis n February 1,	cal period 2022 to July	31, 2022	From	37th fise August 1, 202	cal period 21 to January	31, 2022
Use	Area	Name of property	Number of tenants	Occupancy rate	Revenue from property leasing	As a percentage of revenue from property leasing	Number of tenants	Occupancy rate	Revenue from property leasing	As a percentage of revenue from property leasing
				%	Millions of yen	%		%	Millions of yen	%
		QFRONT TOKYU REIT	2	100.0	¥ 774	11.7	2	100.0	¥ 767	11.1
		Omotesando Square	4	100.0	170	2.6	4	100.0	180	2.6
	Shibuya	TOKYU REIT Shibuya Udagawa-cho Square	2	100.0	251	3.8	2	100.0	251	3.6
	Ward	cocoti	13	93.2	625	9.4	14	96.2	555	8.0
		CONZE Ebisu	7	85.8	105	1.6	7	85.8	93	1.3
		Daikanyama Forum	_	_	_	_	_	_	18	0.3
Retail	C11	Sub total	28	95.4	1,926	29.0	29	96.7	1,865	26.9
N. N.	Central Tokyo (excl.	Lexington Aoyama	7	100.0	145	2.2	8	100.0	144	2.1
	Shibuya Ward)	Sub total	7	100.0	145	2.2	8	100.0	144	2.1
	Tokyu Areas (excl.	TOKYU REIT Shimokitazawa Square	9	100.0	48	0.7	8	89.6	47	0.7
	Shibuya Ward)	TOKYU REIT Jiyugaoka Square	5	100.0	79	1.2	5	100.0	67	1.0
	Sub total		14	100.0	127	1.9	13	94.8	114	1.7
		Total	49	96.3	2,199	33.1	50	96.8	2,125	30.6
		Tokyu Nampeidai-cho Building	1	100.0	179	2.7	1	100.0	179	2.6
		Tokyu Sakuragaoka-cho Building	2	100.0	250	3.8	2	100.0	249	3.6
		TOKYU REIT Shibuya R Building	12	100.0	275	4.2	12	100.0	267	3.9
	Shibuya Ward	TOKYU REIT Ebisu Building	8	100.0	71	1.1	6	68.3	79	1.2
		Shibuya Dogenzaka Sky Building	7	82.9	253	3.8	6	80.2	161	2.3
		TOKYU REIT Shibuya Miyashita Koen Building	9	100.0	120	1.8	9	100.0	116	1.7
		Aoyama Oval Building	24	96.6	340	5.1	24	96.6	96	1.4
		Sub total	63	97.1	1,490	22.5	60	95.0	1,151	16.6
		Tokyo Nissan Taito Building	17	100.0	204	3.1	17	100.0	206	3.0
Office		TOKYU REIT Toranomon Building	9	96.5	374	5.6	10	96.5	364	5.3
)#O		Akasaka 4-chome Building (Tokyu Agency Inc. Head Office Building)	1	_	24	0.4	1	100.0	171	2.5
		Kojimachi Square	7	91.9	199	3.0	7	91.9	179	2.6
	Central Tokyo	TOKYU REIT Shinjuku Building	8	88.1	287	4.3	9	100.0	298	4.3
	(excl. Shibuya	Akihabara Sanwa Toyo Building	5	74.9	157	2.4	6	100.0	161	2.3
	Ward)	Tokyu Ginza 2-chome Building	2	100.0	161	2.4	2	100.0	151	2.2
		Tokyu Toranomon Building	4	39.9	101	1.5	1	100.0	88	1.3
		TOKYU REIT Shinjuku 2 Building	2	100.0	82	1.2	2	100.0	82	1.2
		Tokyu Bancho Building	8	100.0	346	5.2	8	100.0	315	4.6
		OKI Shibaura Office	1	100.0	385	5.8	1	100.0	388	5.6
	<u> </u>	Sub total	63	87.6	2,326	35.1	64	98.8	2,409	34.7

			Fron	38th fise n February 1,	cal period 2022 to July	31, 2022	From	37th fise August 1, 202	cal period 21 to January	31, 2022
Use	Area	Name of property	Number of tenants	Occupancy rate	Revenue from property leasing	As a percentage of revenue from property leasing	Number of tenants	Occupancy rate	Revenue from property leasing	As a percentage of revenue from property leasing
				%	Millions of yen	%		%	Millions of yen	%
		Setagaya Business Square	_	-	_	_	_	_	650	9.4
	Tokyu Areas	TOKYU REIT Kamata Building	5	100.0	236	3.6	5	100.0	234	3.4
Office	(excl. Shibuya Ward)	Tokyu Ikejiri-ohashi Building	4	81.0	180	2.7	5	100.0	197	2.9
0		Meguro Higashiyama Building	10	77.0	109	1.7		_	ı	
		Sub total	19	87.0	526	7.9	10	100.0	1,081	15.6
		Total	145	90.0	4,344	65.5	134	97.9	4,642	67.0
е	Tokyu Areas	Maison Peony Toritsudaigaku	26	100.0	27	0.4	26	100.0	27	0.4
Residence	(excl. Shibuya Ward)	STYLIO FIT Musashikosugi	1	100.0	39	0.6	1	100.0	39	0.6
Res		Sub total	27	100.0	66	1.0	27	100.0	66	1.0
		Total	27	100.0	66	1.0	27	100.0	66	1.0
terest	Tokyu Areas (excl. (land with Shibuya) Ward)		1	100.0	21	0.3	1	100.0	21	0.3
d in		Sub total	1	100.0	21	0.3	1	100.0	21	0.3
easehol		Shonan Mall Fill (land with leasehold interest)	_	_	_	_	_	_	1	0.0
Land with leasehold interest	Other	OKI System Center (land with leasehold interest)	_	_	6	0.1	1	100.0	77	1.1
La		Sub total	_		6	0.1	1	100.0	78	1.1
		Total	1	100.0	27	0.4	2	100.0	100	1.4
		Grand total	222	91.2	¥ 6,637	100.0	213	97.8	¥ 6,934	100.0

Note 1. 'Number of tenants' is counted cumulatively, i.e., when one tenant leases plural rooms for rent in the same property, it is regarded as one tenant, and when in plural properties, it is regarded as plural tenants. For QFRONT, the number of tenants includes one tenant (Tokyu Corporation) leasing space on the facade of the building for installing a large LED display screen, etc. and posting signboards, among other purposes. For Tokyo Nissan Taito Building and Maison Peony Toritsudaigaku, the number of tenants includes residential tenants. For STYLIO FIT Musashikosugi, the number of tenants is the number of lessees under the master lease agreement.

Note 2. 'Occupancy rate' is the leased area expressed as a percentage of total leasable area at the end of the period.

Note 3. 'Occupancy rate' and '(Revenue from property leasing) As a percentage of revenue from property leasing' are rounded to one decimal place. Therefore, the sum total of the items may not necessarily correspond to the 'Total' figure.

#### (4) Other Assets

As of July 31, 2022, there are no assets targeted for investment other than those described above.

(5) Assets Held in Each Country and Region TOKYU REIT does not invest in overseas properties.

#### 4. Capital Expenditures for Properties Held

#### (1) Plan of Capital Expenditures

The following lists the estimated amounts of major capital expenditures for repair and maintenance work of properties held, as scheduled as of July 31, 2022. The estimated construction costs shown below include those recorded in expenses for accounting purposes.

Repairs and maintenance and capital expenditures will be conducted based on efficient repair and maintenance plans prepared for each property to maintain and improve their competitiveness from a medium to long term perspective.

				Estima	ted constru	ction cost
				1	Millions of	yen
Name of property	Location	Objective	Estimated period	Total	Amount paid during period	Amount paid by end of period
cocoti	Shibuya-ku, Tokyo	Replacement of air- conditioning equipment	From September 2022 to October 2022	¥ 40	_	_
cocoti	Shibuya-ku, Tokyo	Work for move-in to 2F	From August 2022 to September 2022	¥ 33	_	_
TOKYU REIT Shinjuku 2 Building	Shinjuku-ku, Tokyo	Renovation of elevators	From October 2022 to January 2023	¥ 28	_	_
Aoyama Oval Building	Shibuya-ku, Tokyo	Replacement of sprinklers	From September 2022 to January 2023	¥ 25	_	_
TOKYU REIT Toranomon Building	Minato-ku, Tokyo	Replacement and renewal of equipment	From November 2022 to January 2023	¥ 19	_	_

#### (2) Capital Expenditures Made during Period

The following is an overview of construction work conducted during the fiscal period under review that fall under the category of capital expenditures for properties held.

Capital expenditures during the 38th fiscal period amounted to \(\frac{\text{\frac{4}}}{2,379}\) million and \(\frac{\text{\frac{4}}}{437}\) million in repairs and maintenance expenses were charged to expenses for a combined total of \(\frac{\text{\frac{4}}}{2,817}\) million spent for such work.

Name of property	Location	Objective	Period	Construction cost			
Name of property	Location	Objective	renou	Millions of yen			
Tokyu Toranomon Building	Minato-ku, Tokyo	Extension	From February 2021 to June 2022	¥ 1,602			
Akasaka 4-chome Building (Tokyu Agency Inc. Head Office Building)	Minato-ku, Tokyo	Replacement and renewal of equipment	From October 2021 to March 2022	274			
TOKYU REIT Kamata Building	Ota-ku, Tokyo	Renovation of elevators	From September 2021 to July 2022	114			
Kojimachi Square	Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo	Replacement of air- conditioning equipment	From March 2022 to July 2022	76			
TOKYU REIT Toranomon Building	Minato-ku, Tokyo	Renovation of mechanical parking equipment	From March 2022 to March 2022	65			
Other	Other						
	¥ 2,379						

(3) Reserve for Long-Term Repair and Maintenance Plan (Reserve for Repairs and Maintenance)
Based on long-term repair and maintenance plans decided for each property, TOKYU REIT
accounted for reserves for repairs and maintenance from cash flows made during the period in
order to pay for significant repairs and maintenance scheduled in the medium to long term
future as follows:

	38th fiscal period From February 1, 2022 to July 31, 2022	37th fiscal period From August 1, 2021 to January 31, 2022	36th fiscal period From February 1, 2021 to July 31, 2021	35th fiscal period From August 1, 2020 to January 31, 2021	34th fiscal period From February 1, 2020 to July 31, 2020
			Millions of yen		
Reserve at beginning of period	¥ 101	¥ 105	¥ 88	¥ 99	¥ 63
Amount transferred to reserve during period	364	573	824	608	842
Reversal from reserve during period	285	577	807	618	807
Reserve at end of period	¥ 180	¥ 101	¥ 105	¥ 88	¥ 99

Note. TOKYU REIT took over reserves made in the trust assets that the prior owner accounted for at the time of trade of beneficiary interests in trust accounts and such reserves are included in the 'Amount transferred to reserve during period.'

#### 5. Expenses and Debt

### (1) Investment Management Expenses

	38th fiscal From February 1, 20		37th fiscal period From August 1, 2021 to January 31, 202		
		Millions	s of yen		
Asset management fees					
Asset-based fees	¥ 374		¥ 385		
Cash-based fees	288		382		
Unit price-based fees	_	¥ 663	_	¥ 767	
Asset custodian fees		16		17	
General administration fees		37		40	
Directors' fees		6		6	
Other operating expenses		149		197	
Total		¥ 873		¥ 1,029	

(2) Short-term Debt and Long-term Debt Short-term debt and long-term debt from each financial institution as of July 31, 2022 are as follows:

	Category	Draw- down	as of July 31, 2022	as of January 31, 2022		Maturity	Re- payment	Use of funds	Remark
	Lender	date	Millions of yen	Millions of yen	%		method		
	Mizuho Bank, Ltd.		¥ –	¥ –					Unsecured
t-term	MUFG Bank, Ltd.	March 24, 2022	_	_	0.42057	April 1, 2022	Bullet payment	(Note 4)	and Unguaran -teed
Shor	Sumitomo Mitsui Trust Bank, Limited		_	_					(Note 2)
	Sub total		_	_					

	Category Lender		Balance as of July 31, 2022 Millions of yen		Average interest rate (Note 1)	Maturity date	Re- payment method	Use of funds	Remark
	Mizuho Trust & Banking Co., Ltd.	June	1,500	Ť	1.91375	June			Unsecured and Unguaran
	Development Bank of Japan Inc.	27, 2013	1,000	1,000	1.913/3	27, 2023			-teed (Notes 2 and 3)
	Development Bank of Japan Inc.	February 25, 2014	5,000	5,000	1.57750	February 25, 2024			Unsecured
	Development Bank of Japan Inc.	June 25, 2015	5,000	5,000	1.26125	June 25, 2025			and Unguaran
	Shinkin Central Bank	July	_	2,000		July			-teed (Note 2)
	Sumitomo Mitsui Trust Bank, Limited	27, 2015	_	2,000	0.99000	27, 2022			(14010 2)
	Mizuho Bank, Ltd.	November 11, 2015	1,700	1,700	0.89250	November 11, 2022			Unsecured
	Daido Life Insurance Company	December 25, 2015	500	500	0.85875	December 25, 2022			and Unguaran
	Daido Life Insurance Company	March 10, 2016	1,500	1,500	0.57130	March 10, 2023			-teed (Notes 2
	MUFG Bank, Ltd.	June 27, 2016	500	500	0.45630	June 27, 2023			and 3)
	Sumitomo Mitsui Trust Bank, Limited	May 18, 2017	_	2,000	0.56093	May			
	Sumitomo Mitsui Trust Bank, Limited	May	_	1,000	0.55529	25, 2022			
Long-term debt	Sumitomo Mitsui Trust Bank, Limited	25, 2017	1,000	1,000	0.62116	November 25, 2023	Bullet	Refinance	Unsecured and
ng-terr	Mizuho Bank, Ltd.	June 27, 2017	2,000	2,000	0.61773	December 27, 2023	payment	fund	Unguaran -teed (Note 2)
Lor	The Norinchukin Bank	July 25, 2017	1,000	1,000	0.63573	January 25, 2024			
	Development Bank of Japan Inc.	January 25, 2018	5,000	5,000	0.90880	January 25, 2028			
	Nippon Life Insurance Company	January 31, 2018	500	500	0.58000	July 31, 2023			Unsecured and Unguaran -teed (Notes 2 and 3)
	MUFG Bank, Ltd.	March	2,500	2,500	0.62827	September 26, 2024			
	MUFG Bank, Ltd.	26, 2018	2,500	2,500	0.65250	March 26, 2025			
	Nippon Life Insurance Company	April 10, 2018	1,500	1,500	0.60000	October 10, 2023			
	MUFG Bank, Ltd.	June 25, 2018	500	500	0.68569	December 25, 2025			Unsecured and
	The Dai-ichi Life Insurance Company, Limited	July 31, 2018	2,000	2,000	0.90260	July 31, 2028			Unguaran -teed (Note 2)
	Mizuho Bank, Ltd.	November 12, 2018	1,700	1,700	0.72652	May 12, 2026			
	The Norinchukin Bank	January 28, 2019	3,000	3,000	0.60380	January 28, 2027			
	MUFG Bank, Ltd.	May 27, 2019	2,000	2,000	0.56116	May 27, 2027			

	Category Lender	Draw- down date	as of July 31, 2022	Balance as of January 31, 2022 Millions of yen	Average interest rate (Note 1)	Maturity date	Re- payment method	Use of funds	Remark
	MUFG Bank, Ltd.	June 25, 2019	1,500		0.46789	т			
	MUFG Bank, Ltd.	June	400	400	0.48124	June 28, 2027			
	Sumitomo Mitsui Trust Bank, Limited	28, 2019	400	400	0.50641				
	MUFG Bank, Ltd.	August 29, 2019	1,400	1,400	0.46876	February			
	MUFG Bank, Ltd.	November 19, 2019	2,000	2,000	0.55395	29, 2028			
	Mizuho Bank, Ltd.	December 25, 2019	500	500	0.64089	December 25, 2028		Refinance fund	
	The Dai-ichi Life Insurance Company, Limited	January 27, 2020	1,000	1,000	0.82000	January 27, 2032		Tuna	
	MUFG Bank, Ltd.	June	1,500	1,500	0.60137	December 25, 2028			
	Development Bank of Japan Inc.	25, 2020	4,000	4,000	0.67380	June 25, 2030			
	Mitsui Sumitomo Insurance Co., Ltd.	June	500	500	0.49250	June 29, 2027			
	The Norinchukin Bank	29, 2020	500	500	0.55000	June 29, 2028			
	Mizuho Trust & Banking Co., Ltd.	September 28, 2020	_	2,400	0.28727	February 25, 2022		(Note 4)	
ı debt	Sumitomo Mitsui Trust Bank, Limited	December 25, 2020	2,700	2,700	0.53896	December 25, 2028	Bullet payment		Unsecured and
Long-term	MUFG Bank, Ltd.		2,000	2,000	0.57127	June 25, 2029			Unguaran -teed
Lon	Sumitomo Mitsui Trust Bank, Limited		2,700	2,700	0.59776	December 25, 2029			(Note 2)
	Mitsui Sumitomo Insurance Co., Ltd.	June	1,000	1,000	0.48880	June 25, 2028			
	Mizuho Bank, Ltd.	25, 2021	1,000	1,000	0.66140	June 25, 2030			
	The Dai-ichi Life Insurance Company, Limited		1,000	1,000	0.47000	July 31, 2028			
	Nippon Life Insurance Company	July 30, 2021	500	500	0.61130	July 30, 2030		Refinance	
	The Dai-ichi Life Insurance Company, Limited		1,500	1,500	0.78000	July 29, 2033		fund	
	Mizuho Bank, Ltd.		800	800	0.64577		]		
	MUFG Bank, Ltd.	October 22, 2021	1,600	1,600	0.63943	April 22, 2029			
	Sumitomo Mitsui Trust Bank, Limited		1,600	1,600	0.64830	22, 2023			
	Sumitomo Mitsui Trust Bank, Limited	December 27, 2021	3,500	3,500	0.51005	December 27, 2025			
	Nippon Life Insurance Company	January 31, 2022	1,500	1,500	0.60055	July 31, 2027			
	Mizuho Trust & Banking Co., Ltd.	February	500		0.56880	February 25, 2026			
	Mizuho Trust & Banking Co., Ltd.	25, 2022	500	_	0.78815	February 25, 2030			

	Category Lender	Draw- down	as of July 31, 2022 Millions	as of January 31, 2022 Millions	Average interest rate (Note 1)	Maturity date	Re- payment method	Use of funds	Remark
			of yen	of yen					
debt	Sumitomo Mitsui Trust Bank, Limited	May 25, 2022	3,000	_	0.62630	May 25, 2026			Unsecured
	Sumitomo Mitsui Trust Bank, Limited	July	2,000	_	0.62329	January 27, 2027	Bullet payment	Refinance fund	and Unguaran -teed
ong-	Shinkin Central Bank	27, 2022	2,000	_	0.77489	January 27, 2030			(Note 2)
-	Sub total		85,000	86,400					
	Total		¥ 85,000	¥ 86,400					

- Note 1. 'Average interest rate' is the weighted average interest rate during the period.
- Note 2. Depending on the financial position of TOKYU REIT, additional interest rates, additional cash reserves, asset acquisition and disposition restrictions, debt burden and payment restrictions, dividend restrictions, offering of additional pledge and other financial covenants may apply.
- Note 3. As of the end of the fiscal period, the amounts are recorded in the balance sheets as 'Long-term debt due within one year' under 'Current liabilities.'
- Note 4. The funds are for acquisition of property and for expenditures pertaining to the acquisition.

#### (3) Investment Corporation Bonds

The status of investment corporation bonds issued and outstanding as of July 31, 2022 is as follows:

Name	Issue date	Balance as of July 31, 2022	Balance as of January 31, 2022	Annual interest rate	Maturity date	Redemption method	Use of proceeds	Remark
		Million	s of yen	%				
3rd Series Unsecured Investment Corporation Bond	October 22, 2012	¥ 3,000	¥ 3,000	1.47000	October 21, 2022	Full amount on maturity	Repayment of debt financing	Unsecured/ Unguaranteed (Notes 1 and 2)
6th Series Unsecured Investment Corporation Bond	October	1,000	1,000	0.54000	October 24, 2029			Unsecured/ Unguaranteed (Note 1)
7th Series Unsecured Investment Corporation Bond	24, 2019	1,000	1,000	1.00000	October 24, 2039			
8th Series Unsecured Investment Corporation Bond	October 29, 2020	3,000	3,000	0.51000	October 29, 2030			
Total		¥ 8,000	¥ 8,000					

Note 1. These bonds rank pari passu in right of payment with certain investment corporation bonds.

Note 2. As of the end of the fiscal period, the amounts are recorded in the balance sheets as 'Investment corporation bonds due within one year' under 'Current liabilities.'

#### (4) Short-term Investment Corporation Bonds There is no item that falls under this category.

### (5) Investment Unit Options There is no item that falls under this category.

- 6. Acquisitions and Dispositions during the 38th Fiscal Period
- (1) Sales and Purchases of Properties and Asset Backed Securities or Infrastructure Assets and Infrastructure-related Assets

		Acqu	iisition	Disposition			
Asset type	Name of property	Acquisition date	Acquisition price (Note 1)	Disposition date	Disposition price (Note 1) (Note 2)	Book value (Note 2)	Gain (Loss) on sale (Note 3)
			Millions of yen		Millions of yen		
Real estate	OKI System Center (land with leasehold interest)	_	_	February 25, 2022	¥ 2,055	¥ 1,432	¥ 570
Trust beneficiary interest in real estate	Akasaka 4-chome Building (Tokyu Agency Inc. Head Office Building)	_	_	March 31, 2022	¥ 9,820	¥ 8,263	¥ 1,452
Real estate	Meguro Higashiyama Building	March 24, 2022	¥ 8,100	_	_	_	_

- Note 1. 'Acquisition price' or 'Disposition price' is the amount exclusive of the expenses required for acquisition or disposition of the property (brokerage charges, property-related taxes, etc.) and is identical to the acquisition or disposition costs stated in the sale and purchase agreement, etc.
- Note 2. 'Disposition price' and 'Book value' for OKI System Center (land with leasehold interest) are the amounts for the 30% co-ownership interest in the real estate.
- Note 3. 'Gain (Loss) on sale' is the disposition price, minus the book value and other sales expenses.
  - (2) Sales and Purchases of Other Assets

    Major assets other than the aforementioned properties and asset backed securities are either bank deposits or bank deposits held as trust assets.
  - (3) Research on Prices of Specified Assets
  - ① Property

Acquisition or disposition	Asset type	Name of property	Acquisition or disposition date	Acquisition or disposition price (Note 1) (Note 3)	Appraisal value (Note 3)	Appraiser	Date of value
Disposition	Real estate	OKI System Center (land with leasehold interest)	February 25, 2022	¥ 2,055	¥ 2,055	Japan Real Estate Institute	September 1, 2020
Disposition	Trust beneficiary interest in real estate	Akasaka 4-chome Building (Tokyu Agency Inc. Head Office Building)	March 31, 2022	¥ 9,820	¥ 7,540	Daiwa Real Estate Appraisal Co., Ltd.	October 1, 2021
Acquisition	Real estate	Meguro Higashiyama Building	March 24, 2022	¥ 8,100	¥ 8,330	Japan Real Estate Institute	February 1, 2022

- Note 1. 'Acquisition or disposition price' is the amount exclusive of the expenses required for acquisition or disposition of the property (brokerage charges, property-related taxes, etc.) and is identical to the acquisition or disposition costs stated in the sale and purchase agreement, etc.
- Note 2. The appraisal value above is based on "Real Estate Appraisal Standards; Practical Theory; Chapter 3: Appraisal in respect with Securitizable Subject Property."
- Note 3. 'Acquisition or disposition price' and 'Appraisal value' for OKI System Center (land with leasehold interest) are the amounts for the 30% co-ownership interest in the real estate.
  - ② Other

There is no item that falls under this category.

- (4) Trading with Interested Persons, Etc.
- ① Status of Trading

TOKYU REIT carried out no transactions, including the trading of specified assets, with interested persons, etc.

#### 2 Amounts of Commissions Paid

	Total	Paid to interested persons, etc.			
Item	amounts of commissions paid (A)	Payee	Amount of payment (B)	B/A (%)	
	Thousands of yen	,	Thousands of yen	, ,	
		Tokyu Community Corporation	¥ 162,905	41.2	
Subcontract expenses	¥ 395,079	Tokyu Property Management Co., Ltd.	¥ 66,550	16.8	
		Tokyu Renewal Co., Ltd.	¥ 14	0.0	
TTettet	V 260 216	Tokyu Power Supply Co., Ltd.	¥ 272,693	75.7	
Utilities expenses	¥ 360,316	Shibuya Underground Shopping Center, Inc.	¥ 57	0.0	
	¥ 232,730	Tokyu Corporation	¥ 27,960	12.0	
		Tokyu Community Corporation	¥ 3,152	1.4	
Other rental service		its communications Inc.	¥ 970	0.4	
expenses		Shibuya Underground Shopping Center, Inc.	¥ 840	0.4	
		Tokyu Lifia Corporation	¥ 63	0.0	
		Tokyu Agency Inc.	¥ 23	0.0	
		Tokyu Corporation	¥ 136,320	82.3	
Property management fees	¥ 165,618	Tokyu Community Corporation	¥ 27,157	16.4	
		Tokyu Housing Lease Corporation	¥ 2,140	1.3	
Other operating expenses	¥ 149,431	Shibuya Underground Shopping Center, Inc.	¥ 77	0.1	
Insurance premium	¥ 7,220	Tokyu Insurance Consulting Co., Ltd.	¥ 7,220	100.0	

- Note 1. Pursuant to Article 123 of the Investment Trust Law Enforcement Order, interested persons, etc. are defined as having interests in Tokyu REIM based on the investment management agreement concluded with TOKYU REIT. However, information provided in this section, '(4) Trading with Interested Persons, Etc.,' includes trading with related parties, which are subject to the Rules on Related-Party Transactions that are Tokyu REIM's self-imposed rules.
- Note 2. In addition to the commissions paid as described above, TOKYU REIT paid commissions to third parties through interested persons, etc., Tokyu Corporation and Tokyu Community Corporation in the amount of ¥81,581 thousand and ¥28,653 thousand, respectively.

  In addition to the commissions paid as described above, the amount paid for repair and maintenance.

In addition to the commissions paid as described above, the amount paid for repair and maintenance work related to interested persons, etc. during the 38th fiscal period are as follows:

Tokyu Construction Co., Ltd.	¥ 1,180,531 thousand
Tokyu Architects & Engineers Inc.	¥ 107,830 thousand
Tokyu Corporation	¥ 73,775 thousand
Tokyu Renewal Co., Ltd.	¥ 50,195 thousand
Tokyu Community Corporation	¥ 24,272 thousand
Tokyu Property Management Co., Ltd.	¥ 6,107 thousand
Tokyu Re · design Corporation	¥ 4,762 thousand
Tokyu Lifia Corporation	¥ 2,728 thousand
Tokyu Security Co., Ltd.	¥836 thousand
Ishikatsu Exterior Inc.	¥ 61 thousand

(5) Trading between the Investment Management Company and TOKYU REIT Pertaining to Business Concurrently Operated by the Investment Management Company There is no item that falls under this category.

#### 7. Accounting

(1) Assets, Liabilities, Unitholders' Capital and Profit/Loss See accompanying Balance Sheet, Statement of Income, Statement of Changes in Unitholders' Equity, Statement of Cash Distributions, Statement of Cash Flows and Notes to Financial Statements.

(2) Change in Depreciation Method

There is no item that falls under this category.

(3) Change in Property and Infrastructure Asset Valuation Methods There is no item that falls under this category.

#### 8. Other

(1) News

There is no item that falls under this category.

- (2) Status, etc. of Beneficiary Certificates of Investment Trust Issuing Beneficiary Certificates There is no item that falls under this category.
- (3) Disclosure Pertaining to Corporation Holding Overseas Properties There is no item that falls under this category.
- (4) Disclosure Pertaining to Properties of Corporation Holding Overseas Properties There is no item that falls under this category.
- (5) Other

Unless otherwise specifically mentioned, the figures in this report have been rounded down for amounts and rounded for ratios to the nearest specified unit.



#### **Independent Auditor's Report**

To the Board of TOKYU REIT, Inc.

#### **Opinion**

We have audited the financial statements of TOKYU REIT, Inc. (the Company), which comprise the balance sheet as at July 31, 2022, and the statement of income, statement of changes in unitholders' equity, statement of cash distributions and statement of cash flows for the six months then ended, notes to financial statements and supplementary schedules.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as at July 31, 2022, and its financial performance and its cash flows for the six months then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in Japan.

#### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in Japan. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Japan, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### **Other Information**

The other information comprises the information included in the Semiannual Report, but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Management is responsible for the other information. In addition, Supervisory Directors are responsible for overseeing the Company's reporting process of the other information.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

#### Responsibilities of Management and Supervisory Directors for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in Japan, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

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In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern and disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern.

Supervisory Directors are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in Japan will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in Japan, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
  fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit
  evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not
  detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error,
  as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override
  of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
  procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, while the purpose of the financial statement
  audit is not to express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate whether the presentation and disclosures of the financial statements are in accordance
  with accounting principles generally accepted in Japan, the overall presentation, structure and
  content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements
  represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with Executive Director regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide Executive Director with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

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#### Interest required to be disclosed by the Certified Public Accountants Act of Japan

Our firm and its designated engagement partners do not have any interest in the Company which is required to be disclosed pursuant to the provisions of the Certified Public Accountants Act of Japan.

Hideo Ohta

Designated Engagement Partner Certified Public Accountant

PricewaterhouseCoopers Aarata LLC

October 27,2022

Takashi Sato

Designated Engagement Partner Certified Public Accountant

### TOKYU REIT, Inc. Balance Sheet

As of July 31, 2022 and January 31, 2022

	July 31, 2022	January 31, 2022
	(Millions	of yen)
<u>ASSETS</u>		
Current assets:		
Cash and deposits with banks	¥ 3,087	¥ 5,491
Cash and deposits with banks held in trust	2,082	1,987
Tenant receivables	128	198
Consumption tax refund receivables	338	-
Lease deposits held in trust due within one year	18	18
Other current assets	116	109
Total current assets	5,772	7,805
Fixed assets:		
Property and equipment	15 505	15 100
Buildings and structures Land	17,595	15,132
	68,011 307	61,868 204
Other tangible assets	12	555
Construction in progress Buildings and structures held in trust	32,717	33,988
Land held in trust	119,930	126,993
Other tangible assets held in trust	1,234	1,315
Construction in progress held in trust	3	4
Less accumulated depreciation	(22,093)	(22,086)
-	217,720	217,976
Total property and equipment	217,720	217,570
Intangible assets Intangible assets	0	1
9	0	0
Intangible assets held in trust	0	
Total intangible assets  Investments and other assets	0	1
	200	200
Lease deposits Lease deposits held in trust	208	208
Deferred tax assets	632 0	632 0
Other assets	272	191
—	1,113	1,032
Total investments and other assets		-
Total fixed assets	218,834	219,010
Defense I contro		
Deferred assets:	20	01
Investment corporation bond issuance expenses _	28	31
Total deferred assets	28	31
Total assets	¥ 224,636	¥ 226,847

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

# TOKYU REIT, Inc. Balance Sheet, continued As of July 31, 2022 and January 31, 2022

	July 31, 2022	January 31, 2022
_	(Millions of yen)	
LIABILITIES		
Current liabilities:		
Investment corporation bonds due within one year	¥ 3,000	¥ 3,000
Long-term debt due within one year	7,200	11,600
Accounts payable	1,426	1,241
Consumption tax payable	-	755
Rent received in advance	1,083	2,028
Accrued expenses and other current liabilities	119	164
Total current liabilities	12,829	18,789
Long-term liabilities:		
Investment corporation bonds	5,000	5,000
Long-term debt	77,800	74,800
Tenant leasehold and security deposits	3,514	2,984
Tenant leasehold and security deposits held in trust	5,919	6,179
Other long-term liabilities	35	33
Total long-term liabilities	92,269	88,998
Total liabilities	¥ 105,099	¥ 107,788
NET ASSETS		
Unitholders' capital	¥ 110,479	¥ 110,479
Reserve for reduction entry	1,508	1,508
Reserve for reduction entry under special provisions for property replacement	3,209	_
Retained earnings	4,339	7,071
Total net assets	119,537	119,059
Total liabilities and net assets	¥ 224,636	¥ 226,847

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

### TOKYU REIT, Inc. Statement of Income

For the six months ended July 31, 2022 and January 31, 2022

	For the six months ended		
- -	July 31, 2022	January 31, 2022	
_	(Millions of yen)		
Operating revenues:			
Rental revenue	¥ 6,054	¥ 6,548	
Other rental revenue	582	386	
Gain on sales of real estate properties	2,023	4,702	
Revenues from facility acceptance	10	5	
Operating expenses:			
Rental service expenses	(3,065)	(3,131)	
Asset management fees	(663)	(767)	
Other	(209)	(261)	
Operating income	4,732	7,481	
Non-operating income:			
Interest income	0	0	
Other	3	0	
Non-operating expenses:			
Interest expense	(331)	(347)	
Interest expense on investment corporation bonds	(37)	(37)	
Amortization of investment corporation bond			
issuance expenses	(2)	(2)	
Other	(24)	(21)	
Income before income taxes	4,340	7,072	
Income taxes:			
Current	(1)	(0)	
Deferred	0	(0)	
Net income	4,339	7,071	
Retained earnings at beginning of period	0	0	
Retained earnings at end of period	¥ 4,339	¥ 7,071	
· •			

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

## TOKYU REIT, Inc. Statement of Changes in Unitholders' Equity

For the six months ended July 31, 2022 and January 31, 2022

## For the six months ended July 31, 2022

	Unitholders'	Reserve for reduction entry	Reserve for reduction entry under special provisions for property replacement	Retained earnings	Total
		(N	lillions of yen)		
Balance at beginning of period	¥ 110,479	¥ 1,508	¥ -	¥ 7,071	¥ 119,059
Changes during the period					
Provision of reserve for reduction					
entry under special provisions for property replacement	-	-	3,209	(3,209)	-
Cash distributions declared	-	-	-	(3,861)	(3,861)
Net income				4,339	4,339
Total changes during the period			3,209	(2,731)	478
Balance at end of period	¥ 110,479	¥ 1,508	¥ 3,209	¥ 4,339	¥ 119,537

## For the six months ended January 31, 2022

	Unitholders' capital	Reserve for reduction entry	Retained earnings	Total
		(Millions of	f yen)	
Balance at beginning of period	¥ 110,479	¥ 1,508	¥ 3,540	¥ 115,527
Changes during the period				
Cash distributions declared	-	-	(3,539)	(3,539)
Net income	_		7,071	7,071
Total changes during the period			3,531	3,531
Balance at end of period	¥ 110,479	¥ 1,508	¥ 7,071	¥ 119,059

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

#### TOKYU REIT, Inc. Statement of Cash Distributions

For the six months ended July 31, 2022 and January 31, 2022

	For the six months ended	
	July 31, 2022	January 31, 2022
	(Million	s of yen)
Retained earnings at end of period	¥ 4,339	¥ 7,071
Cash distributions declared	3,915	3,861
Provision of reserve for reduction entry	423	-
Provision of reserve for reduction entry under special provisions for property replacement	<u>-</u>	3,209
Retained earnings carried forward	¥ 0	¥ 0

The Board of Directors of TOKYU REIT resolved on September 14, 2022 and March 17, 2022 to effect payment of cash distributions of ¥4,005 and ¥3,950 per unit to unitholders of record on July 31, 2022 and January 31, 2022, respectively. The cash distributions were calculated as follows:

#### For the six months ended July 31, 2022

As set forth in Article 30, Paragraph 2 of TOKYU REIT's Articles of Incorporation, TOKYU REIT has a policy of making cash distributions in excess of 90% of distributable income as defined in Article 67-15 of the Special Taxation Measures Law of Japan ("Special Taxation Measures Law"). Based on this policy, TOKYU REIT decided to distribute \(\frac{\pmax}{3}\),915 million as cash distributions of earnings, which is almost the entire amount of unappropriated retained earnings remaining after deducting the provision of reserve for reduction entry as set forth in Article 65-7 of the Special Taxation Measures Law. TOKYU REIT will not be making the cash distributions in excess of earnings as set forth in Article 30, Paragraph 4 of the Articles of Incorporation.

#### For the six months ended January 31, 2022

As set forth in Article 30, Paragraph 2 of TOKYU REIT's Articles of Incorporation, TOKYU REIT has a policy of making cash distributions in excess of 90% of distributable income as defined in Article 67-15 of the Special Taxation Measures Law. Based on this policy, TOKYU REIT decided to distribute \(\frac{\pmax}{3}\),861 million as cash distributions of earnings, which is almost the entire amount of unappropriated retained earnings remaining after deducting the provision of reserve for reduction entry under special provisions for property replacement as set forth in Article 65-7 of the Special Taxation Measures Law. TOKYU REIT will not be making the cash distributions in excess of earnings as set forth in Article 30, Paragraph 4 of the Articles of Incorporation.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

## TOKYU REIT, Inc. Statement of Cash Flows

For the six months ended July 31, 2022 and January 31, 2022

	For the six months ende	
	July 31, 2022	January 31, 2022
	(Million	ns of yen)
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Income before income taxes	¥ 4,340	¥ 7,072
Depreciation and amortization	820	955
Amortization of investment corporation bond issuance expenses	2	2
Loss on disposal of property and equipment	3	13
Interest income	(0)	(0)
Interest expense	368	384
(Increase) Decrease in tenant receivables	70	(101)
(Increase) Decrease in consumption tax refund receivables	(338)	· ,
Increase (Decrease) in consumption tax payable	(755)	582
Increase (Decrease) in accounts payable	(89)	184
Increase (Decrease) in rent received in advance	(945)	593
Decrease in property and equipment due to sale	1,432	5,465
Decrease in property and equipment held in trust due to sale	8,263	25,687
Other, net	(165)	81
Total	13,006	40,920
Interest received	0	0
Interest paid	(373)	(410)
Income taxes paid	(0)	(0)
<del>-</del>	12,632	40,510
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	12,032	
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Payments for purchases of property and equipment	(9,464)	(474)
Payments for purchases of property and equipment held in trust	(520)	(19,008)
Proceeds from lease deposits held in trust	-	18
Proceeds from tenant leasehold and security deposits	771	109
Payments for tenant leasehold and security deposits	(241)	(997)
Proceeds from tenant leasehold and security deposits held in trust	164	980
Payments for tenant leasehold and security deposits held in trust	(391)	(1,899)
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	(9,680)	(21,270)
-		
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Proceeds from short-term debt	2,000	4,200
Repayment of short-term debt	(2,000)	(15,400)
Proceeds from long-term debt	8,000	9,000
Repayment of long-term debt	(9,400)	(9,000)
Payment of dividends	(3,860)	(3,539)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	(5,260)	(14,739)
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	(2,308)	4,499
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	7,479	2,979
Cash and cash equivalents at eginning of period	¥ 5,170	¥ 7,479
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The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

#### TOKYU REIT, Inc. Notes to Financial Statements

For the six months ended July 31, 2022 and January 31, 2022

#### 1. Organization and basis of presentation

#### (a) Organization

TOKYU REIT, Inc. ("TOKYU REIT"), a real estate investment corporation with initial capital of \( \) 200 million, was formed on June 20, 2003 under the Investment Trust and Investment Corporation Law of Japan ("Investment Trust Law"). Registration with the Kanto Local Finance Bureau of the Ministry of Finance was completed on July 18, 2003 in accordance with the Investment Trust Law.

On September 10, 2003, TOKYU REIT was listed on the Tokyo Stock Exchange and issued 97,600 investment units for proceeds totaling ¥49,917 million through initial public offering. TOKYU REIT acquired 11 properties with those proceeds and started its substantial operation.

In August 2004, TOKYU REIT completed its second public offering of 42,000 units and third party allotment of 2,000 units. Net proceeds totaling \(\frac{1}{2}\)27,742 million were utilized in the partial repayments of short-term debt and the acquisition of an additional two properties.

In August 2005, TOKYU REIT completed its third public offering of 26,700 units and third party allotment of 680 units. With net proceeds totaling ¥20,159 million, TOKYU REIT repaid short-term debt and acquired 40% of trust beneficiary interest of cocoti.

TOKYU REIT completed its fourth public offering of 23,764 units in August 2013 and third party allotment of 2,376 units in September 2013. Net proceeds totaling ¥12,459 million were utilized in the partial repayments of short-term debt and the acquisition of an additional three properties.

TOKYU REIT conducted a five-for-one split of investment units with January 31, 2014 as the reference date and February 1, 2014 as the effective date.

As of July 31, 2022, TOKYU REIT's total capital is \(\xxi\)110,479 million with 977,600 units issued and outstanding. TOKYU REIT has been operating 31 properties at an occupancy rate of approximately 91.2%. Total acquisition cost of the 31 properties is \(\xxi\)232,451 million and total rentable area is 155,157.45 m<sup>2</sup>.

#### (b) Basis of presentation

The financial statements of TOKYU REIT, which is incorporated in Japan, have been prepared in accordance with the provisions set forth in the Financial Instruments and Exchange Law and related regulations and accounting principles generally accepted in Japan, which are different in certain respects to the application and disclosure requirements of International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS Standards").

Certain items presented in the financial statements for domestic purposes, which were submitted to the Director-General of the Kanto Local Finance Bureau of the Ministry of Finance, have been reclassified in the accompanying financial statements for the convenience of readers outside Japan.

The accompanying financial statements have been reclassified and translated into English from the audited financial statements that were prepared for Japanese domestic purposes from the accounts and records maintained by TOKYU REIT and were filed with the Kanto Local Finance Bureau of the Ministry of Finance as required by the Financial Instruments and Exchange Law (in place of the Securities and Exchange Law effective from September 30, 2007). TOKYU REIT does not prepare consolidated financial statements, as TOKYU REIT has no subsidiaries.

TOKYU REIT's first fiscal period began on June 20, 2003, the date of incorporation, and ended on January 31, 2004. TOKYU REIT's fiscal period is a six-month period, which ends at the end of January and July of each year.

#### Notes to Financial Statements, continued

For the six months ended July 31, 2022 and January 31, 2022

#### 2. Significant accounting policies

(a) Property and equipment - Property and equipment are carried at cost, less accumulated depreciation. Depreciation of property and equipment, except for land and construction in progress, is computed by using the straight-line method at rates based on the estimated useful lives of the respective assets.

The ranges of useful lives used in the computation of depreciation are generally as follows (including those held in trust):

-	July 31, 2022	January 31, 2022
	(ye	ears)
Buildings and structures		
Buildings	2-50	2-50
Structures	2-50	2-52
Other tangible assets		
Machinery and equipment	2-16	2-17
Tools, furniture and fixtures	2-15	2-15

- (b) Intangible assets Amortization is computed by using the straight-line method.
- **(c) Accounting method for deferred assets** Amortization of investment corporation bond issuance expenses is computed by using the straight-line method at rates based on the redemption period of the respective bonds.
- (d) Revenue recognition TOKYU REIT operates rental office properties, rental retail properties, rental residential properties and complexes that include any one of these. Revenue from leasing is recognized on an accrual basis over the term of each lease. Rental revenue includes fixed rental revenues, recoveries of utility charges and other income.
  - The nature of the main performance obligations for revenue from contracts with customers of TOKYU REIT and the general timing that the concerned performance obligations are satisfied (general timing of revenue recognition) are as follows:
  - (1) Sales of real estate properties TOKYU REIT recognizes revenue from sales of real estate properties when buyers (customers) obtain control of the concerned real estate properties upon satisfying the delivery obligations under the real estate sale agreements.
  - (2) Recoveries of utility charges TOKYU REIT recognizes recoveries of utility charges in accordance with the supply of electricity, water, etc. to lessees (customers) based on the content of the lease agreements and incidental agreements for the real estate properties. For the recoveries of utility charges for which TOKYU REIT is deemed to act as agent, TOKYU REIT recognizes revenue as being the net amount of the amount receivable of the charges for the electricity, gas, etc. supplied by third parties after deducting the amount payable to the concerned third parties.
- (e) Property-related taxes Property-related taxes (property tax, city planning tax and depreciable property tax) are imposed on property on a calendar year basis. The amount of such taxes assessed in the period is charged to income as rental service expenses. In accordance with Japanese business practice, at the time of disposal, the seller of the property is generally liable for property-related taxes on the property from the date of disposal to the end of the calendar year in which the property is disposed. The seller, however, is reimbursed by the purchaser of the property for the accrued property-related tax liabilities up to the time of disposal, and the amount of the settlement reflects this adjustment when acquiring a property. TOKYU REIT is allocating the portion of the property-related taxes related to the period following the purchase date of each property through the end of the calendar year. The amount of those allocated portions of the property-related taxes is capitalized as part of the acquisition costs of the related properties. Capitalized property-related taxes are \(\frac{\pmathbf{2}}{2}\)4,801 thousand for the six months ended July 31, 2022. Capitalized property-related taxes are \(\frac{\pmathbf{2}}{7}\)683 thousand for the six months ended January 31, 2022.

# TOKYU REIT, Inc. Notes to Financial Statements, continued

For the six months ended July 31, 2022 and January 31, 2022

- **(f) Cash and cash equivalents** Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash, demand deposits, cash and deposits held in trust and short-term investments that are highly liquid, readily convertible to cash, have insignificant risk of price fluctuation and expire within three months from the date of acquisition.
- (g) Accounting treatment of beneficiary interest in trust accounts, including real estate For trust beneficiary interests in real estate, which are commonly utilized in the ownership of commercial properties in Japan and through which TOKYU REIT holds most of its property, all accounts of assets and liabilities within the trust, as well as all income generated and expenses incurred from assets and liabilities in the trust, are recognized in the balance sheet and income statement accounts.
- (h) Non-deductible consumption taxes Non-deductible consumption taxes related to fixed assets are recorded as long-term prepaid expenses and are amortized using the straight-line method over five years.
- (i) Accounting standard for impairment of fixed assets Effective August 1, 2005, TOKYU REIT adopted the "Accounting Standard for Impairment of Fixed Assets" ("Opinion Concerning Establishment of Accounting Standard for Impairment of Fixed Assets" issued by the Business Accounting Deliberation Council in Japan on August 9, 2002) and "Implementation Guidance for the Accounting Standard for Impairment of Fixed Assets" ("Financial Accounting Standard Implementation Guidance No. 6" issued by the Accounting Standards Board of Japan (ASBJ) on October 31, 2003). The standard requires the recognition of an impairment loss on fixed assets whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amounts of fixed assets may not be recoverable.
- (j) Accounting standard for asset retirement obligations Effective April 1, 2010, TOKYU REIT adopted the "Accounting Standard for Asset Retirement Obligations" (ASBJ Statement No. 18 issued on March 31, 2008) and "Guidance on Accounting Standard for Asset Retirement Obligations" (ASBJ Guidance No. 21 issued on March 31, 2008).

# TOKYU REIT, Inc. Notes to Financial Statements, continued

For the six months ended July 31, 2022 and January 31, 2022

## 3. Commitment line agreements

TOKYU REIT has commitment line agreements which provide credit facilities totaling \(\xi\)2,000 million with one financial institution, \(\xi\)8,000 million with one financial institution and \(\xi\)8,000 million with three financial institutions. Combined, commitment lines total \(\xi\)18,000 million with four financial institutions. No amount has been drawn down as of July 31, 2022.

#### 4. Reserve for reduction entry under special provisions for property replacement

The breakdown of the reserve for reduction entry under special provisions for property replacement as set forth in Article 2, Paragraph 2, Item 28 of the Regulation on Accountings of Investment Corporations is as follows:

Item	Breakdown		
Relevant properties	STYLIO FIT Musashikosugi, TOKYU REIT Shibuy. Miyashita Koen Building and Aoyama Oval Building		
Reason for recognition and amount	Gain on sales of ¥4,039 million due to sales of Shonan Mall Fill (land with leasehold interest) in August 2021 and Setagaya Business Square in December 2021		
Policy for reversal	Reversal into retained earnings is made in accordance wit tax regulations.		
Description of reversal in the period	Not applicable.		

	Amount as of July 31, 2022	Amount as of January 31, 2022
	(Millions	of yen)
Balance before provision or reversal in the period	¥ 3,209	¥ -
Reversal in the statements of income	-	<u>-</u>
Balance on the balance sheets	3,209	<u>-</u>
Provision in the statements of cash distributions	-	3,209
Reversal in the statements of cash distributions	-	<u>-</u>
Balance after provision or reversal in the period	¥ 3,209	¥ 3,209

#### 5. Unitholders' equity

TOKYU REIT issues investment units in accordance with the Investment Trust Law. All the proceeds from the issuance of new units are designated as share capital. TOKYU REIT maintains minimum net assets of at least \( \frac{1}{2} \)0 million as required by the Investment Trust Law.

**Notes to Financial Statements, continued** For the six months ended July 31, 2022 and January 31, 2022

## 6. Rental revenue and expense

Rental revenues and expenses for the six months ended July 31, 2022 and January 31, 2022 were as follows:

		For the six months ended	
	•	July 31, 2022	January 31, 2022
	•	(Millions	of yen)
Revenue from property leasing:			• ,
Rental revenue:			
Rent income		¥ 5,107	¥ 5,486
Common area charges		535	585
Parking lot revenue under monthly contract		130	154
Other rent income	_	281	322
Sub total		6,054	6,548
Other rental revenue:	·		
Incidental income		338	322
Other miscellaneous income		244	64
Sub total	·	582	386
Total revenue from property leasing	(a)	6,637	6,934
Rental service expenses:	•		
Utilities expenses		360	403
Subcontract expenses		395	441
Property management fees		165	177
Repairs and maintenance expenses		437	263
Property-related taxes		642	637
Insurance premium		7	8
Depreciation and amortization		820	955
Loss on disposal of property and equipment		3	13
Other	_	232	231
Total rental service expenses	(b)	3,065	3,131
Operating income from property leasing activities	(a)-(b)	¥ 3,571	¥ 3,803

#### Notes to Financial Statements, continued

For the six months ended July 31, 2022 and January 31, 2022

#### 7. Breakdown of gain on sales of real estate properties

Akasaka 4-chome Building (Tokyu Agency Inc. Head Office Building) was sold on March 31, 2022.

	For the six months ended		
	July 31, 2022	January 31, 2022	
	(Millions of yen)		
Revenue from sale of property	¥ 9,820	_	
Cost of property	8,263		
Other sales expenses	103		
Gain on sales of real estate properties	¥ 1,452		

OKI System Center (land with leasehold interest) was sold on February 25, 2022 (30% co-ownership interest) and December 24, 2021 (30% co-ownership interest).

	For the six months ended		
	July 31, 2022	January 31, 2022	
	(Millions	of yen)	
Revenue from sale of property	¥ 2,055	¥ 2,055	
Cost of property	1,432	1,432	
Other sales expenses	52	51	
Gain on sales of real estate properties	¥ 570	¥ 570	

Shonan Mall Fill (land with leasehold interest) was sold on August 2, 2021.

	For the six months ended		
	July 31, 2022	January 31, 2022	
	(Million	ns of yen)	
Revenue from sale of property	_	¥ 7,700	
Cost of property		7,026	
Other sales expenses		9	
Gain on sales of real estate properties		¥ 664	

Daikanyama Forum was sold on August 31, 2021.

	For the six months ended		
	July 31, 2022 January 31, 202		
	(Millions	of yen)	
Revenue from sale of property	_	¥ 4,250	
Cost of property		4,032	
Other sales expenses		125	
Gain on sales of real estate properties		¥ 91	

Setagaya Business Square was sold on December 1, 2021.

	For the six months ended			
	July 31, 2022 January 31, 2022			
	(Million	ns of yen)		
Revenue from sale of property	_	¥ 22,750		
Cost of property		18,661		
Other sales expenses		713		
Gain on sales of real estate properties		¥ 3,374		

# TOKYU REIT, Inc. Notes to Financial Statements, continued

For the six months ended July 31, 2022 and January 31, 2022

#### 8. Investment units authorized and investment units issued and outstanding

The total number of units authorized and the total number of units issued and outstanding for the six months ended July 31, 2022 and January 31, 2022 were as follows:

	For the six months ended		
	July 31, 2022	January 31, 2022	
Total number of units authorized	10,000,000 units	10,000,000 units	
Total number of units issued and outstanding	977,600 units	977,600 units	

#### 9. Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents as of July 31, 2022 and January 31, 2022 consisted of the following:

	July 31, 2022	January 31, 2022
	(Millions	s of yen)
Cash and deposits with banks	¥ 3,087	¥ 5,491
Cash and deposits with banks held in trust	2,082	1,987
Cash and cash equivalents	¥ 5,170	¥ 7,479

#### 10. Leases

TOKYU REIT leases its properties to tenants under non-cancelable operating leases. As of July 31, 2022 and January 31, 2022, the future lease revenues under the non-cancelable operating leases were as follows:

	July 31, 2022	January 31, 2022
	(Millions	of yen)
Due within one year	¥ 6,175	¥ 5,763
Due after one year	38,754	39,158
Total	¥ 44,929	¥ 44,922

As of July 31, 2022 and January 31, 2022, the future lease payments under the non-cancelable operating leases were as follows:

	July 31, 2022 January 3			
	(Millions of yen)			
Due within one year	¥ 237	¥ 237		
Due after one year	615	733		
Total	¥ 853	¥ 971		

#### Notes to Financial Statements, continued

For the six months ended July 31, 2022 and January 31, 2022

#### 11. Fair value of financial instruments

#### (a) Matters concerning status of financial instruments

#### (1) Policy for handling financial instruments

TOKYU REIT procures funds for asset acquisition or debt repayment, etc. through additional issuance of investment units, debt financing or issuance of investment corporation bonds. In the procurement of funds, TOKYU REIT adopts the financial policy of seeking maximization of unitholder value based on ensuring stability, flexibility and efficiency and also through reduction of funding costs, external growth and keeping expenditures at a minimum.

Concerning the investment management of surplus funds, while the scope of investment includes securities and monetary claims, considering safety, in principle, TOKYU REIT manages surplus funds in the form of deposits.

While derivative transactions may possibly be utilized for the purpose of hedging interest rate fluctuation risks, etc., TOKYU REIT adopts the policy of not engaging in speculative transactions. At present, TOKYU REIT does not engage in any derivative transactions.

#### (2) Description of financial instruments and associated risks, and risk management structure

At TOKYU REIT, the appropriateness and effectiveness of the risk management structure is regularly evaluated and enhanced by the investment management company. The following outlines the description of individual financial instruments and the associated risks, and the risk management structure.

Deposits are exposed to risks of failure of the financial institution holding the deposit and other credit risks, but the concerned risks are controlled by striving to diversify the financial institutions holding the deposit.

Funds from debts and investment corporation bonds are mainly used as funds for asset acquisition or debt repayment, etc. These funds are exposed to liquidity risk at the time of repayment, but the liquidity risk is controlled at TOKYU REIT through such measures as striving to maintain and strengthen the capacity to procure funds from the capital market via capital increases, securing several fund procurement sources and diversifying repayment deadlines, executing commitment line agreements which provide credit facilities totaling ¥18,000 million with TOKYU REIT's main financial institutions, and also preparing monthly fund management plans.

Debt with floating interest rates are exposed to interest rate fluctuation risks, but the impact of rising interest rate on TOKYU REIT operations is limited by keeping the LTV based on appraisal value (Note) at low levels, maintaining the ratio of debt that are long-term fixed-rate debt at high levels, and setting a procurement limit depending on the economic environment and financial environment, terms of lease agreements with tenants, asset holding period and other factors. Furthermore, derivative transactions (interest rate swap transactions) are available as a hedging instrument to avoid risks of rises in floating interest rates and to promote fixed interest payable.

Tenant leasehold and security deposits are deposits from tenants and are exposed to liquidity risks arising from tenants moving out of properties. The liquidity risk is controlled through such measures as preparing monthly fund management plans.

Note. [Interest-bearing liabilities + Security and guarantee deposits without reserved cash] ÷ [Total appraisal value at the end of the fiscal period or at the time of acquisition of specified assets] × 100

#### Notes to Financial Statements, continued

For the six months ended July 31, 2022 and January 31, 2022

#### (3) Supplementary explanation on matters concerning fair value of financial instruments

Certain assumptions are adopted in the calculation of the fair value of financial instruments and there may be cases where the value will vary when different assumptions are adopted.

#### (b) Matters concerning fair value of financial instruments

The following are the carrying amounts and fair value as of the end of the fiscal periods, and the differences between these amounts. Notes on "cash and deposits with banks" and "cash and deposits with banks held in trust" are omitted because these are settled within a short period of time and the fair value is thus approximately the same as the book value. Notes on "tenant receivables," "accounts payable," "tenant leasehold and security deposits" and "tenant leasehold and security deposits held in trust" are omitted because these accounts are immaterial.

		July 31, 2022			January 31, 2022								
			rrying nount	Fai	ir value	Differ	ence		nrrying mount	Fa	ir value	Diffe	rence
						(M	lillions	s of	yen)				
(1)	Investment corporation bonds due within one year	¥	3,000	¥	3,015	¥	15	¥	3,000	¥	3,035	¥	35
(2)	Long-term debt due within one year		7,200		7,242		42		11,600		11,620		20
(3)	Investment corporation bonds		5,000		4,756	(	243)		5,000		4,997		(2)
(4)	Long-term debt		77,800		77,742		(57)		74,800		74,940		140
	Liabilities total	¥	93,000	¥	92,756	¥ (	243)	¥	94,400	¥	94,594	¥	194

Note 1. Method of calculation of fair value of financial instruments.

#### **Liabilities**

(1) Investment corporation bonds due within one year; (3) Investment corporation bonds

The fair value of investment corporation bonds is calculated by discounting the sum total amount of principal and interest by the rate that takes into account the investment corporation bonds' remaining term and credit risks.

(2) Long-term debt due within one year; (4) Long-term debt

The fair value of long-term debt is calculated based on the method of discounting the sum total amount of principal and interest by the rate assumed as being applicable in the event of a new drawdown of a similar debt.

Note 2. Amount of repayment of investment corporation bonds and long-term debt scheduled to be due after balance sheet date.

		July 31, 2022			January 31, 2022	
	Investment corporation bonds	Long-term debt	Total	Investment corporation bonds	Long-term debt	Total
			(Millions	of yen)		
Within one year	¥ 3,000	¥ 7,200	¥ 10,200	¥ 3,000	¥ 11,600	¥ 14,600
Within two years, but over one year	-	10,500	10,500	-	10,500	10,500
Within three years, but over two years	-	10,000	10,000	-	7,500	7,500
Within four years, but over three years	-	9,200	9,200	-	11,500	11,500
Within five years, but over four years	-	11,300	11,300	-	4,700	4,700
Over five years	5,000	36,800	41,800	5,000	40,600	45,600

# TOKYU REIT, Inc. Notes to Financial Statements, continued

For the six months ended July 31, 2022 and January 31, 2022

#### 12. Income taxes

Income taxes are accounted for financial reporting purposes. The tax effect of temporary differences between the amount of assets and liabilities for financial statements and for income tax reporting is recognized as deferred taxes. Deferred tax assets are ¥20 thousand as of July 31, 2022. Deferred tax assets are ¥10 thousand as of January 31, 2022.

Income taxes in Japan applicable to TOKYU REIT consist of corporate income tax, enterprise tax and inhabitant tax. The following is a reconciliation between the statutory income tax rate in Japan and the effective tax rate reflected in the accompanying financial statements for the six months ended July 31, 2022 and January 31, 2022.

	July 31, 2022	January 31, 2022
Statutory income tax rate	31.46%	31.46%
Deductible cash distributions	(28.38)	(17.18)
Provision of reserve for reduction entry under special provisions for property replacement	-	(14.28)
Other	(3.06)	0.01
Effective tax rate	0.02%	0.01%

#### 13. Related party transactions

Kazuyoshi Kashiwazaki, who holds no voting units of TOKYU REIT, is Executive Director of TOKYU REIT and Representative Director & President and Chief Executive Officer of Tokyu REIM, has entered into an asset management agreement subject to the conditions set forth in TOKYU REIT's Articles of Incorporation with TOKYU REIT. The amount of management fees incurred for the six months ended July 31, 2022 and January 31, 2022 and payable due to asset manager as of then were as follows:

	July 31, 2022	January 31, 2022
	(Millio	ns of yen)
Asset management fees for the period	¥ 663	¥ 767
Management fees payable due to asset manager	317	420

#### Notes to Financial Statements, continued

For the six months ended July 31, 2022 and January 31, 2022

#### 14. Fair value of investment and rental properties

TOKYU REIT owns rental office properties, rental retail properties, rental residential properties and complexes that include any one of these (including land) primarily in Central Tokyo and Tokyu Areas (Note 1). The following are the carrying amount at the end of the fiscal period, change during the fiscal period and fair value at the end of the fiscal period for these investment and rental properties.

	For the six months ended			
	July 31, 2022	January 31, 2022		
	(Million	s of yen)		
Carrying amount (Note 2)				
Balance at beginning of period	¥ 217,976	¥ 230,620		
Change during the period (Note 3)	(256)	(12,643)		
Balance at end of period	¥ 217,720	¥ 217,976		
	As of July 31, 2022	As of January 31, 2022		
	(Millions of yen)			
Fair value at end of period (Note 4)	¥ 307,150	¥ 306,505		

#### Note 1. Area classification:

"Central Tokyo" is the five central Tokyo wards (Chiyoda, Chuo, Minato, Shinjuku and Shibuya wards) and other major commercial and retail districts of Tokyo (the areas surrounding Ikebukuro, Koraku, Ueno and other areas).

"Tokyu Areas" is the Tokyu rail network hub (Shibuya ward) and other Tokyu rail network areas (Tokyo (Shinagawa, Meguro, Setagaya and Ota wards, and Machida city); Yokohama city, Kanagawa prefecture (Kohoku, Kanagawa, Naka, Nishi, Midori, Aoba and Tsuzuki wards); Kawasaki city, Kanagawa prefecture (Nakahara, Takatsu and Miyamae wards); and Yamato city, Kanagawa prefecture). Shibuya ward is included in both Central Tokyo and Tokyu Areas. "Other" is other districts in the Tokyo Metropolitan Area, including Kanagawa, Saitama and Chiba prefectures (excluding the separately mentioned areas above).

- Note 2. The carrying amount is the acquisition price (including expenditures pertaining to the purchase) less accumulated depreciation.
- Note 3. Of the change during the six months ended July 31, 2022, the amount of increase is mainly attributable to the acquisition of Meguro Higashiyama Building (¥8,417 million), the extension of Tokyu Toranomon Building (¥1,602 million), and the replacement of equipment and commercialization work of Akasaka 4-chome Building (Tokyu Agency Inc. Head Office Building) and other capital expenditures (¥777 million), and the amount of decrease is mainly attributable to the disposition of Akasaka 4-chome Building (Tokyu Agency Inc. Head Office Building) (¥8,263 million) and 30% co-ownership interest in OKI System Center (land with leasehold interest) (¥1,432 million), depreciation and amortization (¥820 million), and the reversal of construction in progress for the extension of Tokyu Toranomon Building (¥555 million).

Of the change during the six months ended January 31, 2022, the amount of increase is mainly attributable to the acquisition of Aoyama Oval Building (¥18,629 million) and the replacement of air-conditioning equipment of Kojimachi Square and other capital expenditures (¥417 million), and the amount of decrease is mainly attributable to the disposition of 55% co-ownership interest of the trust beneficiary interest in Setagaya Business Square (¥18,661 million), 30% co-ownership interest in OKI System Center (land with leasehold interest) (¥1,432 million), Shonan Mall Fill (land with leasehold interest) (¥7,026 million) and trust beneficiary interest in Daikanyama Forum (¥4,032 million), and depreciation and amortization (¥954 million).

Note 4. The fair value as of July 31, 2022 shows the appraisal value as appraised by an independent real estate surveyor.

The fair value as of January 31, 2022 shows the disposition price in the case of the properties for which a disposition agreement has been concluded, and the appraisal value as appraised by an independent real estate surveyor in the case of the other properties.

The income (loss) in the six months ended July 31, 2022 and January 31, 2022 for investment and rental properties are as presented in "Rental revenue and expense" of the "Notes to Financial Statements."

#### Notes to Financial Statements, continued

For the six months ended July 31, 2022 and January 31, 2022

#### 15. Revenue recognition

#### (a) Information about disaggregation of revenue from contracts with customers

For information about disaggregation of revenue from contracts with customers, please refer to "Rental revenue and expense" and "Breakdown of gain on sales of real estate properties" in the "Notes to Financial Statements."

"Rental revenue and expense" includes revenue based on the "Accounting Standard for Lease Transactions" (ASBJ Statement No. 13). The main revenue from contracts with customers consists of revenue from sales of real estate properties and recoveries of utility charges ("Incidental income" of "Other rental revenue").

#### (b) Information as basis for understanding revenue from contracts with customers

The information is as presented in "Significant accounting policies" in the "Notes to Financial Statements."

# (c) Information for understanding the amount of revenue for the fiscal period under review and subsequent fiscal periods

#### (1) Balance, etc. of contract assets and contract liabilities

#### For the six months ended July 31, 2022

The nature of contract liabilities is advances received, such as deposits received from the counterparties in sales of real estate properties based on the sale and purchase agreements for the real estate properties (balance at the beginning of the period: ¥982 million).

Contract liabilities are reversed upon recognition of revenue.

The balance at the beginning of the period of ¥982 million was reversed during the period.

#### For the six months ended January 31, 2022

The nature of contract liabilities is advances received, such as deposits received from the counterparties in sales of real estate properties based on the sale and purchase agreements for the real estate properties (balance at the beginning of the period: ¥212 million; balance at the end of the period: ¥982 million).

Contract liabilities are reversed upon recognition of revenue.

The balance at the beginning of the period of ¥212 million was reversed during the period.

#### (2) Transaction price allocated to the remaining performance obligations

#### (i) Sales of real estate properties

#### For the six months ended July 31, 2022

Not applicable.

#### For the six months ended January 31, 2022

As of January 31, 2022, the total transaction price allocated to the remaining performance obligations in sales of real estate properties was the \$9,820 million on the real estate property for which a sale agreement was concluded on October 29, 2021. For the concerned remaining performance obligations, TOKYU REIT expects to recognize revenue upon the delivery of the concerned real estate property, which is planned for March 31, 2022.

#### (ii) Recoveries of utility charges

For recoveries of utility charges, as TOKYU REIT has a right to consideration from lessees (customers) in an amount that directly corresponds with the value to the customers of the portion of performance completed by the end of the period, revenue is recognized in the amount to which TOKYU REIT has the right to invoice in accordance with Paragraph 19 of the "Implementation Guidance on Accounting Standard for Revenue Recognition." Accordingly, through application of Paragraph 80-22 (2) of the "Accounting Standard for Revenue Recognition," the transaction price allocated to the remaining performance obligations is not included in the notes.

#### Notes to Financial Statements, continued

For the six months ended July 31, 2022 and January 31, 2022

#### 16. Segment and related information

#### [Segment information]

Disclosure of segment information is omitted because TOKYU REIT has a single segment—the Property Leasing Business.

#### [Related information]

#### (a) Information about products and services

Disclosure is omitted because net sales to external customers of a single products and services category account for over 90% of the operating revenues recorded in the statements of income.

#### (b) Information about geographical areas

#### (1) Operating revenues

Disclosure is omitted because operating revenues from external customers in Japan account for over 90% of the operating revenues recorded in the statements of income.

#### (2) Property and equipment

Disclosure is omitted because the amount of property and equipment located in Japan account for over 90% of the amount of property and equipment recorded in the balance sheets.

#### (c) Information about major customers

#### For the six months ended July 31, 2022

Party	Operating revenues	Name of related segment
	(Millions of yen)	
Related parties (Note)	¥ 751	Property Leasing Business

#### For the six months ended January 31, 2022

Party	Operating revenues	Name of related segment
	(Millions of yen)	
Related parties (Note)	¥ 1.121	Property Leasing Business

Note. "Related parties" refers to any entity that falls under the following (i) to (vii):

- (i) Tokyu Corporation
- (ii) A consolidated subsidiary of Tokyu Corporation
- (iii) A tokutei mokuteki kaisha (TMK) or special purpose entity (SPE) that was established based on the intention of Tokyu Corporation or a consolidated subsidiary of Tokyu Corporation and where the share of investment by undisclosed associations or other investment shares in that entity by the respective company exceeds 50%.
- (iv) Affiliates within the scope of consolidation of Tokyu Corporation
- (v) Tokyu Fudosan Holdings Corporation ("Tokyu Fudosan Holdings")
- (vi) A consolidated subsidiary of Tokyu Fudosan Holdings
- (vii) A tokutei mokuteki kaisha (TMK) or special purpose company (SPC) that was established based on the intention of Tokyu Fudosan Holdings or a consolidated subsidiary of Tokyu Fudosan Holdings and where the share of investment by undisclosed associations or other investment shares in that entity by the respective company exceeds 50%.

# TOKYU REIT, Inc. Notes to Financial Statements, continued

For the six months ended July 31, 2022 and January 31, 2022

#### 17. Per unit information

The following table summarizes the net income per unit for the six months ended July 31, 2022 and January 31, 2022 and the unitholders' equity per unit as of July 31, 2022 and January 31, 2022.

	For the six r	For the six months ended			
	July 31, 2022	January 31, 2022			
Net income per unit	¥ 4,438	¥ 7,233			
	As of July 31, 2022	As of January 31, 2022			
Unitholders' equity per unit	¥ 122,276	¥ 121,787			

Net income per unit is computed by dividing net income by the weighted-average number of units outstanding during each period.

Diluted net income per unit is not presented since neither warrants nor convertible bonds were issued during the six months ended July 31, 2022 and January 31, 2022.

Note. The basis for calculating net income per unit is as follows:

_	For the six months ended				
	July 31, 2022	January 31, 2022			
	(Millions	of yen)			
Net income	¥ 4,339	¥ 7,071			
Amount not available to ordinary unitholders	-	-			
Net income available to ordinary unitholders	¥ 4,339	¥ 7,071			
Weighted-average number of units	977,600 units	977,600 units			

#### Notes to Financial Statements, continued

For the six months ended July 31, 2022 and January 31, 2022

#### 18. Subsequent events

The following events occurred after the end of the 38th fiscal period of TOKYU REIT.

#### ① Acquisition of assets

The following acquisition of assets were decided on September 14, 2022. The acquisition take place on January 31, 2023.

(i) Type of asset: Domestic real estate(ii) Property name: Futako Tamagawa Rise

(iii) Acquisition price (Note 1): \$\ \text{\tiket{\texi{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\texi{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\texi{\text{\texi{\texi{\texi{\text{\texi{\tiri\tiri\tinz{\texi{\texi{\texi{\texi{\texi{\texi{\texi{\texi{\texi{

(vi) Seller: TOKYU LAND CORPORATION (vii) Financing: Debt financing and cash on hand

Note 1. 'Acquisition price' is the amount exclusive of the expenses required for acquisition of the asset (property-related taxes, etc.).

Note2. The purchase and sale agreement concerning the Acquisition falls within forward commitments, etc. by investment corporations as defined in the Comprehensive Guidelines for Supervision of Financial Instruments Business Operators, Etc. set forth by the Financial Services Agency. The overview of the provisions regarding the penalty stipulated in the purchase and sale agreement for the Transaction is as follows.

When either party violates the agreed matters (including but not limited to provisions of representations and warranties.) stipulated in the purchase and sale agreement for the Transaction and such violation results in failure of achieving the purpose of the said purchase and sale agreement, the counterparty may cancel the said purchase and sale agreement before the completion of the Transaction. If such violation is due to reasons attributable to the violating party, the counterparty with a right to cancel the agreement may demand that the violating party pay a penalty in the amount equivalent to 5% of the purchase/sales price in the said purchase and sale agreement within 30 days of the cancellation of said purchase and sale agreement. TOKYU REIT plans to allocate borrowings and cash on hand to the acquisition funds of the Property. However, as of the date of this document, it is believed that there are no concerns over the acquisition of the Property and that there will be no material impact on the financial status, etc. even if a penalty will be paid, in light of the cash and deposits held by TOKYU REIT, cash flow of TOKYU REIT and the credit limit for the commitment line agreement which has already been arranged. Therefore, TOKYU REIT believes that the acquisition of the Property is unlikely to have a material impact on its financial status and payment of distribution, etc.

#### Notes to Financial Statements, continued

For the six months ended July 31, 2022 and January 31, 2022

#### ② Issuance of investment corporation bonds (Green Bonds)

Based on the "information on the engagement of underwriters for investment corporation bond offerings" at the meeting of the Board of Directors of TOKYU REIT held on November 26, 2021, investment corporation bonds were issued on October 14, 2022, and payments for such have been completed.

Name: TOKYU REIT, Inc. 9th Series Unsecured Investment Corporation Bond

(Ranks pari passu in right of payment with certain investment

corporation bonds) (Green bonds)

Total issue amount: ¥3,000 million

Issue price: Nominal par value of each bond: ¥100 per ¥100 Redemption value: Nominal par value of each bond: ¥100 per ¥100

Annual interest rate: 0.360%

Security/Guarantee: Unsecured and unguaranteed

Maturity date: The entire amount will be redeemed on October 14, 2027.

The investment corporation bonds may be redeemed at any time from the day following the payment date, unless determined otherwise by

Japan Securities Depository Center, Incorporated.

Interest payment dates: April 14 and October 14 every year

Underwriters: Mizuho Securities Co., Ltd.

Use of funds: The funds were allocated as part of funds for the repayment of the 3rd

Unsecured Investment Corporation Bonds due for repayment on

October 21, 2022.

## TOKYU REIT, Inc. Supplementary Schedules

As of July 31, 2022 and January 31, 2022

# 1. Schedule of property and equipment and intangible assets

Property and equipment and intangible assets as of July 31, 2022 and January 31, 2022 consisted of the following:

		July 31, 2022		January 31, 2022		
•		Accumulated	Net		Accumulated	Net
	Balance	depreciation	balance	Balance	depreciation	balance
·			(Millions	of yen)		
Property and equipment						
Buildings and structures						
Buildings	¥ 17,380	¥ (5,658)	¥ 11,721	¥ 14,939	¥ (5,376)	¥ 9,563
Structures	215	(92)	122	192	(87)	104
Land	68,011	` <u>´</u>	68,011	61,868	` _	61,868
Other tangible assets						
Machinery and equipment	179	(102)	76	108	(102)	5
Tools, furniture and fixtures	128	(80)	47	95	(79)	16
Construction in progress	12	_	12	555	· <u>-</u>	555
Property and equipment held in true	st					
Buildings and structures						
Buildings	32,382	(14,795)	17,586	33,650	(15,013)	18,637
Structures	335	(230)	105	338	(225)	112
Land	119,930	· <del>-</del>	119,930	126,993	· <u>-</u>	126,993
Other tangible assets						
Machinery and equipment	962	(894)	68	1,043	(960)	83
Tools, furniture and fixtures	271	(237)	33	271	(241)	29
Construction in progress	3	_	3	4	_	4
Sub total	239,813	(22,093)	217,720	240,062	(22,086)	217,976
Intangible assets						
Intangible assets	10	(10)	0	10	(9)	1
Intangible assets held in trust	12	(11)	0	12	(11)	0
Sub total	22	(22)	0	22	(21)	1
Total	¥ 239,836	¥ (22,115)	¥ 217,721	¥ 240,085	¥ (22,107)	¥ 217,978

# TOKYU REIT, Inc. Supplementary Schedules, continued

As of July 31, 2022 and January 31, 2022

#### 2. Investment corporation bonds

The status of investment corporation bonds issued and outstanding as of July 31, 2022 and January 31, 2022 were as follows:

Name	Issue date	Balance as of July 31, 2022	Decrease during the period	Balance as of January 31, 2022	Annual interest rate	Maturity date	Use of proceeds	Remark
		M	illions of y	en	%			
3rd Series Unsecured Investment Corporation Bond	October 22, 2012	¥ 3,000	¥ —	¥ 3,000	1.47000	October 21, 2022		Unsecured/ Unguaranteed (Notes 1 and 2)
6th Series Unsecured Investment Corporation Bond	October	1,000	_	1,000	0.54000	October 24, 2029	Repayment	
7th Series Unsecured Investment Corporation Bond	24, 2019	1,000	_	1,000	1.00000	October 24, 2039	of debt financing	Unsecured/ Unguaranteed (Note 1)
8th Series Unsecured Investment Corporation Bond	October 29, 2020	3,000	_	3,000	0.51000	October 29, 2030		
Total		¥ 8,000	¥ –	¥ 8,000				

- Note 1. These bonds rank pari passu in right of payment with certain investment corporation bonds.
- Note 2. As of the end of the fiscal period, the amounts are recorded in the balance sheets as 'Investment corporation bonds due within one year' under 'Current liabilities.'
- Note 3. The total amount of bonds due for redemption within five years of the date of the balance sheet and expected to be repaid by specific year(s) is as follows:

	Within one year	Within two years, but over one year	Within three years, but over two years	Within four years, but over three years	Within five years, but over four years
	Millions of yen				
Investment corporation bonds	¥ 3,000	¥ -	¥ —	¥ —	¥ —

#### 3. Short-term debt and long-term debt

Short-term debt and long-term debt as of July 31, 2022 and January 31, 2022 consisted of the following:

	Category	Balance as of July 31, 2022	Increase during the period	Decrease during the period	Balance as of January 31, 2022	Average interest rate (Note 1)	Maturity date	Use of funds	Remark
	Lender		Million	s of yen		%			
٦ ا	Mizuho Bank, Ltd.	¥ –	¥ 200	¥ 200	¥ –				Unsecured
t-term	MUFG Bank, Ltd.	_	400	400	_	0.42057	April 1, 2022	(Note 4)	and Unguaran -teed
Shor	Sumitomo Mitsui Trust Bank, Limited	_	1,400	1,400	_				(Note 2)
	Sub total	_	2,000	2,000	_				

# TOKYU REIT, Inc. Supplementary Schedules, continued As of July 31, 2022 and January 31, 2022

	Category Lender	Balance as of July 31, 2022	Increase during the period Million	Decrease during the period	Balance as of January 31, 2022	Average interest rate (Note 1)	Maturity date	Use of funds	Remark
		1 500	TVIIIIOII.	or yen	1 500	/0			Unsecured
	Mizuho Trust & Banking Co., Ltd.  Development Bank of Japan Inc.	1,500 1,000	_	_	1,500	1.91375	June 27, 2023		and Unguaran -teed (Notes 2
	Development Bank of Japan Inc.	5,000	_	_	5,000	1.57750	February 25, 2024		and 3)
	Development Bank of Japan Inc.	5,000	_	_	5,000	1.26125	June 25, 2025		Unsecured and
	Shinkin Central Bank	_	_	2,000	2,000	0.00000	July		Unguaran -teed (Note 2)
	Sumitomo Mitsui Trust Bank, Limited	_	_	2,000	2,000	0.99000	27, 2022		(11010 2)
	Mizuho Bank, Ltd.	1,700	_	_	1,700	0.89250	November 11, 2022		Unsecured
	Daido Life Insurance Company	500	_	_	500	0.85875	December 25, 2022		and Unguaran
	Daido Life Insurance Company	1,500	_	_	1,500	0.57130	March 10, 2023		-teed (Notes 2
	MUFG Bank, Ltd.	500	_	_	500	0.45630	June 27, 2023		and 3)
	Sumitomo Mitsui Trust Bank, Limited	_	_	2,000	2,000	0.56093	May		
jt	Sumitomo Mitsui Trust Bank, Limited	_	_	1,000	1,000	0.55529	25, 2022		
rm de	Sumitomo Mitsui Trust Bank, Limited	1,000	_	_	1,000	0.62116	November 25, 2023	Refinance	Unsecured and
Long-term debt	Mizuho Bank, Ltd.	2,000	_	_	2,000	0.61773	December 27, 2023	fund	Unguaran -teed (Note 2)
Ĭ	The Norinchukin Bank	1,000	_	_	1,000	0.63573	January 25, 2024		
	Development Bank of Japan Inc.	5,000	_	_	5,000	0.90880	January 25, 2028		
	Nippon Life Insurance Company	500	_	_	500	0.58000	July 31, 2023		Unsecured and Unguaran -teed (Notes 2 and 3)
	MUFG Bank, Ltd.	2,500	_	_	2,500	0.62827	September 26, 2024		,
	MUFG Bank, Ltd.	2,500	_	_	2,500	0.65250	March 26, 2025		
	Nippon Life Insurance Company	1,500	_	_	1,500	0.60000	October 10, 2023		
	MUFG Bank, Ltd.	500	_	_	500	0.68569	December 25, 2025	-	Unsecured and
	The Dai-ichi Life Insurance Company, Limited	2,000	_	_	2,000	0.90260	July 31, 2028		Unguaran -teed (Note 2)
	Mizuho Bank, Ltd.	1,700	_	_	1,700	0.72652	May 12, 2026		(INOTE 2)
	The Norinchukin Bank	3,000			3,000	0.60380	January 28, 2027		
	MUFG Bank, Ltd.	2,000	_	_	2,000	0.56116	May 27, 2027		

# TOKYU REIT, Inc. Supplementary Schedules, continued As of July 31, 2022 and January 31, 2022

	Category	Balance as of July 31, 2022	during the period	Decrease during the period	Balance as of January 31, 2022	Average interest rate (Note 1)	Maturity date	Use of funds	Remark
	Lender	. =	Million	s of yen		%			
	MUFG Bank, Ltd.	1,500	_	_	1,500	0.46789	June		
	MUFG Bank, Ltd.	400	_	_	400	0.48124	28, 2027		
	Sumitomo Mitsui Trust Bank, Limited	400	_	_	400	0.50641			
	MUFG Bank, Ltd.	1,400	_	_	1,400	0.46876	February		
	MUFG Bank, Ltd.	2,000			2,000	0.55395	29, 2028		
	Mizuho Bank, Ltd.	500	_	_	500	0.64089	December 25, 2028	Refinance	
	The Dai-ichi Life Insurance Company, Limited	1,000	_	_	1,000	0.82000	January 27, 2032	fund	
	MUFG Bank, Ltd.	1,500	_	_	1,500	0.60137	December 25, 2028		
	Development Bank of Japan Inc.	4,000	_	_	4,000	0.67380	June 25, 2030		
	Mitsui Sumitomo Insurance Co., Ltd.	500	_	_	500	0.49250	June 29, 2027		
	The Norinchukin Bank	500	_	_	500	0.55000	June 29, 2028		
	Mizuho Trust & Banking Co., Ltd.	_	_	2,400	2,400	0.28727	February 25, 2022	(Note 4)	
debt	Sumitomo Mitsui Trust Bank, Limited	2,700	_	_	2,700	0.53896	December 25, 2028		Unsecured
term (	MUFG Bank, Ltd.	2,000	_	_	2,000	0.57127	June 25, 2029		and Unguaran
Long-term	Sumitomo Mitsui Trust Bank, Limited	2,700	_	_	2,700	0.59776	December 25, 2029		-teed (Note 2)
	Mitsui Sumitomo Insurance Co., Ltd.	1,000	_	_	1,000	0.48880	June 25, 2028		
	Mizuho Bank, Ltd.	1,000	_	_	1,000	0.66140	June 25, 2030		
	The Dai-ichi Life Insurance Company, Limited	1,000	_	_	1,000	0.47000	July 31, 2028		
	Nippon Life Insurance Company	500	_	_	500	0.61130	July 30, 2030		
	The Dai-ichi Life Insurance Company, Limited	1,500	_	_	1,500	0.78000	July 29, 2033	Refinance fund	
	Mizuho Bank, Ltd.	800	_	_	800	0.64577			
	MUFG Bank, Ltd.	1,600	_	_	1,600	0.63943	April 22, 2029		
	Sumitomo Mitsui Trust Bank, Limited	1,600	_	_	1,600	0.64830	-		
	Sumitomo Mitsui Trust Bank, Limited	3,500	_	_	3,500	0.51005	December 27, 2025		
	Nippon Life Insurance Company	1,500	_	_	1,500	0.60055	July 31, 2027		
	Mizuho Trust & Banking Co., Ltd.	500	500	_	_	0.56880	February 25, 2026		
	Mizuho Trust & Banking Co., Ltd.	500	500	_	_	0.78815	February 25, 2030		

# TOKYU REIT, Inc. Supplementary Schedules, continued

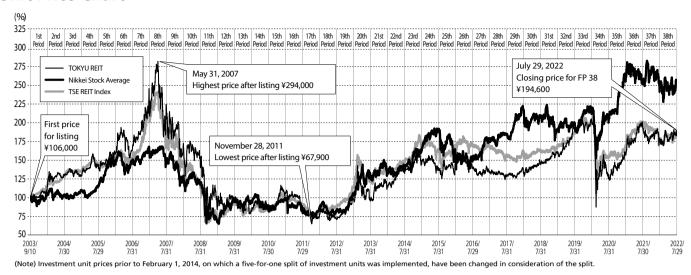
As of July 31, 2022 and January 31, 2022

	Category	Balance as of July 31, 2022	Increase during the period	Decrease during the period	Balance as of January 31, 2022	Average interest rate (Note 1)	Maturity date	Use of funds	Remark
	Lender		Millions	s of yen		%			
debt	Sumitomo Mitsui Trust Bank, Limited	3,000	3,000		_	0.62630	May 25, 2026		Unsecured
term de	Sumitomo Mitsui Trust Bank, Limited	2,000	2,000		_	0.62329	January 27, 2027	Refinance fund	and Unguaran -teed
1 1	Shinkin Central Bank	2,000	2,000		_	0.77489	January 27, 2030		(Note 2)
	Sub total	85,000	8,000	9,400	86,400				
	Total	¥ 85,000	¥ 10,000	¥ 11,400	¥ 86,400				

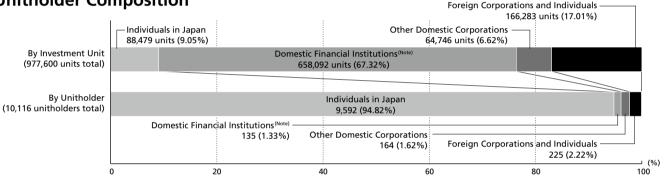
- Note 1. 'Average interest rate' is the weighted average interest rate during the period.
- Note 2. Depending on the financial position of TOKYU REIT, additional interest rates, additional cash reserves, asset acquisition and disposition restrictions, debt burden and payment restrictions, dividend restrictions, offering of additional pledge and other financial covenants may apply.
- Note 3. As of the end of the fiscal period, the amounts are recorded in the balance sheets as 'Long-term debt due within one year' under 'Current liabilities.'
- Note 4. The funds are for acquisition of property and for expenditures pertaining to the acquisition.
- Note 5. The total amount of long-term debt repayable within five years of the date of the balance sheet and expected to be repaid by specific year(s) is as follows:

	Within one year	Within two years, but over one year	Within three years, but over two years	Within four years, but over three years	Within five years, but over four years	
			Millions of yen			
Long-term debt	¥ 7,200	¥ 10,500	¥ 10,000	¥ 9,200	¥ 11,300	

## Unit Price Chart (Note)



# Unitholder Composition



(Note) Domestic Financial Institutions include financial instruments dealers.

# Results Reporting Schedule

	Ended Jul. 2022 (FP 38)	Ending Jan. 2023 (FP 39)
Date of settlement	Jul. 31, 2022	Jan. 31, 2023
Announcement of financial results	Sep. 14, 2022	Mid. Mar. 2023

	Ended Jul. 2022 (FP 38)	Ending Jan. 2023 (FP 39)
Delivery of investment management report (Japanese only)	Oct. 14, 2022	Mid. Apr. 2023
Payment of cash distributions	Oct. 17, 2022	Mid. Apr. 2023

## Concerning the distribution of analyst-oriented presentation materials, etc.

Every fiscal period, **TOKYU RELT** conducts an analyst-oriented explanatory meeting which is held by the investment management company on the next business day after the announcement of results. The presentation materials, etc. used at the explanatory meetings are posted on **TOKYU RELT**'s website (www.tokyu-reit.co.jp/eng/), but for unitholders that are not able to view the website we will consider sending the presentation materials, etc. used at the explanatory meeting. Unitholders that wish to receive these materials should contact the investment management company listed below by mail or fax. When contacting the company please include your unitholder number which can be found in the enclosed "distributions statement."

#### Tokyu Real Estate Investment Management Inc.

Shibuya Mark City West Bldg. 11F 1-12-1, Dogenzaka, Shibuya-ku, Tokyo 150-0043 Fax: +81-3-5489-1633

<sup>\*</sup>The ratio is rounded to two decimal places.

<sup>\*</sup> The investment management company will cover postal fees.

<sup>\*</sup> If there are any questions please contact us at +81-3-5428-5828.



#### **Address**

1-12-1, Dogenzaka, Shibuya-ku, Tokyo 150-0043, Japan

#### Established

June 20, 2003

#### **Executive Director**

Kazuyoshi Kashiwazaki

#### **Supervisory Directors**

Maruhito Kondo

Takashi Aikawa

### **Independent Auditor**

PricewaterhouseCoopers Aarata LLC

1-1-1, Otemachi, Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo 100-0004, Japan

#### **Date of Settlement**

Annually on January 31 and July 31

#### Unitholders' General Meeting

More than once every two years

# Date for Finalizing General Meeting Voting Rights

As designated under Article 12 of the by-laws

# Newspaper for Posting Public Announcements

The Nikkei (Nihon Keizai Shimbun)

# Date for Determining Cash Distribution Payments

Annually on January 31 and July 31

(Cash distributions paid within three months of each date)

# The Administrator of the Register of Unitholders

Mitsubishi UFJ Trust and Banking Corporation

1-4-5, Marunouchi, Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo 100-8212, Japan

#### Transfer Agent Head Business Office

Mitsubishi UFJ Trust and Banking Corporation

Corporate Agency Division

1-4-5, Marunouchi, Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo 100-8212, Japan

#### Contact

Mitsubishi UFJ Trust and Banking Corporation

Corporate Agency Division

1-1 Nikko-cho, Fuchu-shi

Tokyo 183-0044, Japan

#### **Address**

Mitsubishi UFJ Trust and Banking Corporation

Shin-Tokyo Post Office, PO box No.29,

Tokyo 137-8081, Japan

Tel: 0120-232-711 (toll free number: Japan only)

#### Listing

Tokyo Stock Exchange (8957)

#### Distributions

#### The Time Limit for Claiming Cash Distributions

The Articles of Incorporation of **TOKYU REIT** stipulates that the time limit for claiming cash distributions shall be three years from the date on which payment commenced, at which point the right of unitholders to receive cash distributions that remain unclaimed shall be annulled.

The date on which payment commenced for fiscal period ended January 2020 (FP 33) is on April 15, 2020 and for fiscal period ended July 2020 (FP 34) is on October 15, 2020.

# Investment Management Company

Tokyu Real Estate Investment Management Inc. TEL: +81-3-5428-5828

Financial Instruments Dealer (Kanto Financial Bureau (Kin-sho) No. 360) / Member of the Investment Trusts Association, Japan

#### Disclaimer

This Semiannual Report is, in principle, an English translation of the Japanese report on TOKYU REIT's investment management published every six months.

This translation is prepared and provided for the readers' convenience.

All readers are recommended to refer to the original version in Japanese of the report for complete and accurate information.

- For further information please visit the **TOKYU REIT** website at (www.tokyu-reit.co.jp/eng/).
- The information in this report without description of dates is as of July 31, 2022.

